

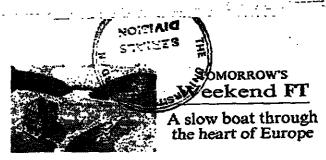
apan tomorrow



Can it last? The London stock market surge

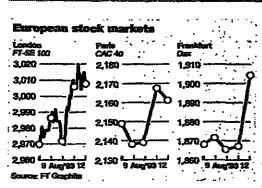


Step by step French monetary policy after the crisis



FINANCIAL TIMES

FRIDAY AUGUST 13 1993



London stock market holds on to new record

A buoyant London stock market yesterday held on to its newly-established peak levels - but only just. By the close, the FT-SE 100 Index was 3 points up on the day at 3,009.1, a new closing high. In Frankfurt, the Dax index broke 1,900 to close 39.15 points higher at 1,904.95. The Paris bourse ended weaker after setting a record intra-day high, with dealers blaming profit-taking as the CAC-40 index closed 5.52 lower at 2,161.87 after an earlier peak of 2,179.04. London stocks, Page 25; World stocks, Page 36; Peril of losing touch with the real world, Page 13

Yeltsin piedges autumn elections: Russian President Boris Yeltsin vowed to hold fresh parliamentary elections in the autumn, even if this meant violating the constitution, in a effort to break the deadlock over political and economic reform. Page 12

UBS net income rises 89%: Union Bank of Switzerland, one of the world's strongest commercial banks, has reported an 89 per cent jump in net income to SFr1.29bn (\$840m) in the first half. Page 13; Observer, Page 11

Prosecutors may recall witnesses: Public prosecutors investigating industrial spying and theft allegations against Volkswagen employees may recall witnesses for further questioning, following reports that data belonging to Adam Opel, the German subsidiary of General Motors. may have been punched into VW computers. Page 2; Letters, Page 10

Japan SDP leader offers to resign: The Social Democratic party, the biggest member of Japan's new seven-party ruling coalition, entered a potentially divisive period of soul-searching when Sadao Yamahana offered to resign as leader.

Ford-Werke, the German subsidiary of the US vehicles group, refused to comment on reports in the industry newsletter, PS Report, that its horn chairman . be replaced by a German, Albert Caspers.

US wholesale prices fall: US wholesale prices fell for the second month running in July, indicating that the sluggish economic recovery is generating little or no upward pressure on inflation, the Labour Department reported. Page 4

Canadians firm over Nafta: Canada's business community backed the Ottawa government's refusal to include trade sanctions in the side-deals on labour and the environment being negotiated as part of the North American free trade agreement

UK pits face closure: British Coal, the state-run corporation, wants to close up to half its 30 working pits within eight months after an investigation which suggested only about a dozen pits have a long-term future. Page 5

Pilkington sells stake to Japan: Pilkington, the UK glassmaker, is selling a 20 per cent stake in Triplex Safety Glass, its UK automotive glass subsidiary, to Nippon Sheet Glass of Japan for £13.3m (\$19.5m). Pilkington shares rose 5p to 149p.

RTZ plan threatened: RTZ Corporation's \$108m plan to reduce its shareholding in the Lihir gold project in Papua New Guinea - the largest known gold deposit outside South Africa - is under threat from the PNG government. Page 13

Lufthansa returns to the black: Lufthansa, the German national airline, returned to the black in the second quarter with a small pre-tax profit of DM24m (\$13.9m) as its cost-cutting programme started to show results. Page 14

Venezuela: The Venezuelan congress has granted President Ramon J. Velasquez special powers until the end of this year to introduce a series

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Japan's PM urges action to calm markets

Yen surge prompts fears of further damage to economy

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo and Stephanie Flanders

MR Morihiro Hosokawa, Japan's new prime minister, yesterday called for international intervention to calm currency markets after the yen closed at a Tokyo record of Y103.37 to the dollar, up from Y103.77 a day earlier.

The yea's recent surge has prompted concern in the new coalition government that an already weakened Japanese economy will suffer further damage because of the sudden fluctua-

Mr Hosokawa's call follows suggestions in recent months by Pinance Ministry officials that the US should intervene to halt the yen's rise, particularly as comments by US government officials had sparked an earlier bout of appreciation.

However. US officials have indicated that, while not in favour of sudden movements, they believe yen appreciation will assist in cutting Japan's widening trade surplus.

Mr Hosokawa did not indicate how he expected the international intervention to be organised. Over the past few years, the Japanese central bank and US Federal Reserve have intervened exchange movements, with mixed success.

The last large-scale concerted intervention outside of the European exchange rate mechanism occurred in August 1992, when 15 central banks bought dollars to halt the dollar's decline.

Mr Hosokawa emphasised that the value of the yen, which strengthened further in London,

SHARES in Ferruzzi Finanz-

iaria (Ferfin), Italy's second-

biggest private company, col-

lapsed on the Milan bourse yes-

terday as investors tried to put a

value on the debt-laden group's

Trading closed at L299. Ferfin's

shares last traded at LA17.80 on

Monday before being suspended

in advance of plans to slash the

nominal share price to L5 from

L1,000. Yesterday's official price.

hased on the day's average, was 1.221.40, after the shares opened

at L101 to establish a trading

the group, which had total borrowings of L28.838bn (\$17.83bn) at

the end of May, were told a res-cue package, expected later this

month, would not be unveiled

Ferfin's share price has per-

plexed even hardened professionals on the volatile Milan bourse.

Although large writedowns in

the nominal value of shares are

not unknown - it has happened twice in the past 20 years to the

Montedison industrial group,

now controlled by Ferfin - there

has never been a writedown on

Representatives of the country's leading shareholders' associ-

ation told members to hold on to

their stock, in spite of the selling

wave. The gap between supply

and demand meant it took 90

minutes for an opening price to

World Trade News .

until mid-September

Separately, bank creditors to

equity.

Ferfin share price

collapses in Milan

did not reflect the true state of the Japanese economy and appeared to be the result of speculation. Since the end of last year, the yen has appreciated by 17 per cent, and Mr Hosokawa, who took office on Monday, has faced calls for action from Japanese business leaders, who had expected that the yen would weaken this month.

Japan SDP leader offers to Page 3 Unwelcome gifts for the new

The strengthening, which has

come in spite of daily intervention this week by the Bank of Japan, is putting extreme pressure on export-oriented manufacturers, suffering from a decline in domestic demand and now facing higher price tags abroad. A senior economist at the

Japan Development Bank said yesterday the yen's strength would encourage Japanese manufacturers to increase their production output in east Asia, slowing domestic capital expenditure and leading to job losses.

While the negative effects of the yen's movement have been quickly felt by Japanese compa-Economic Planning Agency has found that only 43.9 per cent of respondents say that the currency's appreciation has led to lower prices for imported goods.

The respondents, 96.7 per cent of the 4.061 people surveyed by the government agency, said they would prefer discounts on every day goods rather than on luxury imported items.

be set. The crisis began in late

May, when the company revealed that total borrowings had risen

to about L31,000bn at the end of

1992. A five-member committee of

bank creditors, called in by the

Ferruzzi family and Ferfin's for-

mer managers, uncovered a

range of financial irregularities,

leading to a sharp upwards revision of Ferfin's and Montedison's

Separately, arrests by magis-

trates investigating the 18-month

political corruption scandal found Montedison had allegedly

paid kickbacks of about L135bn

to politicians during the former

Enimont chemicals joint venture

with the state-owned Eni group.

called for an investigation into

why Fertin, which allegedly ran a

separate set of books, was not

more strictly supervised. The

association wants to know why

the three independent representa-

tives at the company, required under Italian law, were unaware

Shareholders have also critic-

ised Price Waterhouse, Ferfin's auditors, which certified its 1992

accounts. In June, Price Water-

house withdrew its certification when signs of alleged fraud

emerged. Consob, the companies and stock market watchdog, has

also been attacked for not acting

sooner.

CONTENTS:

of the alleged irregularities.

The small savers' association

France's reserves hit by attempt to back franc

By John Ridding in Paris, James Blitz in London and Quentin Peel

THE Bank of France has been left with a substantial net deficit in its foreign currency reserves as a result of its attempts to keep the franc inside the European: exchange rate mechanism at the end of last month.

Figures issued yesterday by Bank of France showed that the almost FFr190bn (\$32.25bn) in the week to August 5. The central bank was left with a deficit of more than FFr180bn in its foreign The franc slipped against the

D-Mark yesterday after the central bank figures were issued. The Danish krone also fell sharply against the D-Mark amid signs that Denmark also needed to replenish its foreign exchange

reserves in the wake of the ERM The drain on French reserves will have been due almost entirely to the central bank's intervention in the currency markets to try to keep the franc

against the D-Mark. On July 29 alone, the day the franc first fell to its ERM floor against the D-Mark, economists estimate the central bank spent more than the FFr160bn used to defend the franc in its previous crises in January this year and September 1992.

The total amount of reserves used by the French authorities in the recent crisis is estimated to exceed FFr305bn.

The French authorities have tried to maintain the value of the franc against the D-Mark by maintaining high short-term lending rates in their domestic money market.

The franc closed yesterday at FFr3.514 against the D-Mark, about a third of a centime down on the day. But at one stage, the currency was being bought at The reserves data helped to

explain France's cautious approach to reducing interest tuation bands within the currency system on August 2.

Economists said that if the French authorities were to lower interest rates, the currency could fall against the D-Mark - but the central bank would have no reserves with which to support the exchange rate through cur

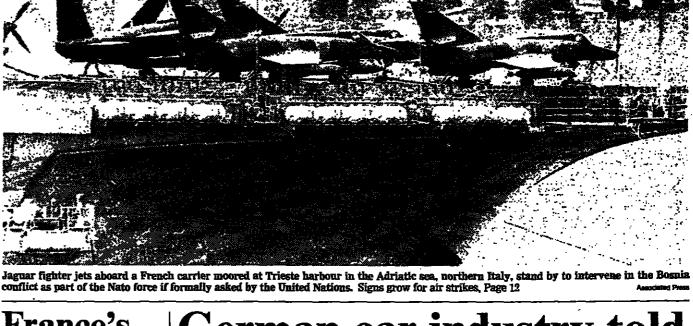
Share information _28,27,36

Tractional Outlans

London SE

The krone came under even heavier selling pressure inside Lex, Page 12

Continued on Page 12 Currencies, second section Ferfin shareholders feel the breeze, Page 14



German car industry told it must shed 100,000 jobs side Germany to supply trans-plant factories.

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

THE GERMAN automotive industry must shed a further 100,000 jobs and cut costs by between 20 and 30 per cent in the next two years if it is to survive, according to Mr Achim Diekmann, chief executive of the VDA motor industry association.

If vehicle and component makers did not regain competitive ness quickly they would disappear, he said

The association could see no signs of recovery. German car output was expected to drop by 18 per cent this year, compared with forecasts last winter of a 10 This implies a slump from

record production of 4.86m cars in 1992 to about 4m. The industry's expectations had been based on hopes of recovery in France and Italy, but

new registrations in the first seven months of this year have dropped by 24 per cent in Italy and 17 per cent in France.

German sales, originally expected to fall 20 per cent, are down almost 25 per cent so far. In an interview with a German news

agency, Mr Diekmann warned that the domestic market would be hit again in early 1994 by a 15 pfennigs a litre increase in petrol This, the third increase within

a short time, had come at precisely the wrong moment for the motor industry, he added. German vehicle and component makers had already cut 95,000 jobs in the two years to the end

of June and were halfway towards the optimum workforce, Mr Diekmann said. Extra demand from the former East Germany had disguised the underlying downwards trend and

delayed introduction of structhis year, when German factories produced 2.1m motor vehicles of

all types, a further 1m bearing German brands were manufac-Plans by BMW and Mercedes to open factories in the US and

Volkswagen's projected doubling of capacity in China foreshadow an acceleration in this trend. industry officials noted. At the same time, German

components manufacturers are

increasingly using capacity out-

Mr Diekmann named no companies, but his opinions clearly matched those of Volkswagen,

currently embroiled in a spying controversy with Opel, German subsidiary of General Motors. VW, the second biggest industrial concern in Germany, is

engaged in cutting its domestic workforce by about 15,000 to 100,000 by the end of 1997. Meanwhile its attempts to

reduce component costs by 30 per cent have been denounced as 'extertion" by suppliers.

Mr Louis Hughes, former head of Opel, and now running GM Europe in Zürich, was widely Germany's automotive industry had to lose half its workforce. Mr Diekmann's latest forecasts

related strictly to the automotive industry. which employed 693,000 at the end of May. His office explained yesterday

that predictions of up to 209,000 job losses from a total workforce of 1.7m, made by Mr Diekmann a year ago, related to jobs directly and indirectly dependent on the motor industry, in steel manufac-

Mercury Emerging Markets Fund

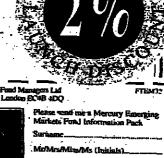
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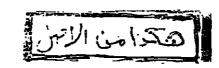
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German forex reserves rise by **DM39.3bn**

GERMANY'S foreign exchange reserves rose by DM39.3bn (\$22.8bn) in the last week of July as a result of the currency turbulence preceding the decision to widen currency bands in the European exchange rate mechanism and thus avert speculative pres-

The Bundesbank said in its weekly statement that the reserve total was now

The sharp rise, caused by Bundesbank intervention to support ERM carrrencies under pressure - predomi-nantly the French franc - only showed up in the figures for the week to August 7 because foreign exchange transactions are reported with a week's

Mr Helmut Schlesinger. Bundesbank president, has said some DM60bn flowed into Germany in July as a result of intervention in the ERM.

To offset the impact on money supply growth and inflation, it cut sharply the weekly allocation of securities repurchase agreements (repos) in the first week of August.

The rise in Bundesbank foreign exchange reserves the previous week was DM7.7ba, also reflecting ERM interven-

The overnight rate of lending in the German money market eased yesterday after the Bundesbank surprised dealers on Wednesday by adding a net DM10.3bn to the banking sys-

The overnight rate hovered around 6.75 per cent after 6.80 per cent the previous day. Some dealers said the high lev-els of liquidity had left the market in a good position to meet a season of tax payments which should start next week. A central securities exchange supervisory authority is needed to make Frankfurt more attractive as a financial centre. Mr Theo Waigel. the finance minister, said yesterday. Reuter reports. "But we must do several things to make the Frankfurt exchange centre so attractive that it can contend on a Europe-wide and worldwide level." he said in a

Mr Waigel also said he was in the process of drawing up a law on insider trading abuses.

French wary on interest rate cuts Greek telecoms

Prime Minister Edouard Balladur continues his strong franc policy, writes John Ridding

MALL step by small step, France is charting a course for monetary policy, following the European currency crisis which left the French franc hovering uncertainly in a weakened exchange

The Bank of France has this week trimmed overnight interest rates by a meagre 0.75 percentage points from their crisis levels of 10 per cent. The rates for 5 to 10 day loans for commercial banks have been left

unchanged.
"It seems they have decided on a general policy," says Ms Marie-Owens Thomson, International economist at Midland Global Markets. "They are going to bring down interest rates, but gradually."

But why are the French financial authorities moving so gingerly when the high level of interest rates in France's recession-hit economy was one of the principal causes of the assaults on the French franc last month?

For Mr Edouard Balladur, French prime minister, the most important reason for caution is his continued attachment to a strong franc policy despite the widening of the currency's fluctuation bands within the European exchange rate mechanism from 2.25 per has fallen by about 2.5 per cent

French consumer prices increased slightly in July, rising 0.1-0.2 per cent above the level in June, according to figures published yesterday by Insee, the national statistics office, writes John Ridding.

The figures, which give an annual rate of inflation of 2.1-2.2 per cent, were welcomed by the Economics Ministry, which said they confirmed the "strong state of French competitiveness". A spokesman for the ministry said they would support the French franc in the medium

Economists in Paris said that the figures were at the lower end of forecasts and that the rise reflected the impact of indirect taxes and a relatively strong rise in the cost of services. Petrol taxes were increased at the beginning

moves on borrowing costs.

the depreciation of the franc

and undermine Mr Balladur's

credibility as an advocate of

the "franc fort" policy. It would also give legitimacy to

political opponents, even

within his Gaullist RPR party,

who have advocated more

expansionist economic policies.

These include Mr Philippe

Seguin, president of the National Assembly, who has called for devaluation and

Practically, a strong franc is

needed to help rebuild foreign

more protectionist policies.

below its old ERM floor rate of exchange reserves at the Bank FFr3.4305 to the D-Mark, and Mr Balladur is anxious to avoid a larger fall by rapid yesterday confirmed that a deficit of almost FFr200bn (\$33.2bn) was incurred in the Politically, a rapid cut in interest rates could accelerate unsuccessful defence of the franc last month.

> he policy of supporting the franc is also regarded by the French government as important in the process of European integration. In addition the franc/ D-Mark link, although now greatly weakened, is regarded as the symbol of bilateral co-operation in the process of European union. France may also not want to cut rates faster than other ERM members to avoid the impression of com-

of July, although the full effect of the price increase is not expected to be felt until August or September.

Prices for services increased by an average of 0.4 per cent, partly reflecting higher costs in hotels and restaurants resulting from higher

taxes on alcohol. The low rate of inflation is also a result of the depressed state of consumer demand in the recession-hit economy. Separate statistics published vesterday by Insee confirmed the diffi-

According to a survey by the statistics insti-tute. French industrialists said they expected economic activity to stabilise in the second half of the year but saw no signs of recovery before

> The problem for Mr Balladur how to reconcile currency stability with the need to revive the economy and curb unemployment, forecast to reach 12.5 per cent of the population by the end of the year. The French authorities have

some room for manoeuvre. Figures published yesterday which confirmed an annual inflation rate of just over 2 per cent suggest there is little immediate danger in currency depreciation. More important, the fact that the franc has been relatively stable since the halfpoint cut in the overnight rate suggests that the central bank may also be able to bring rates down further without unsettling the foreign exchange mar-

"Short-term interest rates could return relatively quickly to pre-crisis levels of about 7 per cent, possibly within the next 46 weeks," says Mr Jean-François Mercier, economist at Salomon Brothers in London Overnight rates are likely to be used as a stalking horse for cuts in other rates, particularly the 5-10 day borrowing rate and ultimately the interven-tion rate, which stands at 6.75 per cent and which acts as a floor on money market rates. The gamble for the French authorities is whether they can cut rates fast enough to satisfy domestic pressures for economic recovery.

However, in the international currency markets, the situation is more delicate. "They are on a tightrope," says one Paris-based diplomat. "If they don't deliver rate cuts fast enough, then investor confidence in the franc will be eroded and the currency will come under attack again." Mr Balladur will be encour-

aged by the resilience of the franc after this week's rate cuts. But with the strength of the D-Mark expected to persist as EC central banks pay back their loans to the Bundesbank. the situation remains fragile Despite the attractions of stepping up the pace of rate cuts, the French are likely to con-

workers seek to halt sell-off

By Kerin Hope in Athens

TOURISTS visiting Greece may have to avoid phoning home today. Workers at OTE, the state-owned telecoms monopoly, will be picketing a crucial parliamentary vote on partially privatising the company, leav-ing international switchboards unmanned.

The quality of OTE's international service has deteriorated noticeably recently as the union stepped up its camp against the proposed sale of 35 per cent of the company, together with management rights, to a foreign telecoms

Although its one-vote majority in parliament is in danger, the government should still manage to push through enabling legislation permitting

If Mr Miltiades Evert, former industry minister and leader of the statist faction in the ruling conservative party, carries out his threat to vote against the bill, the government may enlist the support of two independent deputies from the ethnic Turkish minority in Thrace.

Given the scope for improvement in Greek telecommunications, it is hard to see why anyone should oppose the introduction of new manage-

The government says the foreign buyer would undertake to invest at least \$7bn in the network over the next decade According to an EC-funded study carried out by consultants from Coopers and Lybrand, the international accountants, OTE's current policy of piecemeal replacement of switching and transmission equipment is "gradually killing" the country's overloaded telephone system.

With over 800,000 applications for telephone lines outstanding, one-quarter of them in Athens, the waiting period for a new connection can be as

Slovakian

language

bar angers crippled

long as five years. In addition, the report described OTE's maintenance policy as "reactive fire-fight-ing" using "tricklefeed financ-

However, the socialist oppo-sition's arguments that the for-eign investor would set much higher tariffs, in addition to sharply reducing OTE's work-force of 28,000, have caught the

Given the scope for improvement, it is hard to see why anyone should oppose new management

As a result, the economy ministry has been forced to make substantive amendments to the legislation that telecoms analysts say could affect the level of bids for the strategic stake.

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Six international bidders, including France Telecom, Telefonica of Spain and NIT of Japan, have already been

In order to meet this year's budget target for privatisation revenues, the government had hoped to raise over Dr250bn (2708m) from the sale of the equity stake, together with the flotation of another 14 per cent of the company on the Athens Stock Exchange, planned for later this year.

Under the revised legislation, the state would appoint a majority of OTE's board of directors and would be able to influence procurement deci-

restrictive policy on tariff structures, limiting yearly

Sweden and Finland announce cut in rates

THE CENTRAL banks of Sweden and Finland yesterday cut interest rates to help stimulate a revival of their recession-hit economies.

The Bank of Finland cut its base rate by half a percentage point to 6 per cent,

Sweden's central bank, the Riksbank, cut its key marginal rate from 8.25 per cent to 8 per cent, continuing a pattern of reductions which began after the country floated its currency last

consecutive year in 1993, and badly

need lower interest rates to spur recovery and cut unemployment. Both countries are hoping for positive growth next year on the back of higher exports. Sweden's long-term and short-term interest rates are at their lowest levels Sweden and Finland are expecting since the 1970s. Mr Thomas Franzen, their economies to shrink for the third Riksbank deputy governor, said the

rate for the second time in a week because of the "significant fall" in long-term interest rates and because financial markets had responded well to previous cuts. He noted that the Swed-ish krona had strengthened in recent weeks following a sharp depreciation

Spain's recession easing, say banks

By Peter Bruce in Madrid

THE BANK of Spain and one of the country's biggest commercial banks said vesterday they believed Spain's recession was easing. They predict that the decline in gross domestic product will slow slightly in the second half of the year, indicating the economic downturn may have bottomed out.

says in its latest economic bulper cent in the second half, has withered.

compared with the official 1.1 per cent fall in the first half. Banco Central Hispano (BCH) said the slide in GDP had stabilised at minus 1.1 per cent since March, which it took as a sign that "the fall in economic activity may have

BCH said the brake in reces-The Spanish central bank three peseta devaluations since last autumn, and a sharp fall letin it expects GDP to fall by 1 in imports as internal demand

touched bottom

BCH said it expected a further slowdown of the fall in

'Fall in economic activity may have touched bottom'

sion was because of strong output. However, both BCH growth in exports following and the Bank of Spain insisted that any stop to job losses would also depend heavily on the success of current efforts by the government to agree a bank said it was "worried"

three-year incomes policy, with the unions agreeing to freeze wages next year and employers promising to freeze dividend payments at their present lev-

The unions argue strongly

against a wage freeze, and they say a dividends freeze is pointless while so many companies are making losses. Spain's economic planners the country's mability to hold inflation down and the central

about the growth of prices and wages in the first half of the year. It said further interest rate cuts would depend on the success of wages talks and the fiscal discipline shown in the 1994 budget.

The Bank recently cut its benchmark lending rate to 10.5 per cent and is thought to be reluctant to make another cut at its regular auction of repur-July inflation figures due out late in the morning are expected to be poor.

Rexrodt to speed state sell-offs Treuhand coal

By Quentin Peel in Bonn

MR Günter Rexrodt, Germany's economics minister. yesterday promised to bring in new laws to accelerate privatisation by the country's 16 state governments, and local author-

He sharply criticised the growth of creeping public ownership through the powerful state banks, singling out WestLB, the public sector bank in North Rhine-Westphalia, for particular attack.

In an initiative clearly designed to step up public pressure for more privatisation at state and local government level, he warned that he would introduce "instruments of torture" to get the process mov-

He said that the spread of public ownership through state owned by the state govern-

banks was in complete contradiction to the federal government's privatisation policies. Mr Rexrodt, who belongs to the liberal Free Democrats in Germany's ruling coalition, was not precise on the measures he intends to introduce,

working on necessary legisla-He proposed legal budgetary "guidelines" as one measure, and a requirement that all public authorities must investigate private solutions to tasks currently conducted by publicly-

owned bodies. His attack on North Rhine-Westphalia, and WestLB in particular, will certainly be warmly greeted by the private banking sector, which has sharply criticised the growth of the state banks.

The bank is 43 per cent

ment. Mr Rexrodt listed shareholdings of more than 10 per cent in nine separate public companies, including Preussag (32 per cent), the Horten retail chain (26 per cent) and VEW, the electricity generator (11 per cent), with a total value of but said his ministry was

more than DM3bn. The bank also has unlisted shareholdings in the travel groups LTU, TUI and Thomas Cook, and a string of other private companies.
"The purchase of sharehold-

ings... in commercial enterprises through a state bank leads automatically to an extension of the public sector as against the private sector," Mr Rexrodt said. "This is diametrically

opposed to the privatisation

policy of the federal govern-

in order to remove distortions of competition in the banking

As far as the federal government is concerned, he said that top priority was attached to the early privatisation of Deutsche Telekom, the state telecommunications concern. There was a need to accelerate plans for privatising service areas, such as airports and

As a result of draft legislation approved by the German cabinet this week, the monopoly of the Federal Labour Office on job placements will be lifted, allowing private sector competition.

Mr Rexrodt said that a principle of privatisation should be full national and international competition and tendering to He also called for Germany's ensure the widest possible

privatised "as far as possible", deal faces late challenge

THE Anglo-American utilities consortium which is negotiating the purchase of Mibrag, one of eastern Germany's glant brown coal fields, is facing a late challenge by the company's management.

The consortium, led by Britain's PowerGen, and the Minneanolis-based NRG, wants to use Mibrag to establish a foothold in eastern Germany's highly regulated utilities sec-

The consortium has sole negotiating rights with the Treuhand, the agency charged with privatising eastern Ger-man industry, and which owns Mibrag. These rights were extended from July 31, until later this month.

The negotiations are focusing on the price of the mines and other Mibrag divisions. A consortium negotiator yesterday said that a valuation of Migrab done for the Treuhand was "wildly over-estimated". and inflated capital, costs have been built into the valuation. The consortium is expected to invest at least DM650m in

Mibrag, depending on the assets they actually purchase. The dispute over the sale ice coincides with moves by Mibrag's board to set up a kind of management buy-out", according to Mr Willi Wessel, a board member. He said that under the proposal ownership would remain with the Treuhand until Mibrae

was restructured. He added that this option would slow the pace of job losses as well as effectively postpone Mibrag's privatisation until

The final price of Mibrag could influence the price of Laubag, the other lignite field which the Treuhand is also trying to privatise, a factor which explains in part the Tren-hand's increasingly tough negotiating position with the consortium.

But under pressure from Bonn, it is also anxious to sell Mibrag to the Anglo-Americans as a means of introducing competition into the region's energy sector.

Some observers believe the proposed management buyout may be a way of putting pressure on the consortium to buy Mibrag at an inflated price. But utility experts said it was also an attempt by some members of the Mibrag management to keep out the Anglo-Americans in order to keep out competition and to maintain the high cost structure of the industry.

Mr Wessel repeated this

week that the management buy-out option was "serious". The move has already been discussed with Mr Klaus Murmann, bead of Germany's federation of employers, a board member of Mibrag. "We want to privatise but at the same time save jobs" said Mr Frank Wienke, a senior official at the

By Patrick Blum in Prague

THE DISPUTE on the use of the Hungarian language in southern Slovakia has flared again and threatens to damage further already troubled relations between Bratislava and Budapest.

The latest row centres on a recent Slovak government order to remove all Hungari-an-Slovak bilingual road signs in a region which is home to the bulk of a 600,000 strong ethnic Hungarian minority. The decision follows an about-turn last month on a

package of laws designed to protect the language rights of the country's Hungarian minority. Voting on the laws was postpoued until after Slovakia's admission to the Council of Europe was secured at the end of June. The Slovak parliament approved the laws in mid-July but they were rejected by the government a

week later. The latest move has brought protests from local politicians and newspapers, and the mayor of Marcelova in the Komarno district, announced he would impose a blockade of all the roads into his municipality until the government withdraws the order and bilingual signs are returned. A government spokesman

Italy moves on price liberalisation

said yesterday the road block was illegal, and that the order

applied to all regions.

ITALY'S price liberalisation took a small step forwards vesterday with the removal of controls on milk, bread, cement and fertilisers, writes Haig Simonian in Milan Prices of the four products were put under state control in 1974, although the cost of

cement was partially liberal-ised 11 years later. The move is part of a gradnal policy by the new government of prime minister Carlo Azeglio Ciampi to liberalise the economy and remove nachronistic mechanisms. Mr Luigi Spaventa, budget

minister, said the move to let the market determine prices had been taken because ministers felt there was adequate

The law also sets out a below the inflation rate.

Romanian

railways

ROMANIA's railway network was brought to a near standstill yesterday after a train drivers' strike over pay contin-

ued into a second day. Only 26 services were operating normally yesterday morning and no international trains ran throughout the day, according to the Ministry of Transport.

The western and southern parts of the country were par-ticularly affected, Radio Bucharest said.

The SNCFR, the state-owned railway administration, said it would seek to have the strike declared illegal at a court hearing scheduled for today. Romanian regulations stipulate that even during a general strike at least one third of

trains must run. A Bucharest

court recently ruled that the

train drivers' previous strike in June was illegal on these The strike is the latest in a growing number of labour conflicts, mainly over pay as workers try to cope with three-digit inflation and without subsi-

dised food and energy. Romanian road workers have said they too will go on strike next week if their pay demands are not met. A warning strike iast week blocked Romania's border points with Hungary and Bulgaria for two

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Ford may reshuffle German posts as cost-cutting pressures mount

By Christopher Parkes

FORD-WERKE, the German subsidiary of the US vehicles group, yesterday refused to comment on reports that its Americanborn chairman is to be replaced by a Ger-

Mr John Hardiman, head of Ford-Werke for five years, is to return to the US and his post will be filled by Mr Albert Cas-

pers, according to the industry newsletter, Mr Caspers, currently vice-president responsible for engineering and manufac-turing at Ford Europe, will shortly be

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

PUBLIC prosecutors investigating

spying and theft allegations against

Volkswagen employees may recall

witnesses for further questioning, following reports that data belonging to Adam Opel, the German subsidiary of

General Motors, may have been

The possibility arose yesterday after

punched into VW computers.

quarters by Mr Heinz Soiron, Ford's general manager in Spain, the newsletter

on speculation.

The company said it did not comment Mr Hardiman is believed to be on annual leave at present.

The reshuffle did not indicate that there was any dissatisfaction with Mr Hardi-man, 59, who has worked in Europe for Ford for more than 30 years, PS Report

a televised claim that a female VW employee had said she and nine col-

leagues had been instructed to store material by an assistant to Mr José

Ignacio López de Arriortúa, VW's new

production director and the man at

The woman, allegedly already inter-

rogated, had apparently said nothing

about the origins of the material

the centre of the investigation.

when questioned.

It was prompted more by the need, detected by Mr Jacques Nasser, the new chief at Ford Europe, for a technical leader with those under way throughout the German motor industry. Mr Caspers has been in charge

of all 24 Ford plants in Europe since Mr Soiron, who is a recognised high-flier in Ford Europe, is expected to be appointed as sales director and Mr Caspers' deputy.

Mr Roger Leite, who is the current

sales chief of Ford-Werke, is expected to be appointed the northern group director of Ford of Europe, the newsletter Mr Hardiman would "probably" return

party that the documents carried an

Mr Georg Nauth, a senior prosecu-

tor and spokesman for the investiga-

tors, said the reports would be

It is understood several witnesses

from VW, under questioning, have

said they could not remember - or

could not rule out - whether material

Opel logo.

Prosecutors may recall witnesses in VW However, she reportedly told a third they handled bore marks identifying

their origins as either Opel or GM.
Mr Walter Hiller, a member of the VW supervisory board, said yesterday that the board had been "credibly assured" at a meeting last Friday that an internal investigation at VW found there was no such material in the group's data banks. The meeting unanimously backed Mr Lopez and said there was no evidence to warrant

accusations of industrial espionage Meanwhile, Opel yesterday threat ened further legal action if VW did not tell it in precise detail the nature and contents of material destroyed in the week of March 22 on instructions of Mr López. VW last weekend admitted that papers, including possibly secret or sensitive material, were destroyed at its company guesthouse to prevent circulation within VW.

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Japan SDP leader offers to resign

By Gordon Cramb in Tokyo

THE SOCIAL Democratic party, the biggest member of Japan's new seven-party ruling coalition, yesterday entered a potentially divisive period of soul-searching when Mr Sadao Yamahana offered to resign as

Mr Yamahana, who will retain his job as minister in charge of political reform in the cabinet formed on Monday, called for an open ballot of party members. He said he would be a candidate but was submitting to a contest in the wake of the SDP's poor showing in the general election last month. Although that brought the party to power for the first time since the late 1940s, the SDP's parliamentary strength was almost halved.

In the year the coalition expects to be in power before holding fresh elections under a new system, the left wing SDP, whose support it needs, is thought likely to be the main stumbling block in establishing policies apart from those on the political reform agenda. "I feel indebted to my com-rades who failed to win Diet seats," Mr Yamahana told party officials in his resignation statement. However, no

other contender for the job immediately emerged. Mr Yamahana - from the moderate wing of the party, the most left-wing member of the coalition - became chairman only in January. Many SDP activists are uncomfortable at the alliance he has since formed with conservatives and centrists.

He described his move as and other companies.

aimed at rebuilding the party, but its executive committee was unable to reach a decision yesterday on how to proceed, with some party bosses trying to persuade Mr Yamahana to change his mind.

Mr Yamahana and Mr Morihiro Hosokawa, prime minister and leader of the year-old Japan New party, have com-mitted themselves to enacting political reform measures by the end of the year. Coalition leaders yesterday

made little progress towards agreement on the form of electoral system to replace the current multi-seat constituencies. As these have meant members of the same party competing, fundraising ability often wins out, fostering corruption.

The pursuit of alleged misdeeds from the old order continued yesterday with the indictment of Mr Fujio Takeuchi on charges of taking Y55m (\$518,800)in bribes from Hazama, a construction com-pany, while governor of Ibaraki prefecture north-east of Tokyo. The move by Tokyo prosecutors came a day after the prefectural assembly accepted his resignation.

Also charged was Mr Shigeru Honda, who stepped down as Hazama chairman after an indictment in a case involving the mayor of Sendal to the north.

Suspicions that Hazama paid to secure key contracts surfaced while prosecutors were investigating Mr Shin Kane-maru, the LDP power-broker who last month pleaded not guilty to evading taxes on



Nigerian protest limited to south-west

A STAY-AWAY called to demand the end of military rule in Nigeria brought Lagos to a halt yesterday, but failed to win backing outside the south-west of the country.

For the second time since President Ibrahim Babangida annulled the June 12 presidential poll, the country's commercial capital was forced to shut

But the organisers of a three-day campaign of protest won little or no backing outside the Yoruba-speaking south-west, stronghold of Mr Mosbood

Abiola, the successful candidate in the

Life continued as normal in the important northern cities of Kaduna, Kano and the capital, Abuja, according

Earlier protests in July crippled Lagos for three days, and around 100 people were killed when gangs took advantage of demonstrations to loot and troops were ordered in. Yesterday the streets of Lagos and Ibadan, the country's second largest city, were deserted and no violent incidents were

The objective of the campaign is to

bring economic pressure on the govern-ment, which, say opposition officials, will find it difficult to control Nigeria if 23m Yorubas who dominate the economic heart of the country oppose it.

The Campaign for Democracy has denounced the proposed interim gov-ernment and believes that the next government should be headed by Mr Abiola. Mr Olisa Agbakoba, spokesman for the Campaign for Democracy, said he was disappointed that the protest had received little backing in the north and east but said he hoped that links with the labour movement and with local leaders of the SDP who oppose

the interim government would make future action more effective. The Nigerian Labour Congress has said that it would consider concerted action if the military are still in power on August 27, although the 50,000strong oil workers' union is threatening to strike unilaterally. Should they take such action, the government would then be under severe pressure, with oil exports accounting for over 90

per cent of export earnings. The US government has suspended direct air links with Nigeria, about five

S Korea bans false-name dealings

By John Burton in Secul

SOUTH KOREA'S President Kim Young-sam, in a surprise announcement last night, ordered immediate implementation of a key financial reform to reduce the large under-

Mr Kim invoked emergency powers to introduce a realname financial transaction system, which bans the use of false or borrowed names in

Although action could have an adverse short-term impact on the already weak Korean economy - by prompting a fall in the stock market through the sale of shares held under false names - many analysts welcomed the move.

"This signifies that the new government is committed to economic deregulation and financial liberalisation," said Mr Andrew Holland, head of research at BZW in Seoul.

Mr Kim described the realname system as "the most important reform for the construction of a new Korea' because "it would stamp out

corruption". An estimated Won3,000bn (£2.48bn) is held in false-name accounts.

Those holding assets under false names will have two months to deposit them into real-name accounts, which would then be subject to taxation. Those failing to do so will be subject to tax investigations and penalties.

Shares held under false or nominee names account for about 7 per cent of stock investor accounts.

In an attempt to persuade these investors to keep their money in the bourse, Mr Kim promised not to impose a capital gains tax on stock invest-ment during his term, which ends in 1997.

The government will also call on institutional investors to buy shares if panic selling seizes the bourse. But some analysts predict that may not be necessary.

"The initial market reaction may be negative, but that will likely subside quickly as investors begin to understand the positive aspects of the realname system on the stock market and the economy," said Mr Edward Kim of Korea Develop-

ment Securities. The full disclosure system is likely to promote more efficient capital allocation by allowing money trapped in the underground economy to flow into industrial investments. It could also curtail such malpractices as insider trading and stock price manipulation by big investors using false

names. There is concern, however that there could be an immediate squeeze on short-term funds as some institutional investors, such as securities houses, borrow money to buy stock under government direction. This would increase interest rates and harm small and medium businesses, in particular. The government has promised to provide financial aid to

these companies.

The government is also taking measures to prevent the flight of capital abroad or attempts to switch hidden assets from bank and stock accounts into property. This includes requiring those engaged in financial transac-tions to provide identification proving ownership of the

 Workers at Hyundai Electrical Engineering yesterday voted to go back to work after a long-running pay dispute with management, the company said, Reuter reports from

South African economy puts on 5.1% growth

rate slid to 10.7 per cent in had more to do with people

By Phillip Gawith in Johannesburg

SOUTH Africa's economy grew by 5.1 per cent in the second quarter, according to GDP fig-ures published by the central statistical service yesterday, suggesting that the country's four-year recession has ended. The improvement compares

with growth of 1.4 per cent in The news coincides with

publication of fiscal data which suggest government finances are in reasonable shape. This its deficit target.

ister, said the continued of 25 per cent.

July, bringing it back to the level of April and May, the

yesterday, Reuter reports from

growth in GDP vindicated his view that the cyclical turning point to the downturn - which started in March 1989 - had been reached at the beginning

Most of the growth is attributable to the agricultural sector, which is recovering from a devastating drought. Real agricultural production increased by 231.5 per cent in the second quarter following first-quarter growth of 53.9 per cent

Mr Keys said other pleasing aspects of the figures were that secondary industries continued follows speculation that the to grow; growth in GDP owed government would overshoot nothing to higher government spending, and mining produc-Mr Derek Keys, finance min-tion continued to rise at a rate

ther closures. The measure will have no Australian unemployment AUSTRALIA'S unemployment rate from 11.1 per cent in June

than a surge in the number of Bureau of Statistics reported new jobs. Employment was unchanged Sydney. But analysts said the at 7.74m after rising by a total

giving up the search for work

local development zones and Alexander Nicoli

THE Chinese government, stepping up its drive to stop wasteful spending and curb the country's overheated growth rate, vesterday announced the closure of most economic development zones established investment.

Xinhua, the official news agency, said 1,000 zones in southern coastal areas had been shut down, and the remaining 200 were being inspected with a view to fur-

effect on special economic zones authorised by the central government to promote economic reform and growth, such as Shenzhen, just across the border from Hong Kong. The zones being closed were

set up by local officials who were attracted by real estate profits and offered tax breaks and other unauthorised incentives to match the attractions of authorised investment Zhu recently criticised officials

Mr Hu Ping, director of the Special Economic Zone Office. said the State Council, China's cabinet, had approved only 30 economic and technological development zones in the coastal areas. He said only 10 per cent of

the unauthorised zones had been beneficial for the local economy. One-fifth were waiting for money to start planned projects. They tied up scarce farmland, slowing agri-cultural production, he added. The objective is to stop land

which has little prospect of development in the near future from being cordoned off when it could be used for crop growing." Mr Hu said. Profligate spending and cor-

ruption among local officials are particular targets of the campaign of Mr Zhu Rongii, vice premier and central bank governor, to curb money supply and inflationary growth. According to China Focus, a nublication of the Princeton

farmland of which 1 per cent had so far been taken up by construction. Calculating that developing the land would cost the entire national development budget reported to have asked them:

in Guangxi province, in south-west China, who had

ploughed over and fenced off

15,000 square kilometres of

"Just let me know where the money is coming from... What is the rest of the nation to do meanwhile?" Xinhua yesterday said officials in Beihai city, Guangxi province, had approved dozens questionable property

mes, including casinos. China's trade deficit was \$4.62bn in the first seven months of 1993, although trade officials are confident the current austerity measures will belp achieve a surplus for 1992 by the year-end. Exports were up 4.7 per cent to \$44.78bn over the same period of last year, and imports up 25.7 per cent to

China closes down 1,000 Resignation threat rejected by PLO

By Julian Ozanne in Tunis

THE Palestine Liberation Organisation, seeking to defuse a week-long row over how to pursue peace talks with Israel, yesterday rejected the resignation of three Palestinian peace negotiators from the Israelioccupied territories. The move came after Pales-

in Tunis said the PLO had come under pressure from Arab governments, including Saudi Arabia, to resolve the issue quickly and not let the three negotiators, the more moderate members of the team, resign.

Mr Suleiman Najjab, a member of the PLO executive committee, which addressed the issue yesterday for the first time, said the liberation movement had turned down the resignation threat by Mrs Hanan Ashrawi, Mr Faisal Husseini and Mr Saeb Erekat. It was not immediately apparent whether the three had formally withdrawn their resignations.

ings to discuss the issues raised by the three negotiators, who are upset about lack of consultation and co-ordination between the PLO and the negotiating delegation. Palestinian participants in

would convene further meet-

the talks said Mr Yassir Arafat. PLO chairman, had successfully exploited the resignation threat by delaying a final decision. They said Mr Arafat's chief purpose was to force Israel to realise it must open direct dialogue with the PLO to make progress in peace talks. Mr Arafat has scared Israeli politicians with the prospect of

a Palestinian peace team stripped of its moderates and led by hardliners such as Mr Haidar Abdel-Shafi, the chief negotiator who boycotted the recent Middle East visit of Mr Warren Christopher, US secretary of state.

Although Mr Yitzhak Rabin, Israel's prime minister, continues to rule out direct talks with the PLO, several senior cabinet ministers have called for the ban to be reviewed.

Mr Najjab also said the PLO China Initiative in the US. Mr. drop in the seasonally adjusted of 84,000 in May and June. India's new airlines seek wider horizons

Shiraz Sidhva reports on a campaign for swifter liberalisation of the skies

REQUENT flyers on Indian Airlines, India's state-owned domestic carrier, were pleasantly surprised last week when they took the evening flight from Delhi to Bombay. Suddenly, checking in was no longer a nightmare. Ground staff were efficient. Most important, the flight took off on time.

Passengers - all with their own Indian Airlines horror

story to narrate – were astonished when a smiling flight attendant laid out a crisp tablecloth before serving a stylish Indian meal with bread and "See what competition has

achieved," said one passenger, Mr Kantikumar Podar, a Bom bay businessman and president of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry. "There is a tremendous change in attitude and service. For the first time, it's a pleasure to fly Indian Air-

The introduction of the government's open skies policy two years ago has given domestic travellers a choice. Four private airlines - Jet Airways, East West Airlines, Damania Airways and Modiluft - operate on lucrative routes such as Bombay Delhi and Bombay-Bangalore. Passengers may now walk into the main airports and buy a ticket an hour before a flight. Delays and overbooked flights may be things of the past. For the first time, the 40-

INDIA'S PRIVATE DOMESTIC AIRLINES

granted us the permission to

operate, but it is constantly

safeguarding the interests of

Jet Airways: Started by Jetair Private, a leading airline sales agent and travel agency, in May 1993, the airline operates a fleet of four Boeing 737-300s to 12 destinations, including four in south India. Linked with the SABRE worldwide reservations system, with inter-line co-ordination arrangements with 12 leading international airlines. Engineering back-up is provided by Australia's Ansett company. Initial investment was \$20m, with a projected turnover of Rs2.40bn in the first year. Four aircraft are to be added to its fleet by end-1993.

East West Airlines: India's first private airline, started in February 1992, with an initial investment of Rs1bn, and a tumover of Rs5bn. The airline files eight Boeing

year-old state airline is facing

competition in a market the

new operators believe it has

the new airlines by punctuality

as well as free alcohol and

attentive service. Passengers

flying Damania received indi-vidual thank-you letters from

the managing director. A cou-

ple who complained about ser-

vice on Modiluft were sent

However, despite the new

roses and a handwritten apol-

airlines' efforts to make liberal-

isation work, the cards are

stacked against them. The new

airlines, which the government

prefers to call private air taxi

operators, face operational con-

straints as well as battles with

a bureaucracy which, they say, tries to impede liberalisation.

Passengers are attracted to

long taken for granted.

linked on to the Gabriel 2 global reservations system. Technical collaboration from Ireland's Aer Lingus, staff of 3000.

Damania Airways: This Rs260m project started operations in March 1993, and has 16 flights a day to six destinations. A Beechcraft 99 used exclusively on the short-haul Bombay-Pune sector, and Boeing 737-200s dry-leased from Air Portugal, make up the fleet, which will expand to five aircraft in the current year,

Modiluft: Modiluft is leasing two Boeing 737-200 aircraft from Lufthansa, the German carrier. It has used the familiar vellow and blue international colours that Lufthansa uses, with light-blue boarding passes, 737s and three Folkker-27s to 25 destinations, and is and even a slightly modified bird logo of the airline.

> "The government has parliament include a clear-cut aviation

Indian Airlines at our expense," says the head of one airline. "The taxpayer is actu-"We are still termed nonally subsidising the inefficiencies of Indian Airlines, at a great cost to our economy and foreign exchange reserves. Indian Airlines made a loss of Rs2.11bn (£44.8m) last year. Last week, the four airlines

formed the Air Taxi Operators' Committee to urge the government to speed passage of a parliamentary bill to repeal the Air Corporation Act 1953, which prevents the formal legalisation of private carriers and grants protection to Indian Airlines as a departmental undertaking of central government. The bill is now before

The committee's demands policy with guidelines for air taxi operators.

scheduled operators, though we operate to schedules. Not being able to advertise and publish schedules poses a major marketing problem, especially abroad," says Mr Naresh Goyal, owner of Jet Airways, which has inter-line agreements co-ordinating flights with international carri-

ers including British Airways. The committee has urged the director general of Civil Aviation to withdraw a directive that private operators should operate an equal number of flights on routes of less than 700km and on those of more than that distance, "We are not stipulation would mean that we would lose the flexibility of optimally deploying our limited resources," says one opera-

charity organisations and this

A further constraint is that private airlines are not allowed the best facilities at Bombay and Delhi airports. They share limited counter space in old, shabby terminals. New terminals are reserved for Indian Airlines' Airbus flights to leading cities. "The airports could benefit from rents if the unused counters and space at the new terminals were allotted to private operators," the committee said. The committee has asked for

a revision of airport and air traffic control timings, which are tailored to suit Indian Airlines' operations. It has also requested ade-

quate hangar space at airports. In the absence of any co-operation from Indian Airlines, private operators' aircraft have to go abroad to be serviced and even to bave mandatory monthly checks. Spares and equipment have to be imported, which makes them more costly. The private airlines' battle

for equal treatment is likely to be a hard one. If the parliamentary bill is passed, Indian Airlines may be unable to continue flights on loss-making routes which would otherwise not be connected by air. "Indian Airlines has a social commitment to the country

need to worry about," says an Indian Airlines spokesman. "None of the private airlines can match our infrastructure, and if it hadn't been for subsidies, how could we offer the lowest fares in the world?" However, the private operators say that India's domestic

that the private operators don't

air traffic has been stifled by Indian Airlines, and could grow substantially. "During its best year, IA catered to a volume of 10m passengers, but aviation experts say that the total market size could increase to 25m passengers," according to Mr Goyal. Mr Thakiyudeen Wahid. managing director of East

West Airlines, says: "East West has shown that with maximum utilisation, we can fly 8,000 passengers per day with 11 Boeing aircraft, compared with IA's 22,000 with a fleet of 53, including 24 Airbus A-320s and 11 Airbus A-300s." Mr Parvez Damania, the 33-

year old poultry farmer who started Damania Airways. says: "Indian Airlines and the airport authorities could provide us the engineering support, make their under-utilised infrastructure reap profits, and save considerable foreign exchange.'

He says: "The attitude towards us is not right. We could work together with Indian Airlines to greatly expand the market. And Indian Airlines would be the first to

Tajik-Afghan summit agreed

TAJIKISTAN and Afghanistan

agreed yesterday their leaders would hold a summit meeting to resolve a conflict over their border but talks with Tajik rebels failed to free five hostages, Reuter reports from Dushanbe. The commander of Russian troops guarding the border said talks to free four Russian and a Kazakh soldier, taken into Afghanistan on Tuesday, had so far failed.

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Wholesale prices in US down again

US WHOLESALE prices fell for the second month running in July, indicating that the sluggish economic recovery is generating little or no upward pressure on inflation, the Labour Department reported

A separate report showed that retail sales increased by a negligible 0.1 per cent between June and July, less than had been expected in financial markets and a warning signal that consumer caution could depress economic growth in the third quarter.

The producer price index for finished goods fell 0.2 per cent last month after a 0.3 per cent drop in June. The annual rate of wholesale price inflation fell

The fall mainly reflected a sharp decline in energy prices, which fell 1 per cent between June and July, and a slight drop in food prices despite the flooding in the Midwest. Excluding food and energy, "core" producer prices rose 0.2 per cent after a drop of 0.1 per cent

The latest figures strongly suggest that the surge in prices

recorded earlier this year — which prompted the Federal Reserve to threaten higher interest rates - was an aberra-

The recent sluggish growth of retail sales - the increase in June was revised down to 0.2 per cent from 0.4 per cent mainly reflects a drop in car sales after an exceptionally good month in May. Excluding cars, sales rose 0.4 per cent last month after a 0.3 per cent gain in June.

Other data have been mixed. Employment figures for July published last week were encouraging, pointing to a solid gain in industrial produc-But the first estimate of

growth in the second quarter an annual rate of only 1.6 per cent - was worse than most analysts expected. Most forecasters continue to predict a rebound in growth in

the second half to an annual rate of 2.5-3 per cent. Any such growth, however will depend on whether the signing of President Bill Clinton's budget this week, by ending a long period of uncer-tainty about tax rates, will revive flagging business and consumer confidence.

Brazil ends curbs on gold market

By Christina Lamb in Rio de Janeiro

BRAZIL has allowed the first official gold exports by a private institution in what appears to be a step towards opening up its foreign exchange system.

Although Brazilian financial institutions have been permitted to trade in gold since 1989. only the central bank was able to sell overseas. On Monday new legislation came into force

completely freeing the gold market and allowing private entities to export gold for the first time

The first Brazilian company to take advantage of the change was Banco Cindam, a merchant bank and the country's largest buyer and refiner of gold from garimpeiros, or

The business community hopes the next step will be to allow the free movement of

Baker to testify in Iraqi loans trial

MR JAMES BAKER, the former US secretary of state, yesterday became the latest former Bush administration official to receive a subpoena to testify in the forthcoming Iraqi loans trial, set to begin in Atlanta next mouth.

A subpoena was issued to Mr Baker and seven other state department officials by lawyers for Mr Christopher Drogoul, the former manager of the Atlanta branch of Italy's Banca Nazionale del Lavoro.

Mr Drogoul is accused of making more than \$5bn of improper loans that helped to finance Iraq's war machine. Mr Drogoul, who was allowed to change his plea

from guilty to innocent last year after it emerged that the CIA had withheld vital documents from a federal judge in Atlanta, has claimed that the Iraqi loans were part of a covert policy approved by the Reagan and Bush administra-

Those subpoenaed yesterday include Mr Lawrence Eagleburger, the former acting secretary of state; former US ambassadors to Baghdad Ms April Glaspie and Mr David Newton; Mr Abraham Sofaer, the former state department legal adviser, and Mr Richard Murphy, the former assistant secretary of state. Mr Robert Simels, lawyer for Mr Drogoul, said Mr Baker and others would be asked "to further corroborate US awareness of BNL's role in

the finance of exports to Iraq". Mr Simels said he had been notified that the Justice Department had filed a motion on behalf of former President George Bush to block the subpoena issued last month calling for him to testify in court. He added that government lawvers were also seeking to

issue their own subpoena, for notes and tapes of an interview conducted last year with Mr Drogoul by CBS Television. CBS said yesterday it would not comment until it had been formally served with the sub-



Clinton opens new front with forces

General John Shalikashvili with President Clinton yesterday

Although he comes from a military family - his father was a Georgian army officer and his grandfather a general under the Tsars - he was drafted into the US army, before taking a com-

mand of Operation Provide Comfort, the humanitarian operation in Kardi . Gos Sin

The first indications are that Gen Shelikashvili will be far more amenable to some of Mr Clinton's suggestions than Gen Powell has been.

Firmly committed to the "Base Force" plan prepared under President George Bush, Gen Powell has appeared to resist the new administration's efforts to cut the defence budget more

He has also been downright obstructive to the president's desire to allow military service by gays - forcing Mr Clinton to accept a compromise that falls for short of his earlier commit-ments - and is understood to have been a voice of caution against military

engagement in Bosins.

Gen Shalikashvili says he finds the new policy on homosexuals quite acceptable. On Bosnia, however, he s likely to bring a different point of

He has criticised the US for failing to take the lead at an earlier stage in the self to be much less worried than some other inflitary leaders about the prospect that US military involveat in Bosnia could lead the country

into a Vicinum style genomira.

We are not fighting a first rate, fully combine capable outfit like we have been ing for fer I don't know how but I think we have had too much overestimating," he said recently.

This week, Gen Shalikashvili said he

busied it would not prove unconstry to sme force in Bassia, box warned the Serbe not to understimate US readiness inve not be lossened.

From his Second experience, however,
Gen Shillhesiavill to untillely to secode

stan that some have seen as a prototype to calls for any acceleration in the for new military missions after the early reduction to US forces. He has voiced of the cold war.

Venezuelan president wins special powers

position of chairman, not president of

the United States." he remarked this

week, laughing off a question on whether Russia and Ukraine should be

Now 57, Gen Shalikashvili fled Poland

at the age of eight and came to the US

at 16, settling in Peoria, the archetypal

midwestern town. He learnt English

from watching John Wayne films, but

has not wholly lost his Polish accent.

brought into Nato.

THE Venezuelan congress has granted President Ramon J. Velasouez special powers until the end of this year to introduce a series of economic measures by decree.

The Velasquez government, a transition administration scheduled to leave office next February, asked the congress for these special powers to address a series of problems,

The special powers bill, covering areas normally reserved for the national legislature, will allow the president to introduce: A sales tax and a tax on the

assets of private companies; · Reform of the financial system, including opening up the banking system to foreign Initiatives to help farmers;

 Reforms of tax legislation aimed at raising revenues and applying corporate taxes to private investors in the oil and gas sectors:

A change in the law for the

privatisation of state-owned airline Aeropostal In other legislative action, a

joint session of congress also approved a long-awaited privatisation law reform, aimed at speeding the process.

cannot solve the maties's withpower, but that it will pure the

enue from the new sales and

sing fees from the Romanians.

ecting a fiscal gap of around \$3.7m (Chilan) for 1998. Infla-

NEWS: WORLD TRADE

'Temporary stalemate' in negotiations on pact's labour and environment side-deals



Campbell: "not satisfied".

Singapore

Canadians dig in on Nafta sanctions

CANADA'S business community yesterday threw its support behind the Ottawa government's refusal to include trade sanctions in the side-deals on labour and the environment being negotiated as part of the North American free trade agreement.

Disagreement between the US and Mexico on one hand, and Canada on the other, over the enforcement of labour and environmental standards has thrown a wrench into the protracted negotiations on the

Officials had hoped that the three countries' trade ministers would meet in Ottawa today to finalise them. But a Canadian government official

however, about how the region

should co-operate to maximise

While Chinese delegates

pleaded otherwise, most east

Asian nations regard Beijing as

a trading competitor, not an

ally. Japanese delegates found themselves isolated by

demands that Tokyo improve

market access for foreign

goods and companies. There was no accord on arguably the

most critical issue: whether

east Asia should proceed alone

or forge an Asia-Pacific axis

with the economies of North

The conference, which brought together leading Asian

politicians, academics and

businessmen, highlighted the

recent economic liberalisation

and growth of China, a process

which "is not reversible",

according to Prof Edward Chen, a member of Hong

Kong's executive council.

China is not unique in east

future growth.

America.

said yesterday that talks had reached "temporary stalemate". He said that Ms Kim Campbell, prime minister, "was not satisfied that everything had been done to come up with the best deal."

Ms Campbell is expected to discuss the sanctions issue by phone in the next few days with President Bill Clinton and Mexico's President Carlos Salinas de Gortari. Conclusion of the negotiations is seen largely as a matter of political will.

The Clinton administration has promised to conclude the two side-deals before submitting Nafta to Congress for ratification. It has also insisted that trade remedies, such as the reintroduction of customs duties, be included as a penalty against violators of environmental and labour standards. The US and Mexico are understood to have agreed on a courts. dispute-settlement formula which would include various

trade remedies as a last resort. Mr Thomas d'Aquino, president of the Business Council on National Issues, which represents the chief executives of Canada's 150 biggest companies, said yesterday: "We very strongly applaud the position which the federal government has taken."

types of sanctions, but with

Damian Fraser adds from Mexico City: While Mexico may have already agreed to accept trade sanctions for noncompliance with environmental laws as part of the sidedeals, it has firmly rejected apparent US and Canadian

pressure for the right to be that Mexico would break off able to sue Mexico in Mexican

Sanctions would only occur in the last resort, would be extremely rare, and would involve tariffs on certain goods returning to their pre-Nafta level, according to a report in El Financiero newspaper.

A Mexican official said that "there are very few points" that divide the three countries. but it was "not over until it's over". He suggested the main problem was a lack of political will in Canada to reach an agreement, given the concern with its forthcoming general

election. The official confirmed the veracity of a cable obtained by Reuter and sent out on Wednesday which suggested

side negotiations on Nafta if the US and Canada demanded the right to sue Mexico in its own courts, presumably for not enforcing its environment and labour laws.
The cable was sent to Mexi-

can negotiators in Washington from the Trade Ministry. It said that "the pretension of the US and Canada to include the possibility of suing Mexico in its own courts attacks the concept of sovereignty and is as such inadmissible. It is in fact a breaking point."

Suing the Mexican government in Mexico would almost certainly be futile, since the courts would be highly unlikely to rule against their

BAC 1-11s from Kiwi International, a new US airline.

Skanska in Colombian contract Skanska, Scandinavia's largest construction group, has finally secured a \$240m contract to build a hydroelectric power plant in

Romaero to make

ROMAKRO, a state-owned Romanian group, has signed a letter of intent with Boeing, the US aircraft manufacturer, to produce parts for both the Boeing 787 and the new 777 model, a 800-

seater, twin jet sircust. Romaero said yesterday, Virginia Marsh writes from Bucherest.

Romaero said the two companies were still discussing what would be produced in Romania but they hoped to conclude a

\$12m (£8m) contract for manufacturing parts up to sub-assembly

Remaero also said it hoped to continue talks with British

Aerospace over the modernisation of the BAC 1-11 jet next

month. The company has produced BAC I-11s under licence since 1982 but the agreement was frozen last month by BAs due to non-payment of some \$10m in technical assistance and licen-

on the basis that it had an order worth \$250m for 11 upgraded

maero said it was trying to raise financing from US banks

parts for Boeing

secured a \$240m contract to build a hydroelectric power plant in Colombia, nine years after first signing a contract for the work. Christopher Brown-Humes reports from Stockholm.

A group of banks in the Nordic countries, Canada, Venezuela and Colombia are putting up the funding for the project, which has mainly been hampered by financing difficulties. Skanska's share of the project is 80 per cent.

The plant, which will have an instaffed espacity of \$40MW and annual production of 1,426 GWh, is, to be built in Cordoba province near the Caribbean in northern Colombia. Construction work is scheduled to start in Sendendar and take six years. work is scheduled to start in September and take six years.

Skanska will be working alongside the Colembian contracting company Conciviles on the civil works and will be assisted with services and purchasing by the Federalation Company of Canada.

Racal-Datacom in Asian moves

Racal-Datacom, the voice and data communications arm of the UK's Racal Electronics, has signed an agreement with Singapore Telecom which it believes could be worth up to \$510m (24.1m) ever the next three years, Andrew Adonis writes from London . Under the agreement Singapore Telecom's commercial arm will distribute Racal-Datacom's digital analogue and network management products, and build networks for its customers

hased on them.

Racal-Datacom also resterday opened an office in China, underlining its determination to advance in Asia-Pacific. The region has the works fastest growing telecommunications market and Singapore has one of its most advanced networks.

The Singapore deal is modelled on a similar alliance with British Telecommunications, estimated to be worth £46m over three years. Racal-Datacom has other alliances with US carriers MCI Rell South and EN-West. MCI, Bell South and US West

Togo offers to buy Sicilian plant The government of Togo, a leading phosphates producer, has offered to buy into a big Teirilisers complex at Gela in Sicily, lying idle for the past year, Haig Shoonkar reports from Milan. The Gela complex includes ISAF, which produces sulphuric and phosphoric acids as well as offer base materials for fertilisers, and fertiliser processing plants. ISAF is controlled by Italy's state owned Emilian chemicals group, while the Sicilian regional government has a 28 per cent state.

No details of the proposed transaction, nivelled by the representative for industry in the Sicilian regional government, have been revealed. The proposed purchaser is the Office Togolais des Phosphates, the Togolane state phosphates producer.

East Asia at odds on road to growth

in plan for PTIMISM that east new town economic growth tables into the next century KEPPEL, the Singapore was palpable at the "Indonesia, Asia Pacific and the New World Order" conference in Bali this week. As Mrs Carla

government-controlled conglomerate, is to head a consortium of Singapore companies developing an industrial township in Suzhou, near Shanghai in China, writes Kieran Cooke in Kuala Lumpur. The proposed township

described as Singapore II by the Singapore press - will be developed using Singapore's integrated planning approach as a model. The aim is to attract \$20bn of investment in the town, which will eventually have a population of more than 600,000.

The consortium, which includes many of Singapore's most prominent semi-state and private companies, will have a 65 per cent stake in the joint venture company developing the new township, while the Suzhou authorities will hold the remainder.

Correction

New Athens airport

in the Financial Times of August 4, a contract for a new airport near Athens was recorded as being at Sparta. It should have read Spata.

Regional conference points up the problems of co-operation, writes William Keeling Asia, with other developing

countries such as Thailand and Malaysia preparing to join South Korea and Taiwan Hills, former US trade representative, said, the region has among the ranks of newly the potential "to trigger an ecoindustrialised nations. Political analysts, however, sounded a note of caution. Prof nomic renaissance worldwide". There was less unanimity,

Robert Scalapino, a leading Asia academic, warned of the 'awesome problem" of China's swelling urban population. "Higher education has fallen into a terrible state," he said, and "the speculative boom in gerously depleted bank resources."

In Indonesia, the world's fourth most populous country. "social dislocation will be the major political issue," said Prof Juwono Sudarsono of the University of Indonesia. "Strikes, human rights issues and land issues will tax the ingenuity of the political leadership".

Sustained economic growth, most delegates argued, would allow countries to meet their domestic political challenges. They were less confident that nations could meet the challenge of economic co-operation. Chinese delegates called for the development of regional trade associations, but speakers highlighted east Asia'spoor record in the field. The most prominent organi-

sation is the six-member Association of South East Asian Nations (Asean).But, as Mr Anwar Ibrahim, Malayslan Should east

Asia proceed alone or forge an axis with N America?

finance minister, noted: "Asean, despite... booming individual economies, has yet to achieve something substantial in economic collaboration. to dominate others the [Asean] grouping would collapse imme-

"Should any country venture diately," he warned. Delegates said the same concern would preclude the effec-

tive development of wider

regional groupings, such as the

East Asian Economic Caucus,

backed by Malaysia, or the

Asia Pacific Economic Commu-

nity (Apec), which groups east

Apec forum to facilitate US

economic involvement in east has said that its prime minister will not attend, and as Prof Scalapino commented: "The

avoid the belief that the US

Asian nations with the US. Canada, Australia and New Zealand. Although the region is without serious conflict, Prof Paul Evans, director of the Joint Centre for Asia Pacific Studies in Canada, stressed that secu-

remained a "significant nightmase", Delegates pointed to the continuing tensions in China-Taiwan relations, Korean unification and contested sovereignty of the Spratly Isles in the South China Sea as underlining the importance of continued US military presence in the region. A military role gave muscle to Washington in its promotion of the wider

rity relations between nations

President Bill Clinton has invited Apec leaders to an informal meeting in Seattle in November to discuss Asia Pacific issues, but east Asian countries remain sceptical about US intentions. Malaysia Chinese leadership cannot

is deeply subversive." Many delegates believed the US would use Apec to put pressure on Japan to improve market access in the name of economic co-operation. Through its trade surplus, "Japan exports its unemployment to the rest of the world," said Prof Fred Bergsten, director of the Institute for International Economics in the US.

Asian delegates accused the US of interfering in their countries' internal affairs by linking trade concessions with labour conditions and human rights. But while most dele gates were united in anti-IIS sentiment they agreed with Washington that Japan was too protectionist. Any opening up of Japan's economy would benefit east Asian nations for which it remains the main export market.

The likely outcome for the Asia Pacific, delegates sald, was the formation of several economic associations, none of which would have any great

Few delegates challenged the assertion of Mr Gareth Evans, Australian foreign minister, that east Asian nations had a "steady convergence of aspirations and a growing sense of community". They also agreed the pace of change toward economic co-operation would be



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Stephanie Flanders

PROGRAMMENT OF THE STATE OF THE STATE

DOUBTS ABOUT the strength of the UK economic recovery increased yesterday with the news that manufacturing output fell steeply in June, while unemployment crept marginally higher last month.

The figures, which are unlikely to represent a reversal in the UK's economic fortunes, nonetheless highlighted the patchy nature of the recovery. Manufacturing output in June fell a seasonally adjusted 2.1 per cent compared with the previous month. The drop

Scientists

smallpox

AN EMOTIONAL debate at an

International Congress on

Virology in Glasgow this week

produced no consensus on whether to destroy the last

known stocks of smallpox,

kept deep-frozen in two labora-

A clear-cut verdict by the 1,000 microbiologists would have given a strong lead to the World Health Assembly, which is expected to decide the fate

of the virus at the United

Nations next year. But no vote

A worldwide vaccination

campaign eradicated smallpox

in the wild. The last naturally

transmitted case was in Soma-

lia in 1977, though the final

smallpox victim was Mrs Janet

Parker, a medical photogra-pher who died in 1978 after

some virus escaped at Bir-mingham University.

After that accident, the

world's microbiologists agreed

to store remaining virus sam-

ples in high-security laborato-ries in Atlanta and Moscow. Dr Ken Berns of Yale Uni-versity, who chaired the

debate, said the destruction-

ists relied mainly on political arguments while their oppo-

nents emphasised the scien-

tific benefits of keeping the

The preservationists argue

• Further research, using

shed light not only on why

smallpox was so dangerous

but on why some viruses are

• The Atlanta and Moscow

stocks might not be the only

remaining smallpox in existence. The virus could conceiv-

ably survive in bodies buried decades ago in the Siberian

permafrost. Or there could still be samples in other labo-

ratories, concealed or just for-

gotten – ampoules of smallpox

virus were discovered in 1985

in an old refrigerator at the

London School of Hygiene and

Even if smallpox is extinct.

a similar disease might occur

if a related animal virus such

as monkey pox mutated into a

form that infected humans.

The original virus would be a

useful reference for fighting

The fate of smallpox could

set a precedent for other dis-

ease agents. The World Health

Organisation is campaigning

to eradicate polio by the year

Tropical Medicine.

the new disease.

more virulent than others.

virus alive.

tories in the US and Russia.

By Clive Cookson, Science Editor

more than offset a 1.8 per cent rise in May and took output ings rose an underlying 3% per back to roughly the same level

as in February. Other official figures showed that the number of people out of work and claiming benefit rose a seasonally adjusted 200 last month, following a revised fall of 4,800 in June. The increase, the first since January, took the unemployment total to 2.91m, a rate of 10.4 per cent. Unadjusted, unemployment rose by 64,000 to 2.92m. Average earnings growth slowed again, underlining the weakness of employee wage

cent in the year to June from 3% per cent in May, pushed lower by the 1.5 per cent ceiling on public sector pay settle-

The pound slipped back on the worse than expected eco-nomic news to close 1% pfennigs down on the day at DM2.5175. Although share price gains were modest, the FT-SE 100 index reached a new record close of 3,009.1, up 3 points on the day. The Central Statistical Office

said the fall in manufacturing negotiators, in spite of recent output, the sharpest monthly

drop since February 1988, was largely a correction from May's figures inflated by the late bank holiday. The drop was widely spread across industry. although it was slightly sharper for metals and mineral

production. In the three months to June, manufacturing output rose by 1.4 per cent compared with the previous three month period. but the bigger than expected downturn in June will add to speculation that the recovery may be slowing.

Most of the quarterly growth came from higher output of investment goods. Production

in this sector rose by 2.4 per cent compared with the three months to March.

In the consumer goods sector, output rose 0.7 per cent in the latest three months, with car production the only buoyant category, rising 10.2 per cent quarter-on-quarter.

According to the CSO's figures, manufacturing output in the three months to June was 3.1 per cent higher than the same period a year ago.

Total industrial production, which includes energy and water supply, fell 0.6 per cent month-on-month but rose by 0.8 per cent over the entire

three months of the year. Mr David Hunt, the employment secretary, was optimistic about the latest jobless figures pointing to "encouraging

"Although headline unemployment always rises in July as 600,000 school and college leavers start to flood on to the labour market, today's increase of 200 in the seasonally adjusted figure is in marked contrast with this time last year when the figure rose by 36,000," he said.

London shares, Page 25

Britain in brief

to end tie

with insurer

Cheltenham & Gloucester building society, the UK's sixth largest home loan and

savings institution, is to cease

sales of life assurance once its

five-year exclusive distribu-

tion agreement with Legal &

General insurance company

ends in November. It says it will concentrate on the sale of

interest-only and repayment

mortgages.
There has been increasing

criticism of the sale of endow-

ment policies, long-term

savings plans sold by insur-

ance companies and intended to pay off the mortgage on

maturity, because of their

high charges and uncertain

its customers to take endow-

ment mortgages in 1990. Mr

Andrew Longhurst, chief executive of C&G, said the build-

ing society would prefer to let

borrowers choose their own

method of repayment. Mr Lon-ghurst said, C&G's low cost

base means it does not need

the extra income from the sale

of insurance products to remain profitable.

London International Group, the world leader in branded

condoms, has developed a poly-urethane material, trade-

LIG said that, as Duron is

twice as strong as latex - the usual material for condoms -

it can be made much thinner,

giving greater sensitivity. In

laboratory tests, Duron proved

New material

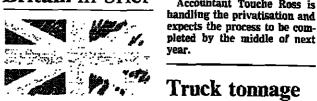
for condoms

marked Duron.

Aids virus.

C&G decided to stop urging

final returns



Truck tonnage falls sharply Loan group

The number of trucks above 3.5 tonnes gross vehicle weight operating in the UK fell by nearly 3.5 per cent last year to 415,000 under the impact of

ests or a management buy-out.

Accountant Touche Ross is

Truck sales have been more than halved since the peak reached in 1989, and the stock of trucks has dropped by 13.2 per cent from 478,000 in 1989. The total stock of trucks currently licensed in the UK is at its lowest level for 10 years according to a report published yesterday by the Department of Transport.

Flooding threat to London tube

Part of London's underground railway is threatened by flooding because the water table is rising by 2.5 metres a year at Trafalgar Square, London Underground, which runs the system, said it needed £18m for "urgent remedial work" this year, but had only received £9m. Already, 3m gallons of water are pumped out of tunnels and stations daily.

It said some of its drains were built in the 1860s and needed upgrading, while almost half the network's 635 pumps need to be replaced. The Underground lines affected include the Central, Northern and Piccadilly.

Oftel to meet

Oftel, the telecoms regulator, has invited British Telecommunications and its competitors to a meeting in early October to discuss future arrangements for interconnection by competitors to the public telecommunications network.

an effective barrier to viruses much smaller than HIV, the The new condoms will be test marketed in the US next year and in other countries depending on regulatory approvals. The material has already won US Food and Drug Administration clearance and work for interconnection. key parts of the manufacturing

Belfast Airport to be sold off

Belfast International Airport Northern Ireland economy minister, said he would invite bids and indicated he would like to see a sale to local inter-

process have been patented.

telecom rivals

The day-long private semi-nar, an unusual departure for a regulator, is to give BT the chance to spell out its proposals for standard published interconnection tariffs and to give competitors an opportunity to respond, before Oftel

Health warning issued on eels

The Department of Health has issued a warning after pesticide traces were found in eels. is to be sold to the private Officials said it was "prudent sector. Mr Robert Atkins, the to limit consumption" of eels caught in the Humber, Yorkshire Ouse, Thames, Itchen and Test in Hampshire, Severn and Trent.

British Coal aims divided on to close 15 pits destroying in eight months

By Michael Smith.

BRITISH COAL, the state-run corporation, wants to close up to half its 30 working pits within eight months following an investigation which suggested only about a dozen

pits have a long-term future. British Coal's latest prognosis is worse than anything it has so far acknowledged. It means a significantly larger contraction of the industry than the government admitted was in prospect last October when public anger forced a retreat on widespread pit clo-

was taken at the end of the evenly balanced debate in In considering whether to sanction 15 closures in the current financial year, as British Coal would prefer, ministers will be wary of stirring controversy at a time when they need maximum from Conservative MPs for the planned coal privatisation.

The Department of Trade and industry is thought to have accepted the economic case for the 15 closures. Hesitation in implementing them stems from concern about the political consequenc Ministers and British Coal

are, however, acutely aware that delay will store up prob-lems for the 12 or so core pits that are likely to comprise the company when it is privatised. British Coal's stockpiles, already above 14m tonnes, are growing at up to 1m tonnes a month. The higher they rise, the greater the likelihood that new genetic techniques, could private sector operators will add to the closure list in future

Mr Gerard McCloskey, disclohis Financial Times Interna- any coal they can sell to the

simile to subscribers, says not even 12 pits will survive in the long term if new private sector

mine owners opt to meet con-tracts from existing stocks. Pressure is building for a closures announcement as early as next month. But the simultaneous closure of 15 pits is unlikely, following the reaction to last October's announce-

More likely, British Coal will announce fewer than half a dozen closures at first. More would follow piecemeal throughout the remainder of the financial year. It is likely that demoralised

miners at some pits would volunteer for closure rather than risk missing out on an enhanced redundancy scheme, which is only guaranteed until December. This has already happened at Rufford, in Nottinghamshire, and Markham, in Derbyshire. British Coal's problems stem

from the policy document on coal in March which reprieved 12 pits earmarked for closure in October 1992 but did little to find a market for their coal. Since then the electricity generators, which are British Coal's main customers, have shown reluctance to buy coal in excess of existing contracts. Moreover, sales to generators

under these contracts will fall

from 40m tonnes this year to

30m in 1994-95, making clo-

sures among the previous core

of 19 pits inevitable. The government is commit-ted to offer to the private sector any pits no longer wanted by British Coal in the run-up to privatisation. Companies sing British Coal's thinking in will be offered subsidies for



century church devastated by an IRA explosion in the City of London 18 months ago, is due to design. Since then, craftsmen have spent reopen shortly following painstaking repairs. months redesigning missing elements. Installa-The stained glass, shattered by the blast, is now tion will take up to three weeks as the worktional Coal Report weekly fac generators before privatisation. | being replaced (above). Because few photomen replace each panel individually.

swept for traces of glass depicting the original

Fishing curbs branded 'draconian'

GOVERNMENT plans to restrict the number of days Britain's fishing fleet can spend at sea are "draconian" and should be abandoned. according to a cross-party committee of MPs.

The measures "amount to little more than decommissioning on the cheap," the Commons agriculture committee says today in a report on fishing conservation measures. "They carry the risk that the UK fleet will suffer a catastrophic financial implosion."

The government is introducing the measures as part of its

effort to cut fleet capacity by 19 per cent by 1996, under an EC agreement to conserve over-exploited fish stocks.

It intends that the days-atsea limits should achieve a capacity reduction of up to 8% per cent. The rest of the cuts would be obtained through a £25m programme of decommissioning and licensing controls on all fishing vessels.

The days-at-sea restrictions, to be introduced next January, affect all vessels more than 10 metres long. Instead of the days-at-sea

policy, the committee proposes each fishing boat be allocated an individual quota for the particular types of fish it catches. member states on enforcement Fishermen would initially of conservation rules. have to buy "individual trans-The UK, for example, has 152 ferable quotas," possibly by inspectors compared with only government auction. "The gov-12 for Spain, according to Com-

The report adds that overin the market by buying quotas to reduce fishing effort," says the committee. "Alternaseas fishermen often complain "that they are subjected to tively, as occurs in other quota over-zealous supervision when fishing in UK waters". systems, a percentage of each quota could be shaved off to

mission estimates.

In spite of Spanish moves to increase the number of inspectors and tackle infringements. the committee says it attaches haps all, of the evidence we received about malpractice on the part of a number of Span-

The ouestion being asked by

analysts is whether, given the

fiercely competitive state of

markets, such a volume will be

enough to provide adequate

profitability while sustaining

needed investments of well

Prof Rhys, for one, believes

that Rover may have to lift

output beyond the 500,000

level, to 600,000 and possibly

more, "in order to make rea-

Between its Longbridge and

Cowley plants. Rover retains a

theoretical capacity of nearly

1m units. But to utilise more of

it effectively would require

more models - not only a firm

commitment to replacing the

Metro small car, but possibly a

smaller four-wheel-drive and a "people carrier" as well as the

already-mooted MG small

sonable, sustained profits".

over £200m a year.

Auction

化原物 化二角性 抗菌素 人名西班牙 (1984)

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Speeding Rover overcomes stalled start John Griffiths examines the prospects for one of the proclaimed ideal volume of around 500,000 vehicles a year.

Aerospace (BAe) is few European car producers to defy market trends free to sell Rover Group, the BL cars and Land Rover business it bought for £150m five years ago. There has been much speculation that BAe would seek to unload Rover for a tidy profit - current estimates of its value range around £500m the moment the government's privatisation terms made it possible.

But there is no queue of would be buyers lined up. And with Rover on the verge of returning to trading profit, and currently alone among European cur makers in increasing sales in EC markets, there is no sign that BAe is even getting ready to sell it.

Volkswagen/Audi. whose dash for European market supremacy through acquisition once made it the favourite bidder for Rover, is too financially

troubled. Ford almost certainly would have felt constrained to prevent a VW takeover. But, making heavy losses of its own, it too has no cash. From both points of view,

"the best result is that Rover

remains the industrial equiva-

lent of Belgium", observes Prof

Garel Rhys of Cardiff Business School's motor industry research centre. Few other large carmakers

are looking at Rover with interest. Even Honda, with which Rover has a 20 per cent cross-shareholding, claims no desire for control, although it may consider an increased

One reason is the current depressed European motor industry. West European sales are down 17.7 per cent so far this year. But even if the climate were better, Ford's hard struggle to make viable its £1.6bn purchase of Jaguar and General Motors' similar struggles with Saab have made the industry wary of acquisitions.

The fundamental question now is whether the UK's emergence from its steepest postwar car sales slump and the strong progress Rover is making in continental Europe and North America, really are combining to provide it with a via-

ble long-term future. As Prof Rhys and other industry analysts point out,

Rover has had an embarrass-ing number of "false dawns" in which supposedly attractive new model programmes failed to live up to their promise. Rover has only recently begun reversing its long UK

market share decline, from more than 40 per cent in the 1960s to 13-14 per cent by the early 1990s. The smaller Rover 200/400 car range has re-established Rover as a serious competitor.

Following a £200m investment to transform production facilities at Cowley, the Rover 800 has become a market leader in the UK executive car sector. Production of Discovery and Range Rover models cannot keep pace with demand, and Rover expects to quadruple sales of these vehicles, to 16,000 annually, in the US over

the next couple of years. Cowley, the company's central England plant, reflects the new flexibility of the group. Its workforce is building ageing Montego and Maestro models while demand persists.

RV8 sports car, one of a num-ber of niche vehicles marketed by Rover's new Special Projects Division, is being virtually hand assembled. Large productivity improve-ments - a claimed 18 per cent

ernment could then intervene

The MPs admit fishermen

The report also criticises the

are likely to oppose such a

EC Common Fisheries Policy which, it says, is undermined

reduce fishing effort."

at Cowley so far this year and the introduction of "lean" distribution which has taken thousands of cars out of the supply pipeline are also driving down costs.
Mr John Towers, Rover's

managing director, says the company is now close to its target of financial break-even at 400,000 cars a year. The trouble is last year's production was only 405,000, and

output is down marginally again this year. That analysts expect Rover to achieve a trading profit of £30-50m this year is thus largely the result of Rover's rigorous cost-cutting. But with current debts of around £400m

Next year, recovery should lift profits to £90m-£100m and a management buy-out pro-A few yards away, the MG Rover should move closer to its posal for next spring.

Nevertheless Mr Towers maintains Rover's sustained viability is no longer in doubt - a view firmly entrenched in management ranks. Those ranks may well seek

Rover would still be making a to stake their futures on that view. There is growing talk of

sports car.

LEGAL

NOTICES

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Section 105 of the Insolvency Act 1986, that a general meeting of the members of the above-named company will be held at 20 Farringdon Street, London ECAA 4PP on 17 September 1993 at 10.30 am and will be followed by a meeting of creditors at 11.00 am for the purposes of receiving an account of the acts and dealings by the Liquidator and of the conduct of the windling up to date.

Proxy forms if applicable, must be lodged at P.O. Box 730, 20 Farriagion Street, Logdon EC4A 4PP not later

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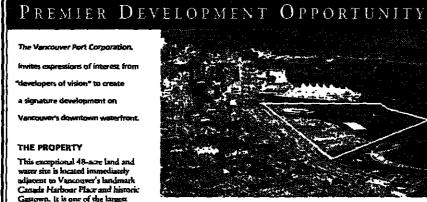
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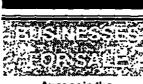
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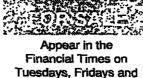
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PUBLIC NOTICES

SUBSTANCES ACT 1960 APPLICATION BY NUCLEAR ELECTRIC PLC TO DISPOSE OF

The Chief Inspector of Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Pollution (HMP) and the Minister of Agriculture, Fishedes and Food are considering an application from Nuclear Electric pic, in accordance with the Radioactive Substances Act 1960, to dispose of gaseous, liquid and combustible radioactive waste from their memises at Sizewell B Nuclear Power Station, Sizewell, Nr. Leiston in the County of Sufferi

Copies of the application from Nuclear Electric plc together with draft Certificates of Authorisation and Explanatory Memoranda, which have been prepared for this public consultation, can be inspected at: All public fibraries in the County of Suffolk; The Ebraries of Gorleston, Great Yamouth, Harleston, Long Stratton, Norwich and Thorpe St Andrew in the County of Norfolk; The Ebraries of Clacton on Sea, Colchester (Main and Prettygate), Harwich, Maidon and Witham in the County of Essex; The council offices of Suffolk County Council, Suffolk County District Council and at HMIP's main offices in London, Bedford, Bristol and Leeds during normal working hours from 13 August 1993 until 8 October 1993.

All comments should be sent as soon as possible and in any event to arrive no later than 8 October 1993 to Sizewell B Public Consultation, HM Inspectorate of Pollution, PO Box 143, Bedford, MK42 OPN. E677/01/IPAN (1)

CONTRACTS & TENDERS

INVITATION TO SUBMIT BIDS FOR THE PURCHASE OF 18141 SHARES REPRESENTING A 67.19% INTEREST IN THE

ARAB COMPANY FOR HOTELS &TOURISM INVESTMENT (ACHTI) (CAIRO - EGYPT)

In the context of the Privatization Program of the Government of Egypt, the Egyptian General Organization for Tourism and Hotels (EGOTH) announces the sale of its stake in the Arab Company for Hotels and Tourism Investment (ACHTI). EGOTH's total stake in ACHTI is 18141 shares representing about 67.19% of the total outstanding common shares of ACHTI. The Commercial International Bank was appointed as the Financial Adviser in the sale of these shares.

THE COMPANY

The Arab Company for Hotels & Tourism Investment (ACHTI) is an Egyptian joint stock company established in 1979 under Law No. 43/1974 amended by Law No. 230/1989. The company is engaged in conducting investments in hotels and touristic projects in Egypt. ACHTI is the owner of the Sheraton Luxor Hotel (a 5 star hotel located in Luxor city with a total room capacity of 298 rooms), Novotel Cairo Airport Hotel (a 4 star hotel located in Heliopolis, Cairo Airport area with a total room capacity of 215 rooms), Merri Raa boat (a floating restaurant leased to Sheraton Luxor) and other investments.

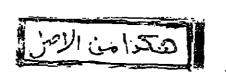
SALE PROCEDURES

The Shares of the company will be sold through a competitive bidding procedure according to the terms and conditions of the bid documents and subject to prevailing Egyptian laws and regulations. Bidders may obtain from the Financial Adviser's office a complete set of bid documents outlining the bidding procedures and requirements and including detailed information on the company. Bids for the entire amount of offered shares as well as partial bids will be accepted subject to a minimum bid of 1350 shares.

Bids will be accepted until noon on Thursday, September 30, 1993.

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المكافئة المنافئة

math is a tense time in any industry and nowhere more so than in the volatile world of book publishing. When the merged firms represent two very different kinds of publish-

ing, the friction can be intense. Tim Hely Hutchinson, group chief executive of the new-born Hodder Headline, should be keenly aware of the dangers he faces. More than a decade ago Robert Maxwell head-hunted him to help restore order to the industrial chaos after the merger of the aggressive, young Futura paperbacks and the established, hard-cover house Macdonald. A bitter staff dispute about redundancies at Macdonald lasted four months and £1.5m was lost in the year before Hely Hutchinson took charge. When he left in 1986

the company was again in profit.

Today, however, he is facing an arguably greater challenge with the merger of his ambitious young company Headline and the venerable, privately-owned Hodder & Stoughton, which has created the fifth largest British publishing group.

Hely Hutchinson's career at 39 resembles that of an executive character from a fast-paced thriller on his own Headline list. He is single and drives a silver Alfa Romeo. He is descended from Irish aristocracy - the family seat is in County Tipperary. The son of the Earl of Donoughmore, Eton and Oxford educated, his background blends a colourful cocktail of romantic appeal and success that feature writers have detailed ad

The years spent working in Maxwell's shadow provide a rich source of anecdotes and questions. How, for instance, did he thwart Maxwell's regular attempts to turn Macdonald into his own personal publishing house? Hely Hutchinson confirms that he stalled Maxwell's pet projects by turning a blind eye to the telescope, encouraging the chief quietly to abandon his craziest es. "I had two jobs - running Macdonald and running a relationship with Maxwell," he says.

His ambition for Headline - the furn he founded with venture capital and the expertise of his colleagues Sian Thomas and Sue Fletcher in 1986 - was evident from the start. "Headline was always the platform to do something substantial; it was never going to be just a

A profit driven, popular consu publisher from the outset - as you might expect from the publisher of Follies of the Flesh, The Heilo! Cook book and Buddy Bolly is Aline and Well on Ganymede - Headline was never going to fit the traditional British publishing mould: Hocker

EUROMANAGERS TO WATCH

A literary union

Martin Mulligan examines how the fledgling Hodder Headline is coping with post-merger uncertainty



by contrast, represents just that: a respected family firm founded in 1868 with an evangelical purpose, boasting an established educational division, and a distinguished backlist which includes Le Carre, Enid Blyton and the Bible.

Hely Hutchinson has a vision of "a conglomerate with soul". What he has on his hands for the moment are two very recently separate publishing entities and editors on each side who start from different publishing assumptions. It will take undoubted energy and diplomacy to co-ordinate them without mishap. He plays down the merger's possible hazards. "I do not see that there will be any culture clash, especially as the lists differ so," he says. Nor

170 to more than 600 staff. His advice to managers in the midst of merger is: act swiftly. "There are inevitable fears, uncer-tainty and unhappiness in the early

is he uneasy at the expansion from

days of a merger. I intend to get these out of the way as quickly as possible." He regards "bottleneck-ing" or vacillating about decisions as the worst sin a manager can

He is clearly uncomfortable though when it comes to discussing the ultimate size of Hodder Headline. "The immediate thrusts of the merger will be to reduce costs and simultaneously to stimulate growth in the editorial departments, as Hodder & Stoughton has been starved of resources during the past few years," he says, quickly adding:
"No one needs to feel threatened.
I don't recognise any differences between people as to their origins within the group. Everyone within the group now is Hodder Headline: it doesn't matter where they came from. No division is for sale."

So far, 72 jobs have gone, twothirds falling on the administrative side of the business. A relocation will follow next spring when Hodder's old distribution centre near Sevenoaks in Kent is closed, affecting about 150 people. Headline's distribution company, Bookpoint, in Abingdon, Berkshire, will be expanded and 70 people taken on. Hely Hutchinson says that with these measures the "major UK job saving programme" will be com-

The need to safeguard Headline's entrepreneurial spirit which has brought it so far - from a share price of 87.55 when it came to market in April 1991 to today's 355, and figuring frequently in the bestseller lists with Dean Koontz's supernatural thrillers and Ellis Peters' medieval whodunnits - ranks high on

his list of priorities.

Hodder Headline will comprise autonomous sales teams for 10 separate lists, able in theory to react more quickly to perceived openings in the market. Each unit vill be headed by its own managing director. Martin Neild, former key accounts director of Pan Macmillan, is to run fiction and non-fiction.

Hely Hutchinson explains: "A

publisher must be good at buying and at selling. Selling books is not like selling socks or shirts; the judgments require more subtlety. The industry is relatively short of allrounders who are competent to buy and sell." His conclusion is that the all-rounders heading his divisions should be free to trust their publishing intuitions and, crucially, to remain sensitive to feedback from

Is this dream of a versatile publishing giant, formed of such heterogeneous units and guaranteeing quality at the same time as profits, truly attainable? Hely Hutchinson's growing number of fans insist he will be able to carry it off. His progress across the Hodder Headline tightrope will be watched with industry-wide fascination. CHRISTOPHER LORENZ

Tailoring offices to more modest times



would not have believed his eyes. Nor, for that matter, would the fiercest critics of his free-spending antics at the European Bank for Reconstruction and

Development. Even my humble taxi driver and I could scarcely credit it. After 10 minutes of searching up and down a Swiss city street, full of solid, multi-storey stone offices, we found the headquarters of the £1.7bn business we were seeking; an unassuming timber block which we had passed several times.
The single-storey building was

more reminiscent of a British postwar austerity "prefab" or a Nissen hut than the base of a thrusting worldwide business. At best, it resembled a works canteen, or a cricket pavilion. Inside, all was creaky floors and

dark linoleum. Even the boss's office, with its simple desk, table and chairs, was graced only by a warn oriental carpet. To a British eye, accustomed to

all the marble, glitz and soaring atria with which corporate offices have been embroidered under American influence over the past 15 years, it certainly looked out of place. But could – or should – it be the shape of things to come?
In a literal sense, obviously not:

the 40-year-old building has worn well, but is less functional than it looks: its long corridors and inflexible partitions would impede the pattern of shifting group-work needed in most modern organisations. On the sweltering day of my visit, its lack of proper ventilation was annoying. And if it were built today, its poor "plot" ratio (office space to site area) would give any modern developer a heart attack.
Yet it stands for a principle that,

with the glaring exception of banking, shows signs of returning to very status-conscious Angle-Saxon corporate world: that head-office buildings should not only be cost-effective, but should also reflect the individual character of the organisations within them, rather than some glossy theatrical norm. Since the nature of most organisations is changing.

Attali so should that of their HQs. It is a coincidence, but a most appropriate one, that the Swiss business I visited is in the midst of "re-engineering" its various processes, in common with many other European and American companies. In such organisations, processes which span such activities as order processing and logistics are being redesigned from scratch. Each unnecessary step is

being stripped out. The same criterion should be applied to head offices. For both cost and psychological reasons, it is inappropriate for a "re-engi-neered" organisation to continue to occupy an HQ equipped with superfluous but expensive bells, whistles and decorations. If it really wants to remain lean and ultra-productive, and not re-accu-mulate fat, it must signal that

Since the nature of most organisations is changing, so should that of their headquarters

intention to its employees at all levels, especially to its managers. This does not mean every company must move into Nissen huts, nor that we should return to the awful uniformity - and functional inadequacy - of the grey, faceless 1960s office block. Good designers can do far better than that.

All around the world there are plenty of restrained, head-office buildings. In Japan some, like that of Brother, resemble little more than distribution depots. Many other companies have also resisted the temptation to follow most of their country's electronics and carmakers into ritzy, American-style corporate palaces.

In the west, various HQs epitomise a form of understated grace which is worthy of any multinational anywhere: the most impressive are low-rise structures in Silicon Valley, such as those of Intel and Hewlett-Packard. In a different physical and development environment, the converted mills of several of their New England rivals, notably Digital, rate equally highly. European instances include Electrolux's sparse Stockholm HQ, a former factory. Its conversion was done with none of the interior ostentation of several recent refurbishments of well-known London buildings, including the former HQ

of this newspaper. Whether a rehabilitated building is low or high rise, and was for-merly industrial or commercial, the process of stripping out the old interior and replacing it with lean, purpose-designed office facilities, is obviously a form of "re-engineer ing". But this does not mean that no re-engineered organisation should build anew; it is arguable that new-build is closer than rehab to the "redesign from scratch"

principle of re-engineering.
Whether they redesign, or build from scratch, organisations of every kind should tailor their buildings to their peculiar require-ments, both internal and external In doing so, they must consider their employees' current - and future - working patterns, motivation and productivity. And they must weigh carefully the sort of external image they wish to project into a cost-conscious world.

Organisations whose fortunes are based largely on image-creation, such as advertising agencies, will continue to require a fair degree of opulence and show in their buildings. But this does not necessarily entail vast cost; ingenuity is more important. Even a company which wants to broadcast its high-tech glamour by using the latest building technology need not spend the earth if it has a good architect.

Most other types of organisation, should rein back their glitz and glamour by several degrees at least. They cannot do so instantly, since neither refurbishment nor new-build is an economic proposition for most of them in the current state of the office market.

But, as more and more scale down their head offices for strate gic or cost reasons, and need more modest-sized accommodation as a result, it will be instructive to see which of them tone down their opulence as well, and what character they create in its place.

Shareholders and competitors, as well as re-engineering and design consultants, should monitor devel-

THE PROPERTY MARKET

The UK property market's recovery is gathering pace. A spate of better-than-expected news on the economy, together with a sea change in sentiment, is fuelling a far stronger recovery than forecasters expected at the start of the

Since the spring, the amount of money waiting to be invested in the property market has built up rapidly. Some £7bn of money had been earmarked for the property sector, according to Hillier Parker, chartered surveyors.

James Capel, a broker, is now expecting capital values to rise by 10 per cent this year, and 10 per cent in 1994. "The investment market is hotter than at any time since the late 1970s," says Mr Alan Carter of

its property team. Some of this enthusiasm is shared by the stock market. On Wednesday when the FT-SE 100 index broke through the 3,000 mark, property was the best performing sector of the market with a 2.2 per cent rise.

The value of property shares has nearly doubled in the past year, as investors look forward to an improvement in the underlying market. The property sector is now on a premium of 10 per cent to estimated net asset value, according to brokers UBS. That compares with a 10 year average discount of 23.7 per cent.
Not everyone is convinced

that the enthusiasm for property is justified. The market is overheating in the view of some participants, such as Mr Clive Lewis, president of the payal Institution of Chartered Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Certainly, there is little evi-

dence that the end of the recession has had an impact on tenant demand. Rents are still falling: Richard Ellis, a firm of surveyors, estimates that they have fallen by 7.3 per cent this year. Improvement in tenant demand is still extremely weak, not least because many occupiers still have empty space in their buildings.

Some observers also feel disconcerted that property appears to be bucking its traditional role of being one of the last sectors of the economy to respond to an upturn in the economic cycle.

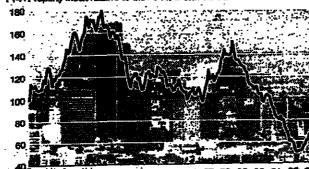
But this point begs the ques-tion of how much the current behaviour of the property sector has in common with previ-

in some respects, there are strong parallels. Consider, for instance, this assessment of

Vanessa Houlder on the recent an extremely rapid fall in sharp upturn in the UK

A ride on the rollercoaster of recovery

Property: on the rebound



the market in the FT's Lex colump in February 1975. With the exception of the quantity of bank debt overhanging the

market, the comment would have been valid 18 years later. "The immediate problem, however, is establishing a new level of values, given the unsettling influences of the amount of property for sale, the £2.8bn of banking lending to the property sector still to be unwound, the recessionary threat to rents and the uncertainties about the government's detailed land proposals.

"But the longer-term bull arguments remain - property's record as an inflation hedge, the weight of institutional money in short-term assets and the impact of the current cutback on new development on the supply of space in two or

three years' time."
But the differences between these periods are possibly more striking than the similarities. Consider, for instance, proper-ty's relationship with gilts and equities, which is entirely different from the 1970s. Property yields at about 9 per cent are now higher than gilt yields and far higher than equity yields, which stand at 3.7 per cent. In the 1970s, by contrast, property yields were close to equity yields and far below gilt yields.

The consequence of this changed relationship is that property responds far more readily to changes in the bond market. "For the first time in 30 years, property has bond characteristics, rather than equity characteristics," says Mr David Tunstall of Smith

New Court.
As a result, the current bull market in bonds is forcing down property yields. Hillier Parker this week said that yields had dropped by a further 0.1 percentage points for August, pushing the All Property average yield down to 9 per cent. In some sectors where reasonable rental growth is expected, yields have dropped by 1-1.5 points over the last six months, it says.

ccording to Hillier Parker, this is the first improvement in ∟yields since August 1988, when yields stood at 7.2 per cent. It believes the improvement in yields is set to continue. "With renewed interest, particularly from institu-tional investors, the market is now gradually moving from one of few buyers and many potential vendors of a year ago, to many more buyers than sell-Some agents are forecasting

of 2 percentage points by the end of the year. It expects retail warehouse yields to be 7 per cent, office yields to fall below 7.5 per cent, prime retail yields to drop to 5.5% per cent and industrial yields to fall to 8 per cent. Can the market maintain

this pace? Some analysts believe the unexpected strength of the recovery this year means next year's growth will be slower than anticipated. In the view of Mr Chris Turner of BZW, the improvement in values will slow down next year. If falling gilt yields cease to bolster the market, the continued progress in property values will depend on the out-look for rental growth, which is still uncertain.

Most surveyors do not expect rents to begin to grow until the second half of 1994. But it is depends on the economic per-formance of different cities and ter to 8.4 per cent in the City of London and 38 per cent in Docklands. London's vacancy rate stands at 17.8 per cent, while outside London, the average city vacancy rate is 11.5 per cent.

Overall, about 44m sq ft of

The question of how fast rental growth will return the market for redevelopment More than anything else, however, the outlook for rental

yields. Savills, a firm of char-tered surveyors, believes that

Ref. LPD

hard to generalise. Much the balance of supply and demand. A recent report by Chesterton showed that vacancy rates for new or refur-bished office property ranges from 0.7 per cent in Manches-

office floorspace is available to let in the UK's largest 16 cities, representing 15.3 per cent of their total stock. New and refurbished floorspace accounts for over 40 per cent of the total available space. As demand improves, this space will become more attractive to potential occupiers at the expense of the secondary mar-ket. "Poor quality secondary properties, or those in fringe and unproven locations, may be suitable only for redevelopment," it says.

depends on several factors, such as the amount of secondhand space that is taken out of and the speed of the recovery of the development market.

growth depends on the robustness of the economy. The UK needs a period of low interest rates and strong growth, if the recovery in the property market is to keep its momentum.

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any corporate videos are synonymous with the cor-porate snooze: 20 minutes of largely irrelevant ramblings which have to be tolerated in order to glean one or two pieces of useful information. Many are already out of date just a few months after being produced

The result? Many a corporate video quickly ends up with the last batch of company slides - gather-ing dust on the shelf.

"There must be a minimum of 500,000 businesses that have produced audio-visual material in the past four to five years," says Mike Smith, managing director of Bradford-based YPL Communications. "I bet 490,000 of them are not being used.'

Smith's company specialises in training material and corporate presentations on the latest electronic media: CD-Rom and Laser-

The Laserdisc system he promotes, under the acronym of Bra (Barcode random access), allocates a barcode number to each section of the presentation on the disc. By clicking a light pen over the barcode in the accompanying catalogue the presentation jumps to the relevant section. Usually the images appear on a television screen, although the Laserdisc player can be attached to a projector for larger audiences.

"Bra enables you to produce the presentation from scratch or to take old linear videos and put them into the system and provide them with a directory," says Smith. "Bra is not particularly good if you need intelligence. CD-I is probably a better system for that."

One Laserdisc can incorporate 36 minutes of video, 54,000 slides or a combination of the two. Each disc has a dual soundtrack - one could be in a foreign language to promote overseas sales.

One of YPL's most prominent customers is the Patent Office, for which YPL has installed 170 systems. The disc is used in conjunction with a work book to explain how the patent system

Smith believes that at a cost of under £10,000 to put ageing slides and video on disc, many small businesses are overlooking the chance to make substantial business

16 ant of ritios nee

ven the most sedentary cinema-goer must once have had a sneaking desire to stand alongside Clint Eastwood as the showdown loomed or join Indiana Jones in an escape from marauding tribespeople. Playing out such fantasies on the television screen is also the dream of film makers and electronics comof film makers and electronics comnanies. This autumn European consumers will be bombarded with the first stage in such dream fulfilment

feature films on a silvery disc. In a £3m advertising campaign Philips is promoting full-length films on compact disc - the fiveinch disc already widespread in the music and computer market. Ironically, they will be challenged by Japanese electronics company Pio-neer, which is promoting in Europe the 12-inch Laserdiscs developed and largely abandoned - by Philips

over a decade ago. Laserdisc is acknowledged as the superior product. "It's like a comparison between a hardback and a paperbook book," concedes Simon Turner, director of Philips Interactive Media Systems.

Laserdisc produces high-quality

digital "surround" sound with broadcast picture quality, as the large disc size means the picture is not compressed. Philips' Digital Video, on the other hand, has to squash the pictures to get an entire film on to CD. For every one piece of data that is included on the disc another 129 are discarded. When the disc is played the eye does not notice the compression because the discarded data relates to parts of the screen that are not changing.

Only the moving parts of the film are updated, resulting in a picture quality which Philips claims is slightly superior to a VHS video. The accompanying sound is digital stereo, of a similar quality to that achieved on audio CD. Digital Video is the final piece in Philips' concept of CD-I (compact disc interactive) which combines digital images, sound and now video images for computer games, educational pur-

poses and general entertainment.

Despite the inferior quality, says Turner, the five-inch disc is the one consumers identify with and want to buy. "It's not equivalent to Laserdisc, but that's of no interest to 95 per cent of the UK population who have never seen Laserdisc." Laserdisc, he concludes, is a niche market for the movie connoisseur.

At Pioneer, Guy Warren, senior manager of marketing and sales for Europe, begs to differ. Although the technology failed to grab the public imagination in the 1980s, when there were few recorded films available and the players were expensive, Laserdisc has since proven popular outside Europe. In Japan. one in 10 households has a player, Della Bradshaw and in the US 1m Laserdisc machines are in use. "This autumn

Philips and Pioneer are competing to bring Hollywood to life in the living room, writes **Della Bradshaw**

Stars on a silver disc



Feature films will be available on Laserdiscs (right) and compact discs

will probably be a turning point for Laserdisc in Europe," predicts Warren. "There will be several blockbuster films released." They will included Basic Instinct, Chaplin and Universal Soldier. The Laserdisc players sell for £399, although a single film costs around £25. A feature film on Digital Video will cost less than \$25 (£17).

In common with Digital Video, and unlike videocassettes, Laserdiscs are virtually indestructible, and the machines can play audio CDs as well. Warren believes the growing popularity of large-screen and projection television sets will fuel demand for these high-quality

In Europe, Pioneer plans to follow the route that established the technology in the US: it will buy the rights to blockbuster films and publish them on Laserdisc in the Euro-

pean Pal television format. Neither Pioneer nor Philips see their products as a direct competitor for the VCR. In Japan there is now no market for audio CD players, only for Laserdisc ones, says Warren. Turner goes one step further. "Really we see CD-I as this box which produces many different values in the home. Games will be much better quality and there will be interactive films.

Much of Philips' bold advertising campaign will focus on persuading consumers that CD-I will bring together what used to be a plethora of distinct media. "What is interesting is that the traditional delineations in the publishing and broad-casting industries are disappearing," Turner says. "What CD-I is doing is mixing these up." For Philips, CO-I forms the basis

of a home entertainment system that combines computer games, dig-ital audio, traditional linear movies and a combination of movie clips and computer animation. One scenario envisaged by Philips is the mixture of film footage and com-puter images - a chase scene from Star Wars, for example, where viewers ride alongside Luke Skywalker and control a space vehicle using a joystick on a CD-I console.

The attraction of such technology has not been lost on Pioneer. It has just launched Laseractive in the US and Japan and promises a European launch during 1994, Laseractive is a collaboration between Pioneer, Japanese electronics manufacturer NEC and games company Sega, and delivers interactive games and films similar to those on CD-L

Pioneer is again pushing the superior quality of its product: the larger storage capacity of Laserdisc enables Laseractive to give an improved picture quality and superior computer images and interactive software. The company also believes the greater storage capac-ity of Laserdisc will enable the technology to compete with high-definition television, which has a far

greater number of picture elements.
Philips counters by saying CD-I technology will have progressed by the middle of the decade, the earliest date by which HDTV will be available. Double density discs will be available using blue lasers. which can be focused more finely than today's red laser systems.

Warren also argues that on the home-movie front Laserdisc has a further advantage over CD-I in the run up to the Christmas buying season: the technology is well-proven and widely available.
This autumn Philips is selling a

slot-in cartridge for £150 which will upgrade existing CD-I players. bought largely for games software, to enable them to play feature films and interactive games incorporating Digital Video. Not until early next year will the company launch a CD-I player with Digital Video included as a discrete unit. They will also sell a "black box" to convert audio CD players to play CD-I discs with Digital Video.

For the harassed parent who views such home entertainment systems as a threat to domestic peace and quiet there is one further frightening thought: both CD-I and Laseractive are designed to incorporate home karaoke systems.

Worth Watching · Della Bradshaw



Testing time for expectant mothers

A simple blood test, which could definitively inform expectant mothers whether their child has genetic abnormalities, is being developed by the Applied Imaging Corporation of Santa Clara, and the UK's Medical Research

The only method of prenatal genetic screening in widespread use today is amniocentesis, an invasive procedure involving the removal of some of the amniotic finid surrounding the foetus.

Recently it has become apparent that small numbers of the unborn child's cells enter the mother's bloodstream. The test being developed extracts these cells for genetic analysis. Researchers believe it will prove a less expensive and risky alternative to the amniocentesis test. Applied Imaging Corporation: US, 408 562 0250; UK, 091 516 0505.

Flying high with an ear to the ground

You may be flying at 30,000 feet, but the news need never be far away, writes Andrew Fisher. At least, that is what Lufthansa, the German national airline, has in mind with its plan

to keep passengers alert to the latest financial, political and other information. Through its link-up with DPA. the German news agency, Lufthansa says it will become the world's first airline to beam up hourly news bulletins by satellite. The service will be on cabin screens in German and English during long-hanl flights. Lufthansa: Germany, 069 6960.

A clean sweep for chips

As silicon chips get smaller, particles of dust on their surface

staff and 43 per cent by the

He says he is attracted by

the "public service element" of

his next job, as well as by "the

intellectual challenge" of

influencing the debate in Brus-sels so that the EC as a whole

comes out with realistic stan-

Before joining the WRc in 1974, Rouse had been at British Gas, working on various

aspects of high pressure pipe-

lines when gas was first dis-

covered in the North Sea. From

pipelines, it was but a small step to an interest in water, he

dards for water purity.

water companies.

can affect their performance. Washing the chips is difficult - traditional methods often leave finy particles of dust behind. The cleaning process is also had for the environment as it relies on chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). A small company in Bethesda, Maryland, has come up with an alternative way to clean silicon wafers which could solve both

rvolems. The Radiance process uses a laser to excite the particles so that they jump off the wafer's surface. A flow of gas then blows the particles away. Radiance intends to charge a reveity for the use of the proces Radiance: US, 301 654 0309.

Notepad/notebook with the flip of a lid

A personal word processor with a traditional keyboard and a liquid crystal screen which accepts hand-written script has been launched in Japan by Sharp. The WD-A770 has been designed with a "swing-top" ltd: when the keyboard is used the machine sits open resembling a standard ciam-shell notebook machine; when the user wants to write on the notepad the screen is pulled forward and laid on top of the keyboard, screen uppermost. Using a pen the screen is used like a notepad for creating illustrations or for editing, or highlighting text.

Various thicknesses or modes of writing are built into the software. Sharp: Japan, 06 625

Beet takes a beating

An artificial sugar beet with built-in electronic sensors should give farmers plenty to chew over this harvest.

Every year farmers are vexed by the amount of beet that gets damaged during harvesting. As much as a third can be barmed by the harvesting machinery. Help is at hand in the form of battery-powered sugar beet from Adas, the agricultural development service. It is thrown in with the ordinary beet and bumps through the harvester

alongside it. Electronic sensors, contained within a thin, carbon fibre shield and a coating of rubber, reveal where most damage occurs during the process. Adas: UK, 0525

PEOPLE

Rouse puts his toe in the water FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES Michael Rouse, who has spent since 1984, presiding over the

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K,

The Financial Times second conference on the international packaging industry will look at the implications of legislation and the opportunities and problems facing the industry and its customers. Co-operation in the packaging chain, whether recycling or incineration is the way forward will be examined, as well as the opportunities for new uses of resources.

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the past 20 years at the Water Research Centre (WRc), has been beadhunted as the next boss of the Drinking Water Inspectorate for England and He succeeds Michael Healey, Department of the Environnent civil servant responsible for water quality in the run-up to water privatisation who became the first head when the inspectorate was created at the

Healey is now retiring at the Part of the DoE, the inspectesting - and can take enforce torate, which has just 30 staff, ment action if legal requirenonitors the quality of drinkments are not being met. ing water supplied by the pri-vatised utilities - by audits A mechanical engineer by training, Rouse, 53, has been

chief executive of the WRc rather than by independent

Said at Aitken

beginning of 1990.

age of 60.

Wafic Sald, the Syrlan-born arms dealer who was men-tioned as a possible purchaser of the Observer newspaper ear-lier this year, has become a director of Aitken Hume international, the financial services group in which the Said Trust has a 31 per cent share. The other major shareholder, Lee Ming Tee of Hong Kong, has long been on the board.

Ziad Idilby, chairman and chief executive of Altken Hume, says he was approached by the Trust which wanted to nominate a director. As to the timing of Said's appointment, he adds simply: "It is very difficult for the chairman to ask, hey, how come you want to be on the board?"

In May, the group sold its fund management group National Securities Research, leaving only a London and a Guernsey bank and a huge pile of cash. "It is time for the company to decide on its future direction," Idilby agrees.

■ Judith Hunt, chief executive of Ealing borough council, London, will become chief executive of the LOCAL GOVERNMENT MANAGEMENT BOARD in October. Hunt, 48, replaces Michael Clarke who is leaving the LGMB to become Professo and head of the school of public policy at Birmingham University.

George Bain, principal of the London Business School, has been appointed an additional member of the SENIOR SALARIES REVIEW BODY, the renamed Top Salaries Review Body.

Michael Chamberlain. president of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, has been appointed a deputy chairman of the Financial Reporting Council until June 1994.

Lord Marlesford, formerly

Bodies politic and former lobby correspondent of The onomist, has been elected

chairman of the COUNCIL FOR THE PROTECTION OF RURAL ENGLAND. He succeeds David Astor who held the post for 10 years.

Peter Baker, md of Rank
Hovis, has been elected president of the NATIONAL association of British AND IRISH MILLERS for a second year.

■ Clive Lewis, joint chairman of Erdman Lewis International, has been elected president of the ROYAL INSTITUTION OF CHARTERED SURVEYORS. Veronica Lupton Hird. formerly communications director for the Girl Guides has been appointed secretary/ treasurer of The GUILD OF British newspaper EDITORS on the retirement of John Bradbury.

Clayton Brendish, executive chairman of Admiral, has been appointed a governm adviser on six NEXT STEPS

executive agencies.

McDonald: "enjoying problems" 1989 staff buy-out of the centre. which is now a private com-pany, owned 57 per cent by

Stuart McDonald, former joint chief executive of London & Edinburgh Trust, has been appointed non-executive chairman of Windsor, a small insurance broker which dominates the sports insurance market.

McDonald, 49, resigned from
LET last September along with

the Beckwith brothers, who founded the property group which was sold to Sweden's SPP for £491m at the peak of the UK property market in

Windsor, which has a stock market capitalisation of just over 16m, is recovering from a difficult period when its profits have been hit by a series of ill-conceived acquisitions and diversifications. The need to write down the value of a large property led the group to report a pre-tax loss of £1.9m in the half-year to end-March. A new chief executive. Mike

: <u>(*</u>

Eagles, was brought in from Citicorp two years ago, and the group has been looking for a new chairman to replace Stanley Cohen who has been doing the job on an interim basis. McDonald, who first met John Beckwith when they worked as accountants at Arthur Andersen in the 1960s, spent 14 years with N.M. Rothschild before joining LET in 1985. Although he says that he has not been hired by Windsor for his property expertise, he continues to advise companies on property matters. In May he was appointed to the board of Brent Walker, the heavily indebted pubs and betting shop group. "I enjoy work-ing for companies with prob-lems rather than massive organisations which are plugging along doing well," he

FINANCIAL TIM

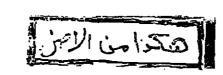
Footsie breaks through 3,000 barrier

known as Mark Schreiber, a political consultant, farmer,

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U2 at Wemblev

ith pop music so obviously suffering a crisis of confidence it is comforting to find a band wholly committed to speciacle, drama, megalomania and pretension. Half way through his performance at Wembley Arena on Wednesday, Bono, the singer and driving force behind that principal prop of the Irish economy, U2, took time off to sort out Bosnia. His live screen link up with some cowed looking inhabitants of Sarajevo got prospects for peace no further than Lord Owen, but it showed where the man's heart is - so blatantly on his sleeve that it irritates

Not that it perturbs Bono. If Bosnia cannot accept the medi-ation of U2, why not turn his attention in Salman Rushdie. He phones him up, but that is just a blind. Rushdie is actu-ally back stage and for a hug from Bono exposes himself before 50,000 people, so great is the power of a superstar.

On top of this canter through good causes U2 put on the most expensive and the most pleasurably stunning show that you are likely to see this side of the global reces-sion. The stage is like some gigantic TV station, with vast screens to project images of everything from drumming Nazis to Martin Luther King. For no good reason three cars are suspended from the galleys, and there is a light show of such brilliance that sometimes the stage glows red like the Devil's kitchen, sometimes gleams white like the very portals of Heaven.

As if this were not enough, there is a subsidiary stage linked by a catwalk where the band perform acoustic songs from the new album, a belly dancer wafts through "She moves in mysterious ways", and a prope Bono is videoed by a young Argentinian girl who squats astride him for those vital close ups.

Done.

1 [11]

With so much to divert the eye the music hardly needs attention. In fact U2 stick very close to their standard repertoire, and are at their best belting out hits like "Streets have no name" as if they were any old rock and roll band. After all, they look like one; Bono dresses mainly in black leather and dark glasses, with a switch to Mephistophelean red, plus horns, for the finale, while guitarist, The Rdge, seizes the one chance offered to the rest of the quartet and solo, "Numb".

U2 are seriously mega because they have fine control over their worthy songs and the confidence to play straight, give or take a massive stage crew and special effects of De Mille-ian proportions. Apart from the dancer there are no extra musicians, no backing singers. This is the band. They even manage to retain street cred and a right-on image while sending up their fans rotten in a sequence of video confessions taped by extrovert members of the audience, and leading the life of multi-millionaires. The cracks must be there but they do not show. The ZOO TV tour is pop as drama, pop as sensation, but U2 also make sure that the music is not completely forgotten. See it.

Antony Thorncroft

Driven through palaces

Patricia Morison makes a plea for more time to stand and stare

to Buckingham Palace to see the Queen's pictures? Other things being equal, of course you should because the Picture Gallery is just wonderful How-ever, the decision whether or not to "do" Buckingham Palace must depend on the time available and sheer physical stamina. How physically uncomfortable can one be and still derive pleasure from art?

It could so easily be different, not just at Buckingham Palace but at cultural monuments everywhere, if only cultural tourism was not focused on the mass-experience. Although Buckingham Palace is mercifully not quite as popular as some had projected, there were still 6,000 visitors last Wednesday, which is a lot for a building not purpose built

You should expect to queue for between 60 and 90 minutes for your ticket; it is possible to have the whole thing over in a morning if you are near the front of the queue by around 8am. Luring you on is the thought of the Picture Gallery where this year there are some dozen splendid masterpieces; Guercino's "Libyan Sībyl", Guido Reni's sensual "Cleopatra", the utterly chaste Agatha Bas as portrayed by Rembrandt, Rubens's "Farm at Lae-

ou love looking at great paintings. Should you then go by de Hooch, Cuyp, and Claude Lorrain.

Other rooms have memorable paintings and some surprises, such as finding no less than three women artists: the Renaissance wonder Sophonisba da Anguissola; Angelica Kaufmann (her large German duchess has the Throne Room to herself); and a marble statue of Princess Louise made in 1877 by obscure Mary Thornycroft.

However, the Picture Gallery

is the thing, perhaps above all

for the chance to see together

two of the most famous and haunting images of royalty ever made, Van Dyck's "Great Piece", Charles I with Henrietta Maria and the two eldest children, faces the great eques-trian portrait of Charles and his riding master, M. de St Antoine. (The second, larger portrait of the king on a dun charger is in the National Gallery.) These monumental paintings would be better seen from much further away, as the artist intended and as they were at one time displayed in the Van Dyck Room at Windsor Castle. Even so, it is marvellous to compare these two very different images of a doomed king. Royalists will find them the more poignant for being

still within palace walls and

just a stroll away from the

Banqueting House where

Charles's head was struck from also become a regular feature his shoulders.

العكان الخما

So far, so very good, but the drawback is that visitors have to move in one direction only. Anyone who wants to look properly must be for ever crisscrossing the gallery which is a wretched way to see paintings. They will permit no looping back for a last look, a particular hardship in the case of Rembrandt's small "Christ and Mary Magdalene at the Tomb", to my mind one of the loveliest things he ever did.

On a pragmatic view, the Queen's generosity in lending works from her vast collection for example, to The Queen's Pictures at the National Gal-lery last year - lessens the urgency of going to the Palace. Both my favourite Rembrandt and "Agatha Bas" were widely seen in the 1991 Rembrandt show. The third terrific Rembrandt, "The Shipbuilder and his Wife", was shown at around the same period in the Queen's Gallery beside Buckingham Palace.

For 30 years, the Queen's Gallery has been making the royal collections accessible, although as a rule its shows are very little publicised. It is there that you will find Ver-meer's "Lady at the Virginals" in an exhibition on George III and Consul Smith previously noticed on this page.

Even so, I hope that the Buckingham Palace visit will

of London's cultural resources, as the summer visit to the Palais du Roi is in Brussels. (Will public opinion prise open the Prince of Liechtenstein's collection at Vaduz Castle?) I would also like to see special access for people who are not interested to flow by, gazing open-mouthed at the mirrors and chandeliers, but want instead to concentrate on the art treasures.

Some country houses with important art collections do offer "connoisseurs' trips", although not nearly enough. They do at Boughton House in Northamptonshire, a palatial building of exceptional beauty which is only open on August afternoons. The intact 17thcentury panelled State Rooms with their tapestries are protected by being shown as part of the longer tour.

I see the royal palaces as a classic example of the need to offer the public a split-level, sheep-and-goats kind of cultural tourism. Separating the serious from the faintly curious visitor preserves the quality of the experience and should become part of the strategy for protecting prime cultural destinations while actually increasing public access and awareness.

Unfortunately, the sole object of the people who run many tourist venues is to herd visitors round in droves,

Masterpiece: 'Cleopatra with the Asp' by Guido Reni at Buckingham Palace

adding on so-called "attractions" which in reality amount to force-feeding us gimmicky. patronising, low-grade pap. How great an improvement it would be if, instead, every great castle, palace, or great house offered a choice of expe-

rience. Whether at Versailles,

Wilton House or Castle

Howard, there ought to be a

"happy hour". Enthusiasts,

Promenade concerts/Max Loppert

Stravinsky and

who may have hankered to see a place for years, could be assured of the peace to look, savour, and commit the experience to memory.

Of course, the motive for opening Buckingham Palace is financial and not philanthropic. It might reduce the takings to lay on something special for people with a serious interest, even though they

would be asked to pay sweetly for the privilege. (I see no reason why a private view of a great art collection should not cost as much as a good seat at the opera.) However, there is also the matter of popularity. It is surely no bad investment if in future years a trip to the palace could be made more appealing to the Queen's more educated subjects.

Theatre

The Lempest

he RSC's new produc-tion at Strat-ford-upon-Avon, The Tempest, ends with a raspberry. Alec McCowen's Prospero is finally granting freedom to the spirit Ariel. "Fare thou well," he says in tones that include gratitude and affection. We think that only the epilogue is to come. Then Simon Russell Beale's Ariel responds to the farewell by spitting copiously on Prospero's face before marching off. What this incident has to do with the rest of the production is exceedingly unclear. Until the raspherry director Sam Mendes has delivered an inter-

pretation that is almost entirely cerebral. This is a Tempest that smacks excessively of English literary criticism. All the studies of what Shakespeare might have meant by the difference between nature, as represented by Caliban, and murture, as it is portrayed by Prospero, have been read and digested. It is one of the most hierarchically structured productions of the play that you are likely to see.

David Troughton's Caliban is not a beast in the literal sense. His physical form is entirely human, but he is a being of little brain. He looks and moves like a not very good, retarded Japanese wrestler. Prospero personifies learning and the belated coming of wisdom and even forgiveness. Frequently he appears at the top of one of those very tall pairs of library steps.

The rest of the characters

are somewhere in the middle. The real villains in the Mendes view are Stephano and Trin-



Simon Russell Beale and Alec McCowen

culo, normally described as a drunken butler and a jester. Here Stephano is shown as a pseudo-toff with a see-through upper-class accent. Trinculo carries a ventriloquist's dummy. The performances, by Mark Lockyer as Stephano especially, are very fine, but it seems unfair to blame them for all the ills that flesh can get up to. There are, after all, plenty of genuine villains around, such as the lot who deposed Prospero as the Duke of Milan in the first place. The latter do not get much of

a look in. Ariel does, and it was a striking decision to cast a man who admits he looks as if he was born to play Caliban in this role. Russell Beale is very good; he always is. He is ed in one of those Chinese tunics that suggests he belongs to the party machine. He struts about like an obedient, if reluctant military servant, but one does wonder if that final venomous spitting is not a hint that he would have been happier playing the beast.

The trouble with trying to impose a hierarchical, ordered

vision on The Tempest is that ultimately it does not work. The play is full of mysteries, just as the isle is full of noises, but they are not noises that can be easily explained. There ought to be a lot of fun in it, but unless you count the rather cruel humour of the Trinculo-Stephano-Caliban scene, there is no fun here, not even the element of surprise. There is not much romance either. Ferdinand, played by Mark Lewis Jones, is a plodding, if amiable dolt, and there is no sign that Sarah Woodward's Miranda has benefited from all those years of learned tutorials with her father. When she sees a collection of real people at the end and com-

setting off to be a coquette. Still, you should not let such criticisms deter you from going. Until the final scene. I found the direction riveting throughout. There is also the perverse pleasure of being irritated at the same time.

ments "How beauteous man-

kind is", she sounds as if she is

Malcolm Rutherford

his 99th Proms season at the Albert Hall may display a more budget conscious style of design than we have witnessed in recent years (with, for instance, fewer top-class foreign orchestras and "name' soloists in the schedule). All the same, plenty of choice things have been collated in it - programmes put together

with imagination and flair, devised to profit equally from the BBC's amplitude of resources and the Albert Hall's vastness of size. Two successive concerts earlier in the week made the point

in a way to inspire both gratitude and the special pleasure that only a "characteristic" Proms concert can provide. Both employed large choirs which, in these penny-pinched days, is fast becoming a sign of wild profligacy - alongside large orchestras to create the sort of musical canvas ideally exhibited in this particular auditorium. Stravinsky's Persephone,

given on Wednesday by the BBC Singers. Symphony delivery – uncomfortably precise rhythmic currents, its producer of *The Turn of the* Orchestra and Chorus, and the amplified – of the speaker, ceremonial aspects develop an (excellent) New London Chil- Laurence Bouvard, the sense of almost Russian Orthodox ritu- Fuchs. Apologies.

the unhappy past was clogged

dren's Choir under David Ath- Stravinsky's reservation was erton, almost always affords a wonderful Proms experience: a work full of potential awkwardnesses in other contexts which in this one radiates an cal, graphic quality that was unstrained serenity and whole-The 1934 mélodrame for

speaker-dancer, tenor, choruses and orchestra is a hybrid about which in later years the composer himself came to express strong reservations not just over the quality of Andre Gide's verse (which he variously described as "eau distille" or "vers de caramel") but over the basic feasibility of marrying spoken and musical material to each other at all, let alone to dance. (In this performance, because of the monochrome, shallow-toned

Szymanowski underlined rather more forcefully than it need be.) In the concert hall we lose any embodiment of the physi-

> Stravinsky's peculiar musical gift. What we gain - or at least we do in a performance as authoritative, fluent and concentrated as Atherton's - is an indelible impression of the score's unique beauty. This may be most French-accented of Stravinsky's neo-Classical masterpieces, with textures and phrases of a Gounod-esque limpidity and sweetness, with outpouring of arias and choral setpieces unlike anything else in the composer's oeuvre; but, spread across the Albert Hall spaces, and sustained upon distinct blending of timbres and

alised grandeur - which shows Persephone to be at once a detour and a milestone on Stravinsky's epic journey.

The previous evening, it had been the turn of the Philharmonia Orchestra and Chorus. conducted by Claus Peter Flor, to make their single appear ance at the Proms, and - with Jadwiga Gadulanka as soprano soloist - to come together for a rapturous account of Szymanowski's Third Symphony, "Song of the Night" as concertcloser. The setting (in Polish translation) of poems by the 13th century Persian mystic Rumi is one of the intoxicating creations of 20th-century music - shimmering, swooning, sensuous in all its combinations and it was here floated across to the audience in tones of ravishing lustre. Even this audience-member, who normally finds that a little of these particular ecstasies goes a long way, was kept spellbound.

In my review earlier this week of the Bath and Wessex Opera performances. I misnamed the

challenging. Miss Necsea's

Dance/Clement Crisp Love Lessons 1993

rague Festival Ballet is a small group of classically trained dancers - they are members of companies at the Vienna Volksoper, in Brno and Prague - who unite for occafew opportunities to see and absorb innovative Western sional performances under their rather grandiose title. work. So the concept of "mod-The troupe's very existence serves as some indication of ern" hallet is often a matter of emotion rather than step: the the quest in Eastern Europe choreographic adventures we accept as inevitable are largely for free (and free-enterprise) unknown. Angst rather than artistic ventures. They look. abstraction is the norm, and an inevitably, to the West for out-of-date vocabulary is burexamples. What shackled creativity in dened with themes and messages it cannot sustain in

socialist realism - Soviet-style movement. This Prague troupe - return-- or, rather curiously, ill-digested Béjart. The percolation ing to London after a brief visit of any fresher dance ideas has last year - is eager with good been slow, and bampered by intentions, but sadly limited in

ways of expressing them. Of three pieces on view on Wednesday, one, Silent Whispers, was devoted to folk-song and dance, and was quaint to a point far out of sight. Some of its Moravian folk-tunes were fascinating; the dance, by David Slobaspyckyj was not. The two other offerings - Mr Slobaspyckyj's Love Lessons and Alice Necsea's Serenade were lethargic. Palm Court music for the first (including the tango Jealousy) received Palm Court dancing, ineffably winsome and distinctly un-

view of a serenade by the distinguished Slovak composer Eugen Suchon was no less relaxed in its demands: the dancers behaved as if it were impolite to sweat in public. Plotless dance of this kind -

which invokes in programme notes the name of Balanchine - should take heed of Mr B's question to a sluggish dancer in class: "What are you saving yourself for?" The motto and, I believe, the duty for Western ballet is "Go East", to help dance there find a way into the latter half of our century.

Queen Elizabeth Hall. Prague Festival Ballet's visit sponsored by Price Waterhouse and CSA Czechoslovak Airlines.

INTERNATIONAL

A major survey of 20th century American art goes on show at the Royal Academy of Arts in London next month, highlighting the development of American painting and sculpture from the Armory Show in 1913 to the present day. The exhibition, which comes to London from Berlin, comprises more than 200 works by 60 artists.

The first section focuses on major artists associated with the Show and the early modern movement in America, including Marsden Hartley, Georgia O'Keeffe and Edward Hopper. Within this section are works by Marcel Duchamp, who played a crucial role in the development of American art, as well as Man Ray, Alexander Calder and

Joseph Cornell The exhibition goes on to show now abstract expressionism has had a determining influence on art in the second half of this century. The principal rooms of

the Royal Academy will be devoted to artists who

established the New York School of the 1940s, including Arshile Gorky, Jackson Poliock, Willem de Kooning, Mark Rothko and Clyfford Still. Sculpture by David Smith will also be featured. The next section focuses on

Jasper Johns and Robert Rauschenberg, who heralded Pop Art - represented by key works of Andy Warhol, Roy Lichtenstein, Claes Oldenburg, Cy Twombly and Frank Stella. The final section reflects developments over the past 25 years - starting with minimal art and the various reactions to it. The exhibition runs from

September 16 to December 12. Other autumn highlights include an exhibition of 50 new works by Lucien Freud at Whitechapel Art Gallery (Sep 10-Nov 21) and a Jean Nouvel show at the Institute of Contemporary Arts (Sep 11-Oct 25).

■ EXHIBITIONS GUIDE

Dec 31. Closed Mon

AMSTERDAM Van Gogh Museum The Potato Eaters, Ends Aug 29. Courtesans in Japanese Prints, Ends Aug 29. Daily

Rijksmuseum Rembrandt in a new light. Ends Nov 1. Closed Mon ANTWERP Museum Mayer Van den Bergh The Triumph of Death (1626): a recently-discovered painting by Pieter Brueghel the Younger. Ends

Hessen House Story of a Metropolis: a portrait of Antwerp's golden age in the 16th and 17th centuries. Ends Oct 10. Closed Bouwcentrum Antwerp and the

World Fairs 1885, 1894, 1930. Ends Aug 31. Daily Onze Lieve Vrouwekathedral Antwerp altar pieces of the 15th and 16th centuries. Ends Oct 3.

BARCELONA Fundacio Joan Miro Joan Miro: large-scale centenary exhibition. Ends Aug 30. Closed Mon BARI

Castello Svevo Corado Giaquinto. Ends Sep 5 BERLIN Deutsches Historisches Museum Russian Photography 1840-1940.

Ends Aug 31. Closed Wed Neue Nationalgalerie Beyeler Collection: an outstanding private Swiss collection of paintings by Picasso, Matisse, Klee and other early 20th century artists. Ends Sep 12. Closed Mon Alte Nationalgalerie Oskar Reinhart Collection: paintings by 19th century German, Austrian and Swiss artists. Ends Sep 12. Closed Mon and Tues BONN

Kunst- und Ausstellungshalle The Desire to See. Ends Oct 10. Alexander Calder: 12 monumental sculptures. Ends Sep 30. Closed CHICAGO

Art Institute The Art of Holy Russia. Ends Sep 15. Daily Josef-Haubrich-Kunsthalle Anton Räderscheld (1892-1970):

retrospective of the Cologne painter who fell foul of the Nazis. Ends Aug 29. Daily Musée des Reaux-Arts The

Golden Age of Dutch and Flemish Paintings, selected from Catherine the Great's collections in the St Petersburg Hermitage. Ends Sep 27. Closed Tues (Palais des Ducs de Bourgogne) DRESDĚN

Albertinum Egyptian Antiquities. Ends next July. Closed Thurs Zwinger 18th century Chinese pink porcelain from Dresden collections. Ends Sep 22. Closed Fri EDINBURGH National Gallery of Scotland

Holbein and the Court of Henry VIII. Ends Sep 26. Daily Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art Russian Painting of the Avant-Garde, Ends Sep 5. Daily Royal Scottish Academy The Line of Tradition: 300 watercolours, drawings and prints by Scottish artists from 1700 to the present. Ends Sep 12. Daily Scottish National Portrait Gallery Phoebe Anna Traquair (1852-1936):

paintings, embroideries, illuminated manuscripts and decorative enamelwork. Ends Nov 7. Photographing Children, Ends Oct 3. Daily City Art Centre The Waking

Dream: only British showing of the privately-owned Gilman collection of photographs, charting the development of photography from 1839 to 1939. Ends Oct 2. Daily ESSEN Followang-Museum Morosov and

Shchukin, Russian Collectors: 120 works from the St Petersburg

Hermitage and Moscow Pushkin Museums, Ends Oct 31. Closed FLORENCE

Casa Buonarroti Michelangelo: 18 masterpieces. Ends Oct 30 Galleria del Costume di Palazzo Pitti Fashion at the Court of the Medicis. Ends Dec 31

Schim Kunsthalle Eduardo Chillida (b1924): 100 sculptures and 60 works on paper by the Basque artist. Ends Sep 5. Antoni Tapies (b1923); 60 paintings and 50 drawings by the Catalan painter. Ends Sep 5. Daily GENEVA

Cabinet des Estampes Goya and Rembrandt. Ends Sep 5. Closed

Musée d'art et d'histoire Egyptian Blue: glazed earthenware from ancient Egypt. Ends Sep 19. Closed

Musée Rath Contemporary Swedish Art. Ends Sep 26. Closed Mon GLASGOW **Burrell Collection** A Celebration

of Art in Nature: an exhibition celebrating the tenth anniversary of the building which houses one of the most prestigious public art collections in the world - the Burrell Collection. Ends Nov 10. Daily Hunterian Art Gallery Charles Rennie Mackintosh, Master of Design. Ends Aug 28. Closed Sun HAMBURG

Kunsthalle Picasso After Guernica. Ends Aug 29. Closed Mon Deichtorhallen Andy Warhol. Ends Sep 19. Closed Mon

Roemer und Pelizaeus Museum

Bernward of Hildesheim and the Age of the Otto Dynasty. Ends Nov 28. Daily LAUSANNE

Fondation de l'Hermitage Monet and His Friends, Ends Sep 26. Closed Man Musée Cantonal des Beaux-Arts Balthus. Ends Aug 29. Closed Mon

LONDON

Hayward Gallery Aratjara: the most comprehensive exhibition of Aboriginal art seen in Europe. Ends Oct 10. Daily Royal Academy of Arts Pissarro's Series Paintings. Ends Oct 10. Daily Tate Gallery Art and Liberation: painting and sculpture in postwar Paris 1945-55. Ends Sep 5. Edward Burne-Jones: sketches from the

LUGANO Villa Favorita Lost Empire of the Silk Road: Buddhist art from the 10th to 13th centuries. Ends Oct 31. Closed Mon MARTIGNY

museum's collection. Ends Nov

Fondation Pierre Glanadda Degas: his entire work as a sculptor. Ends Nov 21. Daily MONTPELLÍER Musée Fabre French 17th century

Paintings from Public Collections. Ends Sep 5. Closed Mon MUNICH Villa Stuck Max Beckmann: 190 prints, woodcuts and lithographs 1901-46 from private German

collections, Ends Nov 14. Closed

NEW YORKGuggenheim Museum Paul Klee: 60 works from the museum's collection. Ends Sep 19. The main museum is closed on Thurs, the SoHo site on Tues

Nudes: 30 works by Schiele, Klimt, Chagall, Picasso and Munch. Ends Oct. Paul Klee: 26 drawings. Ends Oct. Abstract Expressionism: works on paper from the period 1938-67 by American artists. Ends Sep 12. Closed Mon Museum of Modern Art Latin American Artists of the 20th

Metropolitan Museum of Art

century. Ends Sep 7. Closed Wed NUREMBERG Germanisches Nationalmuseum The Ludwig Collection. Ends Oct 10. Closed Mon PARIS

Louvre French Drawings from the Pierpont Morgan Library, Ends Aug 30. Closed Tues (Pavillon de Flore) PRAGUE Kinsky Palace Max Ernst. Ends Oct 3. Closed Mon

Prague Castle Europe in the Mirror of Baroque Art-Collecting. Ends Sep 12. Closed Mon ROME Palazzo degli Esposizioni Italian Journey: landscapes by the Russian artists who flocked to Italy during

the 19th century. Ends Aug 30. Art and Architecture - Richard Meier and Frank Stella. Ends Aug S Michele a Ripa Borghese Collection: works by Titian.

Caravaggio, Rubens, Raphael and others. Ends Dec 31 WASHINGTON Hirshhom Museum Jean Dubuffet.

Ends Sep 12. Daily Arthur M Sackler Gallery The Divine Word of Islam. Ends Jan 2. The Golden Age of Sculpture from Sri Lanka: 52 ancient masterpieces of bronze casting. Ends Sep 26. Daily

Two of a kind: David Marsh on how bishops are responding to the divisions within their countries



Joachim Meis-ner of Cologne. dispatched to the Rhine by God and the pope, has taken on an exacting

a furrow of catholic rigour straight and narrow across Germany's churned-up soil.

A former citizen of East Germany, a long-time protege of Pope John Paul, and a cardinal in Rome since 1983, he scans the Germans and their weaknesses with hawkish eastern

In residence in west Germany for 41/2 years, the archbishop ostensibly bridges the gap between the two parts of the reunited nation. Yet he also shows how large and uneasy the divide still is.

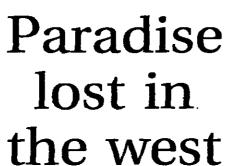
Clashes of theology and personality were inevitable from the day this conservative Prus-slan cardinal arrived in Cologne, a bastion of west German liberal catholicism. But the ferment generated by his onslaughts on Germany's spiritual shortcomings has surpassed all expectations.

On a chill morning in his office near the cathedral, the archbishop illustrates why he provokes passion. He speaks in fiery parables, lacerating his enemies in a voice rising and falling with the cadence of

The archbishop says members of the ruling Christian Democrat party who support liberalisation of west German abortion laws "betray" Christian principles. His doctrinaire views on this, along with issues such as remarriage of divorcees or the religious status of women, have exposed him to strong criticism, and prompted thousands of Rhineland catholics to quit the Church.

However, such reactions to his moral offensive strengthen his conviction that he is right. "It is better that the Church becomes smaller and remains faithful, than if it seeks popularity through false adjustment to society. The Church is in the world, but not of it."

The bishopric of Cologne the largest in Germany, with an extensive welfare network of homes schools and hospitals. - has a temporal as well as a spiritual role. As a young man in East Germany, the archbishop was once an apprentice





Joachim Meisner: speaks in fiery parables, lacerating his enemies

Could he have become not bishop but banker? Softly, he points out that he sits on two Vatican finance committees. "It is not unimportant that I know something about finance. God moves in mysterious

ways. There is nothing mysterious pope, he says, saw it coming. about the archbishop's relish for strife. Born on Christmas Day 1933 in Silesia (now Poland), he fled

family from the Soviet advance and settled in what became communist East Germany. After taking religious orders. during the 1980s he became the head of the East German catholic Church, a tiny hotbed of defiance to the communist

in 1945 with his

Commanded by the pope whom he has known since 1975 to take his ecclesiastical orthodoxy westwards, the cardinal moved from Berlin to the Rhine in 1988, a year before the fall of the Berlin Wall. The collapse of communism took him. like so many, by surprise. He thought he would never live to see German reunification; the

"He told me in

1987: 'The tide

is turning." I

Father: I don't

For the reuni-

fication celebra-

tions in October

'I am shocked at how quickly the gift of freedom has faded into the Bortho Torribo background'

> 1990, a triumphant fragment of Berlin Wall graced the Cologne cathedral altar. Nearly four years later. the joy has disappeared. "I am shocked and shaken at how quickly the gift of freedom and the gift of human rights seem to have faded into the background as the economic situation has deteriorated."

The west Germans' reluc-

tance to make sacrifices for the east is one more sign of human frailty, he says. "Man's overall spiritual condition is the situation of original sin. How does a human being come to the world? A child is not born with outstretched hands, to give, but with clenched fists."

Overall selfishness in united

Germany has been exacerbated by a sorry combination of materialism in the west and the residues of Marxist-Leninism is the east.

"A people composed of pure egoists; a people who have been deluded into thinking, in both east and west, that everything they want, they shall have; how can such a people, from one day to another, learn

To illustrate the lack of brotherly love, the archbishop relates a wry Rhineland joke. 'Why do the Chinese smile? Because they still have the Wall, It is dreadful, dreadful. We should be saying: 'Why are we Germans smiling? Because we no longer have the Wall." The disappointments of

reunification have been ageravated by false perceptions in both parts of Germany, he says, "The politicians complet-edly underestimated the situa-

East Germans, too, were unprepared for the difficulties of adjustment because they expected "paradise" from the west. "As a person from the east I really believed that, when we had got rid of com-munism, all our problems would be over.

"We East German citizens knew West Germany solely from television. We thought what we saw in the advertisements was the normal lifestyle of ordinary West Germans." When he went to West Berlin in 1980 for the first time to visit priests, he says, "I was surprised at the modesty of their lives. It did not tally with what I had seen in TV adver-

As to the future, the archbishop says Germany must no longer measure its success "by the size of wage packets", but must pool its "spiritual potential". His eyes glint. "I sit here before you as a man of the gospel, and I will deliver what I have into the hand of the Lord.

How many will rally to his crusade? The archbishop's gaze is fixed beyond earthly things. This is a man for whom the stringent pursuit of virtue offers, on high, its own reward.



David Shep-pard, bishop of Liverpool, is an admonitory priest, but not a dismal one. He has the churchman's ability to see light amid the

darkness. Displaying the steadiness with which he played cricket for England between 1950 and 1963, the bishop has warned Conservative governments for more than a decade about the depredations of unemployment. The Church of England's

standard-bearer in the city since 1975, he declared in a celebrated BBC lecture in 1984 that poverty and unemployment were causing "sick human relationships" and "a deeply divided nation".

Now, as he analyses the lat-est long UK recession, the bishop spots a small, perverse chink of optimism.

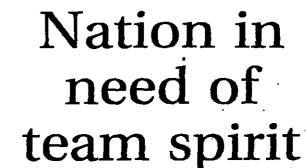
People living in middle-class, non-manufacturing areas of Britain, who were mostly insulated from the previous downturn in the early 1980s, this time round have borne their share of joblessness. So. although no one (including the bishop) has a miracle solution for unemployment, at least nearly everyone now knows what it is like.

"In a curious sense this ecession has something more hopeful about it, in that it is affecting a wider circle of people. This time, I think there's a better chance that the nation might accept that unemployment is a real problem. Before, I thought the nation was sweeping the problem away."

In the drawing room of his airy Victorian residence, he illustrates the point with a tale from a relatively prosperous district in his diocese. "Someone told me the other day of a well-educated young man from that parish who's just written off for his 300th job."

He is a grey-haired 64, but there is still a hint of bats-man's muscle rippling beneath his purple bishop's shirt. He confesses that, at his bedside (presumably next to another Good Book), he keeps a copy of the Wisden cricket almanac.

If he were prime minister, how would the bishop of Liverpool bring down unemployment? "Sharing work round", he says, would be high on the agenda. "We are going enormously in the opposite direction. We're getting a pattern





David Sheppard: would solve unemployment by sharing out work

taken away the greatest

weapon for stopping boredom

the bishop sees the world

through Liverpudlian eyes. As

a result of long-term economic

stagnation, he points out how

pool, saying black people don't get jobs here. Nothing has

"A group of young people from here went to London for

the weekend and came back

eyes shining, saying: 'Black

people drive buses in London.'

I've not yet seen a black bus

There is a diffident note to

changed too much.

driver here."

The year I

stores in the

After 18 years on Merseyside.

and destructive behaviour."

where there's a small core staff, working enormously hard with very high salaries. Around them, there's a broad group of people moving jobs constantly, often in part-time jobs. And, around them, there are people outside the work structure altogether.

Liverpool's black community "In quite a lot of big outer 'A small core earns difficulty than very high salaries, breaking down estates in Merseyside we're while others are jobs barriers. into the second or third generawholly outside the came here, they tion of mass work structure' picketed the unemployment. From a Christian perspec-

tive, what is apparent is the sheer waste of human gifts. and destructiveness of human

dignity. There is a "blindingly obvi-ous connection" between unemployment and crime. Young people need role models: "If they don't see men, younger or older ones, having creative things to do, you've

ence at all in notoriously secu-lar Britain, they cannot simply bang on the table and talk about God but have to employ the more diffuse language of market economics. Has the Church been too hes tant in speaking out about the battle between good and evil? "I do think there is a struggle and always has been. I think the Church sometimes has been a little diffident. I don't

his conversation. Perhaps his lack of directness is partly because bishops know that, if they want to have any influ-

want to produce a crude statement. Nevertheless I do believe there are forces of evil." He points to the former Yugoslavia. "It's frightening how a group can lead people into estructive attitudes where an individual might not." Three years ago, many peo-ple thought Bishop Sheppard's

brand of gentlemanly populism would make him the ideal candidate to take over as archbishop of Canterbury on the retirement of Robert Runcie. Why didn't he get the job?

Slightly embarrassed, he replies: "There was a lot of talk about it. My wife and I said: 'Come on, we'd better stop and think what we would do.' Having taken a proper look, I thought: 'If that comes my way, yes, I can see the challenge and excitement as well as the rough stuff." However, when Bishop George Carey was chosen, he says, "I felt an overriding sense of relief".

The debate about the Lambeth Palace succession came at around the same time as a new incumbent moved to 10 Downing Street. He is pleased that John Major has abandoned some of the more simplistic nostrums of his predecessor.

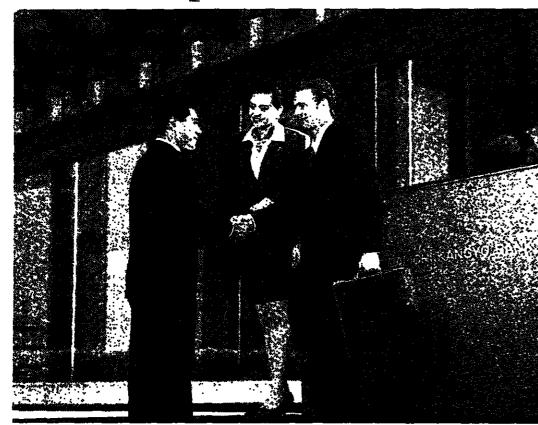
"The aggressive confidence that wealth creation is all and, if only we can produce that, it will trickle down through society, and the market will decide: the doctrinaire view of that has softened very greatly, although it hasn't all gone. I don't deny the strength of market forces, and I'm absolutely clear you can't ignore them. But we need to build in other forces, of a social market if you like, with other priorities."

The second secon

How these priorities should be reordered is not within the bishop's gift to determine. He can put his finger on society's ills. Healing them is a matter for the wider world beyond his

pulpit.
This is the fourth of an occasional series on EC personalities

New markets? Then talk to Japan's financial expert.



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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Fax 071 873 5938. Letters transmitted should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Where VW was badly advised in GM affair

From Mr Vic Heylen. Sir, If the manner in which

Messrs Piech and López have been conducting business so far is in any way representa-tive of the way they intend to run the company, the future of Volkswagen looks very bleak In their handling of the Der

Spiegel affair they simply broke the most elementary rules of corporate public relations behaviour First, they disregarded the basic rule, especially in the

automotive industry, never to react in this way to articles in the press. Then they topped it off by asking the courts to order rebuttals to be printed and, even worse, pressed for a

gag order. Mr Piěch almost unbeliev ably failed to foresee Der Spie-gel's very predictable reaction. It asked and obtained from the court a suspension of the ban and, by doing so, allowed the magazine to present sufficient evidence to prove the substance of their allegations

before the courts.

For Opel it was an unexpected opportunity that allowed it to submit its case practically on its own terms. It eagerly offered Der Spiegel the assistance of 22 GM and Opel witnesses and four legal experts. All volunteers, as they

Although Der Spiegel has a solid reputation for investigative reporting, it is difficult to believe that it did not get any help from Opel when researching the story.
It therefore looks very much

as if Piech, with both eyes wide open, fell into a trap set by Opel. "I was badly advised." Piech later ruefully remarked. An example of very poor managerial judgment from a

man who claims to be the only one qualified to save the embattled company. And with the help of a man who increasingly seems to be responsible for this "fine mess he got Volkswagen in to". Vic Heylen, nanaging director. Analyse Auto Mechelsseteenweg 12

2000 Antwerp, Belgium

No special pay deal | A different for top civil servants royal rogue

From Ms Elizabeth Symons. Sir, Your piece on top civil service pay seems to have left some with the idea that the senior civil service is being treated differently from other

public sector workers ("Performance pay deal could give top civil servants 3.5 per cent", August 10). The fact is that the govern-

ment pay policy has been applied rigorously to all civil servants, irrespective of grade. As far as the senior civil service is concerned, an addition of 1.25 per cent has been added to the pay bill as a result of this year's negotiations. Unlike their colleagues elsewhere in the civil services, senior civil servants no longer have auto-matic increments, and thus, in order for the pay bill to stay

cost neutral in any one year, 2

per cent is available for perfor-

mance-related pay.

These arrangements have been strongly resisted in many parts of the public sector, but of course as a result of their use some civil servants will be paid no increase this year, all will be paid increases commensurate with what their managers judge to be their contribution to the performance of their department or agency.

The implication that somehow the senior civil service has got off lightly is both mis-leading and unfair. There will be no automatic increase this year for any civil servant covered by the recently negotiated

package. Elizabeth Symons, general secretary, Association of First Division Civil Servants, 2 Caxton Street, London SW1H OOH

From Mr Mike Solosy. Sir, in Antony Thorncroft's article, "Behind the Queen's curtains" (August 8), he states that Queen Victoria's father was the Duke of York. I can only assume that the splendour of his surroundings at Buckingham Palace temporarilv distracted him since her father was, in fact, the Duke of

At the time of her birth, I believe the Duke of York was a character by the name of Frederick and was the Duke of Kent's brother. As for Thorncroft's epithet of rogue, I guess that is a matter for personal interpretation, although one wonders whether he was referring to the Duke of Kent or the Duke of York. Mike Solosy, Streeklaan 8, Belgium

An effective way to relieve fuel VAT burden

From Mr Stewart Cohen. Sir, There seems to be a kind of death wish in the way in which the government has handled the issue of VAT on domestic fuel.

The Treasury and the Bank of England have both made the

case for the unpalatable necessity for increasing taxes; and the most effective way to raise the substantial sums involved must of necessity be by extend-ing the scope of VAT.

reactions and has been shown to be politically inept.

A simple but effective way to overcome the problem would London SWIY 5AP

more palatable options. The

need with this option must be to protect those on low incomes. The method chosen of promising adjustments in ben-efits paid to compensate for the imposition of VAT on domestic point of sale and as such is the

fuel has had all the predictable

The extension of VAT to be to institute a de minimus domestic fuel is one of the rule for all fuel bills so that if the total quarterly bill were below a figure of, say, £50 no VAT would be charged and, if above, full VAT would be chargeable. In effect, the relief is at the

> most effective and cheap way of providing relief. Stewart Cohen,

M&S and a question of marketing strategy

From Mr A M Irvani. Sir. The defence by Marks and Spencer chairman Sir Richard Greenbury (Letters, August 5), of its plans for Brooks Brothers (in response to Nikki Tait's article: Man-agement, July 8) is to be expec-ted. Nevertheless there are aspects of his letter which sur-

prise me.

"We are not trying to popularise Brooks," he says.
"Clearly this would not be in its interests and we are not so stupid as to think it would be." The last part of this comment, I fear, identifies the problem

all too crisply.
"Brooks Brothers, however," continues Sir Richard, "cannot develop and grow based upon a declining number of ageing | fined group of customers and | London EC2N 2AN

must broaden its base at least into the 40-year-olds..." Perhaps Sir Richard is planning a massive expansion. Given the size of Brooks Brothers and the size of Brooks Brothers and the large market available for its products, demographic factors should not impede sustainable growth, "...while of course maintaining the loyalty of its more traditional customers." continues Sir Richard. "We are succeeding with this policy." succeeding with this policy."
This confident assessment of success seems, to put it mildly,

Wall Street customers and

mather premature.

More generally, Sir Richard's letter opens an interesting debate about marketing strategy, Should companies that market products to a well-de-

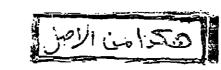
enjoy their loyalty continue to maintain the integrity of their position, or should they be receptive to change? Conventional wisdom is that companies must be sensitive to the markets they serve and should attempt to optimise the preferences of their target customers as successfully as possible. The recently fashionable view is that firms should lead their customers rather than follow.

customers rather than follow.

The long-term consequences of Sir Richard's decisions are not yet clear. What is beyond doubt, however, is that I have lost a cherished supplier of high-quality products.

A M Irvani, Comphor,

27 Throgmorion Street,
London EC:2N 2AN



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Friday August 13 1993

A scrap over aluminium

BACK IN March, when the west was in one of its periodic funks about Russia, the European Commission extended a gesture of support for President Boris Yeltsin: an offer to negotiate an eventual free trade zone with his country. It was a generous acknowledgement of the overriding importance of exports to Russian economic reform. Last Saturday, the Commission sent out a contradictory signal by discreetly announcing a strict limit on imports of aluminium from the Commonwealth of Independent States until Novem-

Is the EC - as a furious Russian government and industry allege now showing the true meaning of its free trade promises? Does Saturday's announcement signify, as did previous moves against east-ern European steel and agricul-tural goods, that Brussels is prepared to open up its markets to all products apart from those in which the countries to the east have a real comparative advantage? The answer in this case, at least for now, is: not necessarily. The Commission insists that it had to act against a sudden and highly disruptive surge of heavily subsidised aluminium exports from the CIS. The import restriction, it says, constitutes a temporary measure, designed to secure for Europe's aluminium industry a "breathing space" in which negotiations can take place with the gov-

ernments concerned. That low-cost CIS exports - produced with Indicrously cheap energy and highly subsidised credit - are disrupting the west European market is not in doubt. Between 1989 and 1992, as the aluminium-using industries of Russia and the other republics collapsed, imports jumped from virtually nothing to an estimated 9 per cent of EC consumption. This year, as the quantity has grown further, prices have tumbled, stocks have soared and Community producers

have cried out for assistance. Because Russia has yet to be admitted to Gatt, its trading partners have no ground rules under which to seek redress. But were Russia a member, the EC might well have a case. Indeed, the Commission says it has been trying to achieve an accord establishing transparent pricing and orderly marketing - as well as providing for EC assistance towards modernisation of CIS aluminium smelters. Such is the chaos in Moscow, however, that it has not even been able to obtain precise statistics on the volume of aluminium now

leaving the former Soviet Union.

Nevertheless, it is questionable whether this week's move represents the most effective way of securing such an agreement. In the first place, it seems to have angered other aluminium producers almost as much as those in the CIS itself. The US industry, in particular, fears that the flood of cheap metal will simply be diverted from western Europe in its direction. What is needed is multilateral co-operation, not unilateral enforcement. Second, there is a danger that short-term sanctions could turn into longer-term protection for an industry that still needs to cut costs in western

Europe and America. Western governments and industries are bound to be unsettled by Russia's transition to a market economy. But in such an economy, Russia will almost certainly have an advantage in aluminium production. Rather than seeking to insulate the EC from the side-effects, the Commission should make speeding that transi-

Fishing rights

BRITAIN, in common with many nations, has too many fishermen chasing too few fish. Measures to curb overfishing are mayoidable. otherwise the see will be progressively robbed of its wealth and the industry will lurch from crisis to crisis. This much is accepted by government and industry alike.

But all schemes to curb overfishing are not equally good, as today's House of Commons agriculture committee's report makes clear. The committee urges the government to abandon a plan, which has already been suspended following a campaign by fishermen, to require trawlers to be tied up in port for half the year or more. Instead, a twin-track approach should be adopted. whereby fishermen would be bought out of the industry and fishing rights then sold to those

This proposal has much to commend it. Although the government already has a £25m scheme to buy fishermen out and decommission their boats, the committee criticises it as half-hearted. A more generous approach would mean there was no need for fishermen to remain idle for half the year, while insurance and other fixed costs of maintaining boats mounted. Those bought out of the industry could seek productive

the committee's second proposal of selling fishermen individual transferable quotas (ITQs), specifying the amount of fish they were allowed to catch, could come in. The cash raised could pay for decommissioning costs.

While fishermen would balk at having to pay for fishing rights which they previously received free, the pill would be sweetened if coated with a generous decommissioning scheme. It might also be less unpalatable than the government's tie up plans.

Introducing ITQs would have other benefits too. Because fishing rights could be traded, fishermen who needed bigger quotas would be able to buy them from those with spare capacity. Such a sys-tem, already successfully implemented in Australia and New Zealand, could also curb overfishing and boost incomes of those who remained in the industry.

Critics of ITQs say they could not be introduced in the UK alone because of the European Community's common fisheries policy. But this ignores the fact that once the Community's annual fishing catch is divided between nations, each country is free to distribute quotas to its fishermen however it chooses. While it would be desirable if other European Commu-nity countries embraced ITQs as employment elsewhere.

The main drawback of paying fishermen to sell their boats is, of the main drawback of paying fishermen to sell their boats is, of the agriculture secretary, well, that is no reason for Britain holding back. Mrs Gillian Shep-

Failure pays

which top people's remuneration packages should be judged is whether the directors feel the pinch when the company underperforms. Yet a study this week from Incomes Data Services con-firms once again that the halance between risk and reward in the typical executive contract is all too often weighed in favour of the director against the company and its shareholders.

Not only do executives on the usual three-year rolling contracts leave with an average of two years' pay in their pockets regardless of performance; many also take away other perks, including cars and compensation for expected bonus payments. Worse, the size of the pay-off often bears an inverse relation to merit because companies base the settlement on a calculation of what a law court might award, taking into account the director's re-employment prospects. Thus, the more public and egregious the person's failure, the lower the chances of a new job and the higher the settlement.

Not all who leave have done anything wrong. Contracts are often broken because the job has ceased to exist or the company has been taken over. But even in these cases a two-year pay-off seems excessive, as most senior executives get new jobs five months after losing their old one. Supporters of three-year rolling contracts argue that legally

ONE OF THE yardsticks against enforceable tenure encourages continuity in the boardroom and prevents managers from taking short term decisions. But this does not square with the real world. Directors of Marks & Spencer. P & O and Abbey National, to name but three less than obvious short termists, do not have rolling contracts of more than a year.

A second argument is that good managers are in short supply and will only move if they are promised security. Yet it is hard to believe that the really scarce managers are the ones who need this kind of security, let alone the reas-surance that they will be disproportionately rewarded if they fail.

The best way to ensure commitment for the long term is to tie the overall pay package to longterm performance. The simple answer to the contract dilemma is to make one-year contracts the norm. Postel, which manages the pension fund investments of British Telecom and the Post Office, has already applied pressure to larger British companies on this score - and to good effect. The terms on which the new chief executive of Booker was hired took into account Postel's requirements. But the chain of accountability from management to share-holder still has weak links. Better disclosure of remuneration, severance and pension packages would help institutional shareholders apply pressure where it is most needed.

sure sign of the Japanese economy's poor health has been the unusual reluctance of most leading companies to court their customers and politiclans with the traditional mid-year gift, an ornately wrapped melon, a

المكناه فالمالك

box of pale Japanese cherries or a quaint collection of different coffees and milk substitutes. Instead of the cherries, Mr Mori-

hiro Hosokawa, the new prime minister, was presented this week with an economy sliding into the second phase of a "double-dip" downturn, as well as an embarrassingly large trade surplus and an irrepressible yen, which closed yesterday in Tokyo at a record Y103.37 to the

Mr Hosokawa, who wants international intervention to calm the currency markets, fears the yen's rapid appreciation will delay economic recovery by putting extra pressure on companies already having a bad year. The yen surge has also rekindled the mid-1980s debate over whether Japanese industry will be "hollowed out" by a shift of production capacity to cheaper locations such as Malaysia and China

The concerns about industrial decline are probably overdone, but Japanese companies are facing their fourth consecutive year of falling profits and are looking for new ways to cut costs. In the 1980s, the effects of a strong yen were countered by frenetic asset price rises and profit growth of the "bubble" years. In the early 1990s, companies are still sweating out "bubble" era excesses and must cope with a currency close to the important threshold of Y100 to the dollar.

Mr Hosokawa and his seven-party coalition government will need to address the economy quickly. There are calls from industry to cut official interest rates and reduce income taxes, and counter-arguments from the finance ministry that slowing tax revenues have left the country unable to afford another stimulatory spending pack-

A few months ago, in the spring, Japan's economic planners were confident that the buds of recovery were emerging. One senior official even warned that the economy was in danger of "overheating". New car sales rose in March for the first time in 14 months, Tokyo stock prices had bounced higher, and there were stirrings in the housing

But a fresh flow of unfavourable statistics suggests that the early optimism was unwarranted. New car sales in July slipped 10.8 per cent from the same month a year ago, marking four months of double-digit falls, the longest decline since 1974. The ratio of job of June slipped from 81:100 to 74:100.

The yen's surge is adding to the Japanese government's economic problems, writes Robert Thomson

Unwelcome gifts for the new team

Jobs offered by manufacturing industry in June fell 26.3 per cent from a year earlier.

The weakening of the job market has eroded consumer confidence. Cars aside, sales at department stores in June were 8.9 per cent lower, the largest year-on-year fall on record. It was a sign that consumers are spending more in discount shops rather than in department stores, which tend to deal in well-known brands and high-quality

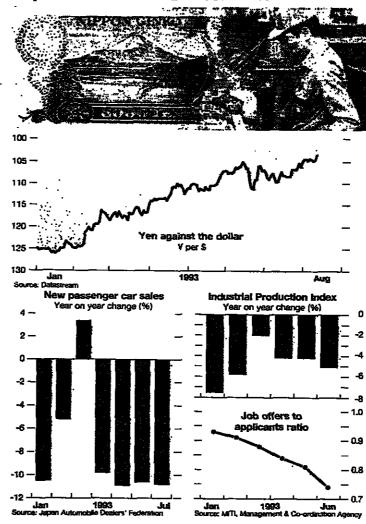
Bank of Japan officials say the two most worrisome economic trends are the continuing fall in consumption and reductions in capital spending by Japanese compa-nies, some of which invested recklessly during the late 1980s, when funds were raised at almost zero cost and high return on investment was taken for granted.

One result of cheap money was speculative stock and property investments which produced huge losses for companies and bankers while manufacturers were tempted into an unnecessary expansion of production capacity within Japan. New machinery orders rose 24.4 per cent in 1988, but investment in plant and equipment fell 5.7 per cent last year and Nomura Research Institute expects a further 4.8 per cent contraction this year.

In a just released quarterly outlook, the Bank of Japan said manufacturers are "adjusting" to the environment of less rapid growth, and "building up the potential for future investment expansion". But the bank also identified one potential obstacle to this recovery, yen appreciation.

The current stagnant investment in the assembly industry is a reflection of low profitability in the industry, and the possibility that a further appreciation of the yen could trigger a massive substitution of overseas investment for domestic production cannot be ruled out," the bank warned.

The assessment was made before the yen resumed its rise this month. Closing last year at Y124.65 to the dollar, the yen rose sharply in Januarv and then calmed in March. It has appreciated 17 per cent so far this year, in spite of intervention by Japan: hard times on the eastern front



ment's plea that the movements "do not reflect the economy's funda-

There are various theories for the ven's strength. Currency traders say the trade surplus, which rose 28 per cent in July, is an important cause, and repatriation of foreign funds by Japanese institutions is said to be a trigger for speculative movements. According to Mr Yoji Inaba, economic research director at the Japan Development Bank,

The pace of appreciation is too fast, and there will be serious costs for the Japanese economy," Mr

expected, but "not this quickly".

Inaba said. "We can see 'hollowing out' in the electric machinery and audio-visual equipment industries, Many companies already have factories in east Asia and can increase capacity there. The big impact will be on employment on Japan." His assessment suggests the ven's current movements are undermin-

security, and raise the mediumterm possibility of lay offs on a scale not seen since the second world war. As Mr Inaba put it: "Another year of falling profits and companies will have to start getting rid of excess workers in middle

management.' Companies are already shifting production to east Asia, but hoping to keep the highest value-added products at home. Canon is increasing camera production in China. Yuasa is doubling its production of car batteries in Thailand over the next two years, and Ricoh this week announced a new facsimile machine venture in Shanghai.

hese and other manufacturers, their workforces, and the Japanese economy would be under greater pressure if it were not for rapid growth in China and elsewhere in east Asia. Japanese video camera exports to China quadrupled in the first half of this year, passenger car exports were eight times larger, and steel exports doubled, while total exports rose

Attempts to cool the Chinese economy could, however, slow Japa-nese export growth later this year, while exports to other countries will be hurt by the higher price tags that accompany yen appreci-

Mr Masaru Yoshitomi, vice-chairman of the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan Research Institute, estimates that a 15 per cent appreciation could lead to a 5 per cent fall in exports and a 0.5 per cent decline in economic growth, generally expected to be 1.5 per cent in the year to

"If you have strong growth, then a 0.5 per cent decline does not matter so much, but when you already have a sluggish economy, the impact is not negligible," said Mr Yoshitomi, who retired from the government's Economic Planning Agency last year.

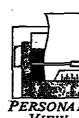
The agency is been remarkably optimistic in the face of economic downturn and yen appreciation, as the new prime minister has discovered. Japan's official target for growth, produced by the agency, is 3.3 per cent which, it argues, is "still valid" on the grounds that "if the target is higher, the effort will

be greater".

Mr Hosokawa needs to gather fresh opinions. If he believes the official advice, the economy is set to recover later this year and will require no initiatives such as income tax cuts or an interest rate reduction or a fresh spending package to stimulate growth.

However, Japanese companies do not seem to agree: they have not abandoned their gift-giving traditions without good economic

Mobilising the long-term jobless



UK have locused on the labour market and in particular on making the PERSONAL long-term unem-VIEW ployed more attrac-

tive to employers via subsidies. The long-term unemployed now make up almost 1.1m of the 2.91m jobless total announced yesterday. Therefore they do bear a disproportionate part of the burden of mass joblessness.
It is hard to believe, however,

that the fundamental block on expansion of the economy lies in the capacity for useful work of those now unemployed. With a rapid expansion of demand, employment would rise rapidly just as it did in the late 1980s; without it, improvements in the job market would be meagre.

The prospects for an expansion of demand are much less favourable than a decade ago. The legacy of a boom, based on an explosion of private sector credit, is still being

Do as I say,

not as I do

■ A bizarre battle has broken out

in Brazil over the proper handling

of the country's rapidly weakening

currency. Brazil's central bank is

country's top TV presenters for daring to make paper aeroplanes out of banknotes on his popular

The threat comes after Silvio

Santos ignored a written warning in February. It appears that using cruzeiro notes to make paper

contravention of the penal code

destruction or damage of currency.

The central bank explains that

the cost of replacing damaged notes

is very high and, in a new twist

to economic theory, adds that making people aware of the need

condition is vital if inflation is to

be reduced from its level of 1,900

per cent a year. So now we know

why the bank has just changed

its currency for the fourth time

since 1986 and is reported to be

■ Jim Slater, The Independent's

share tipster, seems to have pulled off a sleight of hand in his weekly

column. To reassure readers, and

Time, please

burning 3m worthless notes a day.

to keep their money in good

threatening to sue one of the

Sunday afternoon show.

aeroplanes constitutes a

which prohibits the wilful

digested. The traditional Keynesian plier", imports would increase rapered. With import controls no lon- The costs of doing so will have to be meet the continu- policy of fiscal expansion appears to ing prospect of 3m be ruled out by the size of the budunemployed in the get deficit. The balance of payments chasing power of those who find use focused UK have focused is very precarious, with the overseas deficit projected at 4 per cent of gross domestic product this year and next; with a marginal propensity to import of 40 per cent, a fast enough expansion to provide work for large numbers would lead to an unsustainable deterioration in the current account.

A Europe-wide expansion would ease the payments problems of individual countries, but seems a distant prospect. Supply-side policies to bolster the traded-goods sector. as advocated by the Labour party, would at best be very slow to take

Does the balance of payments constraint imply a ceiling on the generation of jobs? Not necessarily. Expanding employment in the public services and on infrastructural investment involves few additional imports. The removal of people from dole queues into work would increase their purchasing power. If total consumption expanded, according to the classic multi-

positive stance..."

into the lengthy BCCI fraud trial

Washington lawyer Robert Altman

was honest or whether he helped

BCCI to cheat US bank regulators,

there was an unexpected cry of

now drawing to a close in New York. As the jurors were being

asked to decide whether the

consumers. This would be achieved by the government expenditure being financed by increased taxation. Those presently at work would suffer some cut in consumption,

The balance of payments constraint does not necessarily imply a ceiling on the generation of jobs

balanced by gains for those currently unemployed. Thus there would be no increase in imports for personal consumption.

If balance of payments weakness rules out expanding demand across the board, then Keynes's "How to pay for the war" - where he analysed how to restrain consumption while employment was expanded in the munitions industries and the armed forces - should be reconsid-

feasible approach is to target expansion on the least import intensive sectors - public works and public

But isn't a rapid rise in employment, combined with tax increases to restrain personal consumption, a recipe for faster inflation? Evading the balance of payments constraint is of little help if another barrier, inflation, is thereby critically breached.

The cost to the exchequer of unemployment (benefits paid and tax lost) means that the net cost of expanding public service employment (in terms of higher tax rates and thus reduced consumption of those already employed) is far less than the gross cost. With strong support for improved public services, holding back the growth of real consumption may not be seri-

ously inflationary.

The issue is whether popular support can be gained for a policy of eliminating mass unemployment.

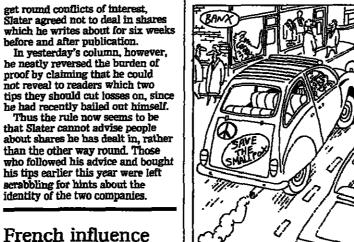
idly. ger a credible option, and with the quite broadly borne in terms of restraint on personal consumption. those who find jobs. In the early 1940s, people were prepared to accept much more severe restraint on their consumption in order to further the war effort; an important lesson from that experience is that sacrifices must be seen to be fairly

> The fundamental point is that an expansion of public expenditure, with progressive increases in taxation and savings on the dole providing the finance, is a straightforward and predictable way of tackling mass unemployment. Indeed, under present circumstances, it is probably the only way.

Andrew Glyn **Bob Rowthorn**

The authors are, respectively, a tutor in economics at Corpus Christi Colnomics at Cambridge University

Observer



■ Excerpt from the morning meeting notes of a blue-chip City broker reviewing rival firms objection, your honour. investment recommendations on It had nothing to do with the the Tesco supermarket group: four months of testimony or the hundreds of boxes of documents. "BZW had repeated its negative stance and Debit Mayonnaise its Much more down to earth. Altman's defence attorney felt sure that one of the jurors, an attractive, single, thirtysomething from New York's upper west side, had made eyes Point of honour at the prosecutor, Manhattan ■ A romantic footnote has crept

district attorney and Chevy Chase lookalike John Moscow. Altman's lawyer complained that the juror had given Moscow "long, lingering looks" and "mouthed hellos" during the five-month trial. Moscow, nicknamed the "Romeo DA" after he married a juror 12 years ago, disagreed strongly and

said that the juror was just being "attentive". However, the judge had also noticed the juror's "peculiar behaviour and strange body language". She was summarily

Near thing ■ Calling all intrepid travellers

who like to get close to the action. China's state-run space industry, suffering from shrinking government subsidies, is offering what could well be a unique opportunity to witness at close hand its Long March rocket takeoff from Sichuan province.

But Observer will not be first in the queue. Even at the European Space Agency's launch site in French Guiana, privileged onlookers at last year's launch had to stay at least 4km away during take-off in case the thing blew up.

And that was nearer than safety regulations would allow at Cape Canaveral, explained an official. "Of course, it's different with the Russians and Chinese these days. They let you get as close as you like.'

The Midas touch

■ So much for the idea that Swiss bankers are conservative sorts. The latest letter to shareholders from Union Bank of Switzerland, flagship of the country's banking

community, is filled with superlatives which would make any self-respecting public relations flack cringe.

Anyone can see that an 89 per cent jump in UBS's first-half net income is jolly good without having to be reminded that "UBS even managed to outshine its dazzling performance in the fourth quarter of 1992". UBS's Gertrud Erismann

admitted the language might be thought a bit over the top, but "we feel that the result is so positive that it would not be honest not to be positive".

But despite the "outstanding financial results", UBS did have a few problems. "It is hard to understand," says the letter from the board of directors, "how an employee of our Chiasso branch...could embezzie roughly 1.3 tons of gold over an extended period of time."

Easy, the bosses were too busy making record profits.

Grouse about

■ Faced with the prospect of hundreds of commuters venting their spleen in their disappointment at this year's wash-out of a Glorious Twelfth, British Rail was taking no chances yesterday.

"Anyone found shooting rubbish on these premises will be prosecuted..." announced a notice under the arches by Waterloo



FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday August 13 1993



President prepared to risk violating constitution

Yeltsin pledges autumn parliamentary elections

PRESIDENT Boris Yeltsin yesterday vowed to hold new parliamentary elections in the autumn, even if this meant violating the constitution, in a effort to break the deadlock over Russian political and economic

Under the existing Soviet-era constitution, which Mr Yeltsin wants to replace, parliament cannot be dissolved until it completes its term in 1995, or unless the Congress of People's Deputies, the full parliament, amends the constitution.

"If deputies cannot take the decision, the president will take it for them," he told a meeting of provincial television executives in Moscow.

Any decision to pursue new elections without parliament's consent would be unconstitutional. But Mr Yeltsin and his supporters increasingly feel the benefits of doing so would out-

One aide suggested that the most painless way of removing the parliament would be to issue

elections after a quick plebiscite to show public support for the

Mr Ruslan Khasbulatov, chairman of the parliament, dismissed Mr Yeltsin's statement as a groundless threat. There are threats which send

shivers down people's spines," Mr Khasbulatov said in a live television broadcast billed as an address to the people of Russia yesterday. "In these conditions, do not be alarmed, we will protect you using the force of laws and the constitution.

Mr Vladimir Isakov, parliamentary vice-chairman, said any bid to bypass parliament on elections would be Mr Yeltsin's "swan song". He told Postfactum news ency: "Yet again he is ignoring the will of the people and taking the path of a coup d'état".

Despite being elected under the old Soviet regime and resisting radical reforms, most deputies claim to be defending democracy, while trying to hang on to their

Mr Yeltsin, fearful of creating a precedent for unconstitutional acts, has sought to pressure par-liament into dissolving itself to make way for a new parliament more suited to a nascent, postcommunist market economy.

As he spoke yesterday, the Supreme Soviet, or standing parliament, also raised the heat in the fight with the president. It adopted a draft law which, if approved by a Congress session now scheduled for November, would give it ultimate decisionmaking on the government's

Last month, it attempted to block the mass privatisation programme and passed a budget with a huge deficit, which Mr Yeltsin said was designed to destroy Russia's financial system. Continuing a counter-attack on economic policy, he said he had instructed the government to stick to the budget rejected by parliament.

"Under no circumstances will I sign this budget law," he said. "If implemented it would mean the collanse of the Russian currency system, the destruction of the rouble and the undermining of

Bank of England £29bn gilt sales earn praise from City

By Peter Marsh and Sara Webb

THE Bank of England is ahead of schedule in financing the large UK budget deficit - earning it praise yesterday from City econ-

Just 412 months into the financial year, the Bank has sold enough gilt-edged securities to cover nearly 50 per cent of this year's likely 250bn (\$74.5bn) gap between government spending

In spite of volatile conditions in the gilt market, the Bank yesterday sold a further £400m in UK government bonds out of £1.2bn of tap stocks announced on Wednesday afternoon.

About £29bn of gilts have been sold this year, with the biggest buyers being pension funds and other institutions attracted by ns of relatively low inflation and falling interest rates. Another factor has been the

high yields associated with UK government bonds - at about 7 per cent for the 10-year maturity this is significantly higher than for equivalent French, German, US and Japanese bonds. Overseas investors have been particularly keen to buy gilts, on beliefs sterling would appreciate against the

The Bank's effort to sell a record volume of gilts this year has been helped by soaring gilt prices in recent weeks - even though they slipped back slightly yesterday. Earlier this year many economists were worried that the Bank would be unable to find buyers for such a large amount of bonds without a large increase in vields.

Mr Michael Saunders, an economist in London for Salomon Brothers, the US bank, said he was in tem of monthly gilt auctions which helped investor planning.

lowest level for nearly 30 years.

Mr Roger Bootle, chief economist of Midland Bank, said the Bank had made a tactical mistake by issuing too much longer dated stock, pushing up the national debt more than was necessary, because of the higher vields on these classes of honds The Bank said the bulk of the new issuance has been in medium-dated gilts - in other words, those with a maturity of between

"The Bank has broken the back of the funding," said Mr Nigel Richardson, economist at Yamaichi International, the Japanese

Mr David Mackie of US bank J.P.Morgan said: "The Bank has been astonishingly successful (in its gilt sales]." But "it's been fairly easy for them", as retail price inflation has fallen to its

Government bonds, Page 16

French foreign currency reserves down

Continued from Page 1

the ERM, in spite of Denmark's announcement that it was launching a large offering on the bond market to help replenish the country's foreign exchange

The bond issue, worth SFr1bn (\$600m), came in the wake of a £1.3bn (\$1.93bn) Eurobond offering made last week in sterling. But news of this latest bond

tender could not prevent the

Europe today

krone falling in London to a close of DKr4.1135 against the D-Mark

from a previous DKr3.406. The size of the capital flows is expected to spur attempts by European Community members to strengthen their defences

against currency speculators. "France and Germany in particular are looking at ways to control the market and increase economic co-operation," said one Paris-based diplomat.

Le Monde, the French newspa

per, yesterday reported that France and Germany were planning a concerted reduction in income taxes to stimulate economic activity and reduce the basis for assaults by the foreign

exchange markets. But Bonn officials said such a oposal was out of the question the current budgetary climate. "Our room for manoeuvre for cuts in direct taxation before 1995 or 1996 is zero," an official

Signs grow for Nato as Serbs

base in Italy to discuss the logis-

defence minister, told a radio interviewer it was necessary to strongly intensify" border controls to protect against possible terrorist attacks.

ahead with military action. The comments were due to be published in Austria today. A spokesman for Mr Karadzic last night denied he made the threat.

that if they did not leave the stracouncil last Monday.

air strikes hold firm

SERB FORCES yesterday appeared to defy international demands to withdraw completely from strategic heights around Sarajevo amid signs of mounting military preparations for Nato air

General Francis Briquemont,

ened to retaliate against Italy if the Nato aircraft based there are used to attack Serb positions. In a further escalation of the tensions Mr Radovan Karadzic. Bosnian Serb leader, told an Aus-

The US has warned the Serbs

tegic mountains around Sarajevo that they could face air strikes, agreed at a meeting of the Nato

as chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff has fuelled speculation that Washington is moving towards a stronger line on the conflict. But European diplomatic

sources yesterday sought to play down the threat stres the prime consideration continued to be the peace negotiations in Geneva

at an impasse yesterday. President Alija Izetbegovic of Bosnia reiterated he would not return to the talks until the Bosnian Serbs had completed their withdrawal. But Bosnian Serb leaders said

they would not fully withdraw from Mount Igman until the UN had given further assurances that the strategic beights would remain neutral.

Although Serb troops had ear lier been reported to be leaving the area Unprofor in Sarajevo confirmed that "thousands" of Serb forces remained on the sum mit of Mount Igman.

FT WORLD WEATHER

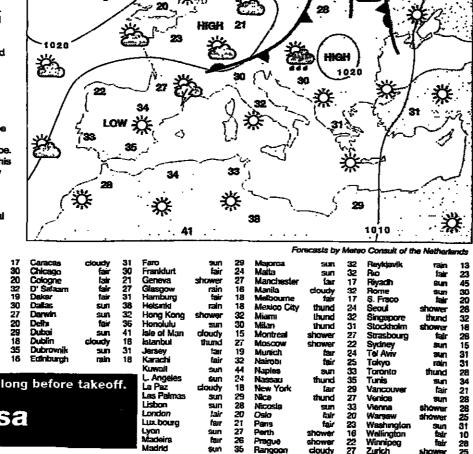
A warm front moving over Iceland and northem Britain will bring rain and near gale force winds. Elsewhere in north-wester Europe, a high pressure area crossing northern France towards Germany will produce dry conditions with sunny intervals and temperatures above 20C. A cold from will cause showers with sunny spells over northern Scandinavia, Poland and the Alps Ahead of the front, warm air will be pushed into the Baltic countries, causing some afternoon showers. High pressure in the northern CIS will keep conditions sunny and dry. Mediterranean countries will continue warm and sunny, although thunder storms will develop in south-east France and

Five-day forecast

High pressure building over northern Europe will direct drier and warmer air from the continent over Britain and north-west Europe. However, a small depression moving into this region will trigger thundery showers. Sunny weather will prevail in eastern Europe and around the Mediterranean. In Greece and Turkey, winds will increase and thundery showers will develop in the northern coastal

Lufthansa

German Airlines



By Laura Silber in Geneva, Haig Simonian in Milan, and Gillian Tett in London

commander of UN forces in Bosnia, yesterday flew to a Nato air tics of air strikes with Admiral Jeremy Boorda, Nato's commander of Allied Forces Southern Europe.

Italy later announced that it was sending additional troops to reinforce its border with the former Yugoslavia to protect against possible reprisals in the event of Nato bombing raids. Mr Fabio Fabbri, Italian

Serb nationalists have threat-

trian newspaper he would try to acquire nuclear weapons to carry out attacks if the West pressed

President Clinton's nomination of Gen John Shalikashvili, who is known to be more favourable towards intervention in Bosnia

The talks, however, remained

THE LEX COLUMN Royal returns

With the proceeds of May's rights issue safely tucked away, Royal can enjoy the UK insurance recovery without worrying about its capital posi-tion. Having cut the pay-out too, it Royal Insurance should even be able to cover the divi-Share price relative to the dend and retain profits at the current modest level of profitability. The likes of Commercial Union will have to wait for the next leg of the UK underwriting upturn to flow through to the bottom line before such financial balance is achieved. Yesterday's large loss in reinsurance is a reminder that past mistakes might still take the shine off Royal's recovery, even where remedial action has been taken. Given the unpredictable nature of the business there is certainly scope for further dis-appointment. But while running down reinsurance at the bottom of the cycle attracted brickhats, such losses sup-port the argument that retail insurers

have no place in the wholesale end of the business. Like others in the sector, Royal is coy about how its new financial free-dom will be used. Price rises in the UK should underpin premium growth for perhaps another year. By then, the US underwriting cycle may at last be turning. Royal is already reversing the steady shrinkage of its US operations. But while big US insurers such as Chubb are showing decent profits at current rates, price rises cannot be taken for granted. The immediate outlook in Europe is equally uncertain. Since investment returns are also likely to be lower than in the 1980s, insurers may have to content themselves with squeezing the most out of existing business.

Standard Chartered

As talk of a rights issue from Standard Chartered always sounded a little wild, its failure to materialise bardly provides an explantation for yesterday's sharp share price rise. More plausible is the sense of relief that another set of results figures had passed without further trouble. Certainly the unexpected increase in provisions against well-known UK problem loans was unwelcome, but investors were at least spared the emergence of wholly new difficulties. The management's aim must be to continue the encouraging profits' trend over the next 18 months, rebuilding its tier one capital ratio above 6 per cent and its credibility with institutions into the bargain. That would probably earn a credit rerating and open the possibility of an



shares to bolster its sterling capital base against shocks from the predominantly dollar asset base.

If such a strategy looks sensible, the difficulty is that circumstances are partly outside Standard's control. Boom conditions in the Asia Asia region may boll over in the next some or so, yet the bank's general pas looks modest when set against lis. £22bn of assets in the area. To be some, the bank has recently shown restraint in Hong Kong in an effort to boost profits. If Standard is fortunate and Asia holds up, then there is room for some further improvement in its relative rating. Yet the risk of disappoint ment remains - the new man says that it intends to generate con-sistent earnings, but this is an inher-ently cyclical business.

Ferruzzi

The news from Ferruzzi goes from bad to worse - as yesterday's collapse in the share price after a two-day suspension demonstrates. The position was desperate even before the additional losses in commodity futures trading were disclosed on Tuesday. Since international auditors have as been through the books, that could be the last of the nasty surprises. With an investigation into alleges political bribes still in progress, though, the stock market can hardly be blamed for assuming the worst.

Reasons for optimism are few and far between. The appointment of foreign banks to the creditors committee offers some encour that restructuring proposals will meet

By forcing Ferruszi to amend the terms of the proposed rights issue for La Fondiaria, its insurance subsidiary. the Italian investment authorities day's figures are correct, group compa-

ries are generating decent operating profits despite the pain of the parent. While such profits are still dwarfed by interest payments, that is reason to hope asset sales might be achieved even in the current depressed economic climate. On a sympathetic interpretation, the two-week delay in resenting restructuring proposals night allow for the completion of the proposed sale of Himont, the chemicals subsidiary, to Shell it will, however, take more than one disposal to restore financial belance.

Rothmans/Dunhill The line print of Richemont's asset trial logic but the financial advantage from the viewpoint of Rothmans' and shill's shareholders are less clear. By this military in the web of intercon-necting abaseholdings, Richement will produce two businesses separately focused up tobacco and huxury goods. Given the conspicuous clash of corpe rate cultures between the two group

ings, this is doubtless a good thing As a pure tobacco company, Rota mans clearly has its attractions. The opening of markets in eastern Europe and China has given tobacco com expects world cigarette consu so grow by 2 per cent a year to 5,700hn sticks by the end of the century. With 1500m of cash, Rothmans is strongly placed for expansion. However, its yield, which is likely to impuish well below that of BAT industries, may

hold the share price in check.

Dunbill's minority shareholders, though, may reasonably gripe that their interests are not best served by transferring their assets, valued at it notices of the cycle, into a bigger has control. The Japanese downlife has certainly resulted in a masty scratch across Doubill's veneer. The compa my's currency bedging policies have also left it looking rather reckless even if the immediate result is more red faces than red ink. But the unan sweet questions remain; if Dunhill is as relatively weak as the terms of this deal suggest, why were its shareholders not aways of the fact; and why did its parent, Rothmans, not tackle the

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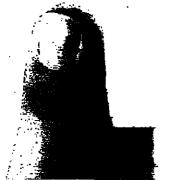
The long-established and very successful Corporate Finance and Investment Management evening programmes provide comprehensive coverage of their respective fields, including exposure to many of the latest developments and ideas. They require attendance on one evening per week over three ten week terms from October 1993 - June 1994. For further details, please tick and return the coupon.

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Two evening information sessions about the Masters Programme in Finance will be held at the School on Wednesday, 18 August and Wednesday, 8 September at 6.15 pm, and they last about an hour. If you would like to attend either of these information sessions, please telephone, or tick the relevant box below and return the coupon.

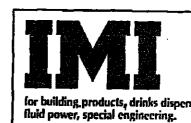
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FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS

Friday August 13 1993



IMI plc, Birmingham, England,

INSIDE

StanChart result damps fears

Shares in Standard Chartered, the International banking group, leapt after it disclosed a sharp rise in first half profits helped by buoyant Asia Pacific operations and eased feers that it would need a nghis issue. Page 19

Lighter KLM rises slightly

First quarter net profits at KLM Royal Dutch Airlines was slightly up at FI 40m (\$20.5m) for the April-June period from FI 38m a year earlier, mainly because KLM no longer carries the losses of its 20 per cent-owned US sirline, Northwest, Page 14

Lufthansa re-enters profit zone

German national airline Lufthansa returned to the black in the second quarter with pre-tax profits of DM24m (\$13.9m) as its cost-cutting programme started to show results. Page 14

Wait and see' from Thomson

Thomson Corporation, the Canadian-controlled travel and publishing group, reported slightly improved second quarter earnings but warned that a true performance picture would emerge only later in the year. Page 15

Uprooting foresters

The upheaval in Canada's forestry sector is shaking many of the biggest companies to their roots, with a growing list of forestry companies emerging from the embrace of a controlling shareholder into the more bracing environment of a widely-held public company. Page 15

Royal recovers but disappoints

Royal insurance reported a sharp recovery, posting pre-tax profits of £52m (\$77.5m) for the first six months of 1993 compared to a loss of £79m last year, though investors seemed disapointed with the

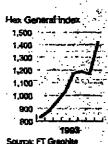
Warning for Wall Street

Foreign & Colonial investment Trust warned yester day that "Wall Street may begin to fatter", as it announced a 2.7 per cent increase in its interim dividend to 1.15p. But the trust was reasonably hopeful about other markets. Page 18

New elements in copper market

The huge weight of money available to market operators is having an increasing impact on the London Metal Exchange's "flagship" copper market, according to one analyst. He says that "the price's behaviour has tended to become increas-ingly divorced from the perceived tevels of physical supply and demand". Page 34

Fine times in Finland



that the Helsinki stock saying that many shares still look cheap on international comparisons. There has also been heavy foreign buying following the relevation of restrictions on foreign share ownership at the start of the year. **Back Page**

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Mirror Group's shares rise on report

OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1993

By Raymond Snoddy

MIRROR Group Newspapers is still substantially undervalued. according to a study on the popuaccording to a study on the popular newspaper group's prospects by SG Warburg Securities.

Warburg expects that, despite the problems still remaining from the late Robert Maxwell's ownership, margins will be improved by a page cent this

by 2 per cent to 23 per cent this year and a further 2 per cent next

The share price of the company - which publishes the Daily Mirror, Sunday Mirror and People, as well as the Scottish Daily Record and Sunday Mail - yesterday gained 8p to close at 167p.

Warburg, which is MGN's bro-

kers, expected that, allowing for the future resumption of divi-dend payments, the company would come more into line with a normal media sector rating. This would imply a share price of 220p

in 1994, it said.

The positive report on the company comes at a time of speculation that Mr John Talbot of Arthur Andersen, the administator to the private Maxwell com-panies, might be about to move on the disposal of 54.8 per cent of the company. This stake is effectively owned by a number of banks which lent to Maxwell.

autumn is seen as the most likely outcome, although it is not clear whether a final decision has been in her report on MGN, Ms

A private placing in the

Lorna Tilbian, Warburg's media analyst argues that the Daily Mirror has been only marginally bit by the price war with The

The report suggests that the underlying position, including normal seasonal variations, will show only a 0.6 per cent circulafion fall in July. The Sun, which cut its cover price by 5p to 20p, will show a rise of only 123,000 copies, or 3.5 per cent, in average

Ms Tilbian argues that there now exists an opportunity for the new management, under chief executive Mr David Montgomery to inculcate a culture of enterprise and efficiency to "secure consistent earnings growth for the foreseeable future"

Dunhill warns on currency

A PROFITS warning from Dunhill Holdings and the cost of the luxury goods group's foreign exchange policies yesterday cast a cloud over the corporate restructuring proposed by Richemont of Switzerland.

arm, Rothmans International,

Dunhill said that because 95 per cent of its business arose outside the UK, it hedged future income up to 30 months ahead. Currency movements - nota-

£19m (\$27.9m) and £13m lower than they would have been without the hedging.

Operating profits were also likely to fall this year. Details, Page 17; Lex, Page 12

UBS powers ahead by 89% By Ian Rodger in Vienna

UNION Bank of Switzerland, one of the world's strongest commercial banks, has reported an 89 per cent jump in net income to SFr1.29bn (\$845m) in the first

The bank said the result demonstrated its "exceptional earning power", as buoyant securities and volatile foreign exchange markets combined with favourable interest rate trends.

It also expected a "very good result" in the second half, although it would be "hazardous" to predict that it would match the first half. The interim profit enabled UBS

Peril of losing

touch with the

Share prices are soaring despite

gloom in industry. Tony Jackson asks

if the UK market is heading for a fall

The two headlines on the Truck sales in the UK fell 11

per cent.

real world

front page of yesterday's FT said it all. Manufactur-

ing recovery wavers, said the first FT-SE 100 breaks 3,000 level,

added the second. To the outside

eye, the stock market often

seems to live in an unreal world.

In a week of gloomy industrial news and soaring share prices, the sense of divergence has

For the market, the reasons for

feeling cheerful are simple

enough. Britain's exit from the

ERM last September was good

news because it meant lower UK

interest rates and lower sterling.

The collapse of the ERM was

even better, as it meant that

other European countries - Ger-

many of course excepted - could

cut interest rates as well. With

luck, that would allow Britain to

In theory, the effect of this on

equities is twofold. First, lower

The market's

apparent divorce

from reality is

characteristic

of economic

turning points

cut its rates still further.

become acute.

comfortably to surpass its mid-1990s target of achieving a 10 per cent return on equity. With a return of about 13 per cent, it is one of the world's most profitable big banking groups as well as the

Its tier one capital ratio of nearly S per cent at the end of last year was significantly higher than that of other large commercial banks The profit surge was powered

by income from trading, which soared 144 per cent to SFr1.55bn. Net interest income gained only 10.9 per cent to SFr1.9bn and commission income was up 18.7 per cent, also to SFr1.9bn.

And companies have, on the

whole, been gloomy about the outlook. On Tuesday BOC, the

industrial gases giant, said busi-

ness with its basic industrial cus-

tomers around the world

remained tough, and that profits

would be down for the year. Yes-

terday Rothmans, the tobacco

and luxury goods group, said it

was still seeing "recessionary

trading conditions in the major

of timing. It is the function of the

market to discount the future.

and its apparent divorce from

reality is characteristic of eco-

nomic turning points. This leaves

two further questions: whether

the market's expectations are

right and whether it is putting

nointed out that the price-earn-

ings ratio of the London market

- one of the simplest methods of

valuation - is now at around the

just before the crash. The more

bullish response is that the out-

look is wholly different. In 1987,

the market was right to be

alarmed about the coming reces-

sion. Now, with luck, it is right

to expect an economic upturn

Less bullish analysts have

the right value on them.

This could still all be a matter

world economies".

lets, which are active only in wholesale banking and trading, jumped to 40 per cent of total net income from just over 20 per cent in the first half of last year.

The group said its European region, which is dominated by offices in London, produced about 60 per cent of the foreign contribution, with 20 per cent coming from both North America

Thanks to its top credit rating, UBS has become one of the main players in the world's futures and options markets. Its volume of derivative products amounted to SFr2,076bn at the end of June, 25.5 per cent higher than at the end of last year. The average risk on this volume was now equivalent to about 30 per cent of the group's balance sheet risks. The group's total assets stood

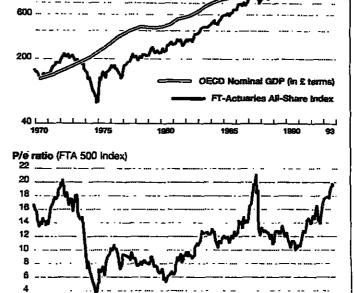
at SFr290.7bn, just 9 per cent above the December figure. Customer loans grew only 3 per cent to SFr155.6bn, and most of the growth came from outside

recessive Switzerland. Provisions of SFr1.07bn were made for bad loans, a third up on the same period last year, which was "causing some concern". But UBS's reference to "our conservathe provisions as "generous" signalled that it was, as usual, stuff-

tive policy" and its description of ing away as much as possible.

UK market versus industrialised world's growth





rose through it again briefly in crash. Now, despite its recent strength, it is still below the trend. This is partly because ster-ling's devaluation has jacked up the value of the world economy in sterling terms. But it has also jacked up the sterling value of Britain's overseas earnings, so

the comparison remains fair. In the short run, there is obvi- at any rate, not yet.

rendous bear market of 1973-74. It ously a risk that the good news which the market expects will be slow in arriving, so that the excitement of recent weeks evaporates. But again, that is merely a matter of timing.
The more fundamental ques-

tion raised by this week's headlines is whether the market has taken leave of its senses, as it did in the summer of 1987. Judging by the chart, the answer is no. Or

Papuan threat to RTZ disposal

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

RTZ Corporation's \$108m plan to reduce its shareholding in the Lihir gold project in Papua New Guinea - the largest known gold deposit outside South Africa was under threat yesterday from

the PNG government. Mr Paias Wingti, PNG's prime minister, said the proposed sale by RTZ of part of its 80 per cent share in the project to Niugini Mining and Venezuelan Goldfields, a small Canadian prospecting company, was "in fla-grant violation" of his government's decision to take a

50 per cent stake. Previously the PNG govern-ment had indicated it wanted 30 per cent of Lihir but Mr Wingti said that RTZ had been informed in May that it would take 50 per cent and then hand on 20 per cent to a suitable partner.

RTZ, the world's biggest mining company, said some aspects of Mr Wingti's statement came as a "surprise" and it was "considering its position". It would discuss the situation with Niu-gini Mining, based in Port Moresby the PNG capital, and

Mr Wingti said: "This decision has been forced on the govern-ment by the inordinate delays and procrastinations which have taken place over the last 10

RTZ had repeatedly told the government that Lihir was not a viable project. "We in turn have now informed them that my government has sufficient confidence in the property to retain 50 per cent.'

The Malaysian Mining Corporation recently said it had been offered 20 per cent of Lihir by the PNG government. Yesterday Mr Masket langalio, PNG mines minister, said MMC had offered to fund the government's 30 per cent stake in Lihir and MMC officials would shortly visit the Lihir site, in the crater of an extinct volcano.

RTZ said it had not talked to

The affair threatens to be prides itself on being able to negotiate effectively with any

The dispute is likely to damage PNG's reputation with investors. Since Mr Wingti's government was elected last year it has been involved in serious disputes over the Porgera and Mt Kare gold

By Andrew Bolger in London

Richemont, controlled by the Rupert family of South Africa, wants to split off its tobacco and combine its two luxury goods units, Luxco and Dunhill, into Vendôme. Dunhill is 57 per cent-owned by Rothmans.

bly the strengthening of the yen meant its sterling profits for 1993-94 and 1994-95 would be

returns on cash mean that savers switch into equities. Second, lower interest rates provide an economic stimulus, especially in continental Europe. The outlook for European exports had been a matter of growing concern for UK manufacturers, as expressed by the Confederation of British Industry shortly before the ERM's collapse.

The snag about all this would be if the markets started worrying about the resurgence of infla-tion. But the opposite seems to be the case. The UK government bond market has been roaring away in recent weeks, to the extent that the UK's nightmarish budget deficit looks like being funded well ahead of expecta-

Back in the real world, on the other hand, nothing whatever has happened. Interest rates have not come down significantly, in the UK or elsewhere in the EC. The economic data remain mixed and confusing.
In the UK, for instance, it

was announced yesterday that the recent fall in unemployment was last month marginally reversed. Car sales across Europe fell by 20 per cent last month.

and a corresponding surge in As for valuation, it helps to step back and consider the broader context. In the long run, it seems unlikely that the market can outpace economic growth Share prices cannot rise faster than the dividends which give them their value, nor can dividends rise faster than the profits

from which they are paid. Profits, in their turn, can scarcely rise faster than the economy, as that would mean shareholders winning consistently at the expense of someone else. Profits may at times lose ground and then regain it, as happened in the 1970s and 1980s. But on a long view, this ought to amount only to fluctuations around the economic trend. The upper of the two accompa

nying charts shows GDP in the developed economies of the OECD, expressed in current sterling, along with the FT All-Share Index. The OECD is chosen because of the international nature of British quoted companies. GDP is shown in current rather than real terms to give effect to inflation, as share prices

do.

The implications are on balance reassuring. The index rose above the economic trend line in the early 1970s, before the hor-

Pilkington sells stake to NSG

In the US, LOF supplied a "sig-

nominated as the glass supplier

for the Nissan Micra.

By Maggie Urry in London

PILKINGTON, the glassmaker, is selling a 20 per cent stake in Triplex Safety Glass, its UK automotive glass subsidiary, to Nippon Sheet Glass of Japan for £13.8m (\$19.5m). Pilkington shares rose 5p to

NSG, the second largest flat and safety glassmaker in Japan. bought a 20 per cent stake of Pilkington's US glass business, Libbey-Owens-Ford, in 1989 for

\$230m. Mr Roger Leverton, Pilkington chief executive, said the Triplex deal was of great strategic importance. NSG was a leading supplier to Japanese carmakers in its home market.

"We are trying to underpin the

already substantial business we looking at building a plant in have with Japanese transplants Europe. [Japanese-owned car factories] in A second motive for the link

the UK. The relationship with Mr Leverton said, was a technology agreement with NSG, which NSG in the US has been very is expected to improve efficiensuccessful in strengthening our cies and cut costs at Triplex. hinks with Japanese customers Enhanced profits at Triplex as there. We want to do the same in a result of the deal should more Europe." he said.

its reduced stake. The deal price of £13.3m - valuanese plants including Toyota, Nummi, Nissan and Honda. ing Triplex as a whole at £66.5m Pilkington is already a leading - represented a "reasonable" presupplier to Nissan and Toyota in mium to net asset value, he said, which would benefit Pilkington's the UK, with 25 per cent of Tribalance sheet. One analyst said it plex's sales going to Japanese manufacturers. Triplex has been was "a drop in the bucket" given

Triplex, which has production As well as Nissan in Sundersites in St Helens, Lancashire, and Kings Norton, Birmingham, land, Toyota in Derby, and Honda in Swindon, Mazda is has an annual turnover of £80m.

Pilkington's high gearing.

than compensate Pilkington for

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as cost-cutting takes effect

By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

LUFTHANSA, the German national airline, returned to the black in the second quarter tax profit of DM24m (\$13.9m) as its cost-cutting programme started to show results

It said that some DM1bn had been saved since the wideranging recovery programme began last August. This included staff cuts, curbs in pay rises, more flexible pay structures and working agreements, and a streamlining of its operations.

But the company, which is 51 per cent state-owned, made a loss in the first half, although much reduced at DM221m. This compares with a pre-tax loss of DM542m in the same period of

The airline said the real improvement in its first-half result was DM147m. The other DM174m represented the effect of changes in the method of depreciation introduced in the

second half of last year.
"The gap between earnings liture is slowly narand expen rowing." Lufthansa said. Total spending was 5.5 per cent lower in the first half, with labour costs down 8 per cent. Passenger numbers rose by

4.6 per cent in the first six months to 14m, with freight just 0.7 per cent higher at nues from flight operations

were 0.6 per cent down at DM6.9bn. Lufthansa said prices were still under pressure from "excess worldwide capacity coupled with fierce and, at times, ruinous competition".

In the second quarter, the average price paid by passengers was about 8 per cent less per kilometre than a year ear-lier, with cargo yields 6 per

Lufthansa said the number of its flights fell by 3.6 per cent in the first half, while demand was 7.4 per cent higher, both expressed in tonne-kilometres. The revenue load factor was 4.3 percentage points higher at 67.4 per cent; the seat load facpoints at 64.3 per cent.

Another factor was a 14 per cent drop in wages and related costs, due in part to a "pre-mium boliday" on contributions to the airline's pension

out against

pressure on

KLM Royal Dutch Airlines

reported a small increase in

net profit for the 1992-93 first

quarter in spite of pressure

on margins caused by a shift

in demand to tourist class

The increase, to Fl 40m

(\$20.5m) for the April-June

period from Fl 38m a year ear-

lier, is due mainly to the fact

that KLM no longer carries the

losses of its 20 per cent-owned

US airline, Northwest, on its

margins

By Ronald van de Krol in Amsterdam

Mr Pieter Bouw, chairman, told the annual shareholders' meeting that talks on forming an alliance with SAS. Swissair and Austrian Airlines were

continuing.
The airlines hoped to sign a memorandum of understanding in September, with a definitive agreement expected before the year-end, he

In the first quarter, passenger numbers rose but this was offset by the trend away from first class and business seats in favour of cheaper tourist

The airline is planning to phase out its first class cabins and to improve the quality of business class instead. Total traffic, measured in

ton-kilometres, rose by a healthy 14 per cent. but traffic turnover fell by 3 per cent to Fl 1.8bn. Total turnover was down 4 per cent at Fl 2.1bn, outstripping a 3 per cent decline in total expenses to

the strength of the guilder, and operating profit fell to Fl 151m from Fl 182m. But this was compensated for by the narrowing in losses from minority-owned airlines to Fl 7m from Fl 61m, following KLM's decision to write down the value of its Northwest investment to zero last

August, 1993

Lufthansa back into profit |KLM holds |Ferfin shareholders feel the breeze of the Ferruzzi family, which Mediohanca's holding is now

THE COLLAPSE in the equity of Ferruzzi Finanziaria (Fer-fin), the heavily-indebted Italian holding company, is already having repercussions on some of its biggest share-

Mediobanca, the merchant bank leading the committee of Ferfin's biggest creditors, is most exposed. Its 3.5 per cent stake in Ferfin, valued at L123.3bn (\$76m) at the end of last year, is now worth a frac-

tion of that amount. Based on yesterday's official share price in Milan of L224.40,

worth little more than L9bn. Based on the proposed new nominal share price for Fer-fin's for just L5 rather than L1.000 at present the holding would be worth a meagre L204m. Chaotic scenes on the bourse

yesterday exposed the difficulties of valuing Ferfin's stock, which was readmitted to trading after being suspended on Tuesday. With the write down imminent, even hardened analysts were unsure of the "real" value of Ferfin with total borrowings of L28,838bn and losses of L1,165bn in the

first five months of this year. Sal, a big insurance group, and Generali. Italy's biggest insurer, also face a collapse in the value of their Ferfin holdings. Sai owns 2.46 per cent. while Generall has 2.33 per

The stock market yesterday took some account of that, marking down the shares of all three of Ferfin's main shareholders. Mediobanca slipped almost 1 per cent to L16,129. while Generali fell by 0.78 per cent to L39,972 and Sai dropped 0.34 per cent to L22,892. Leading sufferers from the

collapse in values are members

The largest block on offer is

the 5 per cent of Tofas, the Flat manufacturing joint venture

which at present market val-

ues is worth TL1,600bn

Brokers say the PPA is try-

ing to broaden the scope of the

privatisation effort ahead of a

large sell-off of the important

Mrs Ciller also restated her

nery company.

(\$138m).

utilities.

raise \$2bn.

owns about 48 per cent of Fer-fin through the Serafino Ferruzzi family holding company. Their stake, formerly believed to be on the books at L1,690bn, worth far less now.

Some Italian analysts are now wondering how much the family knew about the grave financial irregularities and kickbacks to politicians allegedly made by the group. For many of the 48,000 small shareholders in Ferfin, seething at the plunge in the value of their holdings, the fact that the Ferruzzis have suffered the same fate is small recompense.

IBM in patent

Elkem returns to the black in second quarter with NKr96m

ELKEM, the Norwegian light metals producer, has announced its first quarterly pre-tax profit before extraordinary items for three years due to cost-cutting, lower energy taxes and a stronger dollar

The NKr96m (\$12,85m) second-quarter profit helped the company rebound to a NKr61m pre-tax profit in the first half from a NKr189m loss in the same 1993 period.

It confirms that the company is recovering following last

year's crisis refinancing, although the market outlook for many of its products

to NKr3.78bn from NKr3.82bn, but the effects of a cost-cutting drive were apparent in the fall to 5.700 over the past 18

Group financial expenses compared with NKr203m.

remains uncertain.

Net sales in the first half fell in operating costs to NKr3.44hn from NKr3.59bn. Staff numbers have been cut by around 1,000 months.

were also lower at NKr186m. Interest payments have fallen in line with a sharp reduction in net debt, which at

NKr1.2bn lower than at the start of the year. The company was also able to book NKr60m back into its accounts as the cost of with-

proved less than expected. Elkem said ferro-alloy exports from the CIS and China were continuing at high levels, adding to uncertainties over future price levels.

drawing from high tempera-

ture waste treatment has

It also warned that western steel production may not continue to show the same level of growth it displayed in the first

> Fl 1.96ba. Margins were also under pressure from price wars and

and sold to other Finnish Savings Bank of Finland was

Turkey to place stakes in state groups with foreign investors

Brokers say that the move

This is the first time that

there has been a possibility of

By John Murray Brown in Ankara

TURKEY is for the first time to place blocks of shares in state companies directly with foreign investors.

The Public Participation Administration, the govern-ment agency handling state sales to the public, said that stakes in some 20 companies would be placed with both foreign and domestic institutions at market prices.

The sales, which the PPA hopes to conclude by the year end, are expected to realise around \$380m.

The decision to make a secondary offering, rather than block tender or initial public offering, reflects the new urgency attached to the privatisation programme by Mrs Tansu Ciller, prime minister.

a small marketing joint ven-ture with Agip, the Italian will allow foreign investors to take a position in some of the company. large public concerns without Petkim, the petrochemical cor-poration, and Tupras, the refidisrupting the market, which suffers from a lack of liquidity.

significant foreign stakes in some of Turkey's traditional state monopolies. The sales include 10 per cent of Eregli Iron and Steel Turkey's flat-rolled steel producer which has a 71 per cent share

of the domestic market. The government is also offering a 15.87 per cent stake in Petrol Ofisi, the petrol retail operation. This sector has seen

cut-throat competition, with oil majors such as British Petroleum, Shell and Elf setting up Petrol Ofisi recently formed

to be advising the government

suit against " Conner IRM has filed a patent

infringement lawsuit against Conner Peripherals in the Fed-Smaller stakes are offered in eral District Court in San Jose. California, AP-DJ reports from Armonk.

According to IBM, the suit charges Conner with infringement of nine IBM patents relating to magnetic disk storage technology. The suit seeks both damages for past infringement and an injunction to bar Conner from any further infringement.

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IBM said it is also asking the court to declare that certain specific Conner patents are invalid and not infringed by IBM.

plans to sell the telephone Conner Peripherals said it monopoly, which is expected to was "disappointed" that IBM chose to take legal action Morgan Grenfell, the UK merchant bank, is understood rather than continue attempts to resolve the matter through

Joint management for Finnish banks

By Christopher Brown-Humes

SKOPBANK and the Savings Bank of Finland, the Finnish banks, are to come under joint management in a move to streamline their operations and improve efficiency.

The banks have run up heavy losses and are controlled by the Government Guarantee Fund, which has been set up to bail out the country's banking

Mr Heikki Koivisto, head of

the Government Guarantee Fund, said the move would reduce overlaps between the two banks in treasury activities and corporate banking. Skopbank will concentrate on international business, wholesale banking and large corpobanks' activities would be split rate clients, while Savings Bank of Finland will concen-

businesses. Mr Koivisto denied the reoranisation was a step towards a full merger of the two banks.

trate on the personal sector

total of FM32bn (\$5.44bn) in state support. But he said it would assist in the long-term aim of returning them to the private sector. Analysts said the move removed speculation that the

and small and medium-sized formed last year from a merger of 41 regional savings banks. Skoobank is the central bank of the savings banks.

Carter Holt confident

By Terry Hall in Wellington

THE OUTLOOK for wood pulp was being made worse by the rising value of the New Zealand dollar, Mr Selwyn Cushing, chairman of Carter Holt Harvey, New Zealand's biggest forestry company, told yesterday's annual meeting.

Low international pulp prices were of concern, but there was more optimism about returns from radiata logs and the group was cutting

He said a downward correction in the high prices of radiata pine sawlogs on export markets was inevitable. Radiata pine is the main plantation tree grown in Carter Holt Harvey's forests in New Zealand and Chile. Prices had risen because of stronger demand from Japan and Korea.

Mr Cushing said the company, managed by International Paper of New York, was "uniquely well positioned to move forward with confi-

Wesfarmers advances

WESFARMERS, the Australian agribusiness group, lifted net earnings by 10.9 per cent to A\$70.5m (US\$47.6m) in the June year on a 36 per cent sales rise to \$A1.7bn.

The annual dividend has been raised from 26 cents to 29 cents a share. The results reflect a full-year contribution from the company's 47 per cent owned associate, Bunnings, the Australian timber group. Wesfarmers said it benefited

from lower working capital requirements which allowed interest expense to fall from A\$32.6m to A\$27.4m.

But the fertiliser division suffered from Australia's rural recession and directors said the outlook remained subdued. The result excluded abnormal profits of A\$3.8m against a A\$514,000 ioss previous-

Tax provision took A\$34m against A\$39.5m and depreciation A\$68.3m against



IPE, ADVISED BY CHEMICAL BANK, ANNOUNCES A SOLICITATION TO OFFER FOR A BLOCK OF SHARES

REPRESENTING 78,9% OF SOPONATA-SOCIEDADE PORTUGUESA DE NAVIOS TANQUES, S.A., SHARE CAPITAL On the 5th of August, 1993, the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Portugal passed a Resolution authorising the re-privatisation of the 79.7% shareholding in SOPONATA, held directly and indirectly by IPE - investmentos e Participacoes Empresariais, S.A., a holding company owned and controlled by the Republic of Portugal. SOPONATA (headquartered in Lisbon - Rua do Acucar, 86, 1900 Lisboa) is Portugal's largest shipping company and is principally engaged in the transportation of crude oil by the means of nine owned vessels. SOPONATA is publicly listed on the Lisbon and Oporto Stock Exchanges with 6,160,000 issued shares. The company owns 573,077 shares held in Treasury.

A summary of the call for tender, which is available from the address below, is as follows: Shares under Offer -

The sale as a block of 4,862,792 Shares, with a nominal value of Escudos 1,000 per share, representing 78,9% of

SOPONATA's Capital. Participants | The offer is open to Portuguese and/or foreign investors who may apply individually or in groups. 3.

The basic price for the applications is Escudo 1,980 per Share, or a valuation of the entire block under offer of <u>Price</u> Escudos (000's) 9,628,328.

Payment Terms Payment of the price by the party to whom the sale of the block of Shares is awarded can be effected by either: b) 20% within ten working days of award and the remaining 80% in four annual instalments of equal amounts, incurring interest which is to be

added to each of the instalments at a rate equal to the prime rate set for three years by the Cuixa Geral de Depositos, current on the date of If the successful applicant does not opt for full payment of the Shares covered by the sale, such party shall provide a definitive bond within 10 days of the awarded sale, by means of a bank deposit made out to the order of IPE or a first demand bank guarantee acceptable to the Jury and

issued in favour of IPE. Directly Nationalised Shares Under the terms of Article 2.1 of Decree-Law No. 288/92 of the 26th December, 1992, 45.153 Shares, corresponding to 5% of the directly

nationalised Shares, (i.e. less than 1% of SOPONATA's Capital) are reserved for SOPONATA workers, small investors, and Portuguese emigrants. The shares not subscribed to by such investors must be acquired by the successful applicant for the block of shares at the basic price

Deadline for Application

The deadline for applications as outlined in the call for tender is the 4th of October, 1993.

first and second, where the overall value of the operation is taken to mean the value of the application presented by the applicant in first place, all

Selection of Winning Bidder The bids shall be reviewed by a Jury and the sale of shares under offer shall be made to the applicant who has offered the highest price. In the case where there is a difference of 5% or less in the overall value of the operation between the applications submitted by the applicants placed

the applicants accepted in this phase may then review the sum shown on their applications. Where the initial difference in value between the cants classified (st and 2nd is more than 5% of the overall value of the operation, as defined in the preceding item, no review is possible and

Public Tender Offer
The acquirer of the shares referred to in the preceding clause undertakes to launch a public tender offer to acquire SOPONATA shares not covered by the present resolution at the unit price accepted by IPE for the block of shares under offer. Documents Available to Interested Parties Interested Parties who so wish may obtain, free of charge, an information pack about the company after the date of publication of the call for tender and up to five days prior to the deadline for submission of the applications.

Additional Information Subject to Receipt of Deposit

Interested parties may request a set of additional information about the company, against a non-interest bearing deposit with a credit institution, made out to IPE, to the value of Escudos 10,000,000 which will be refunded to them within three working days from the receipt of the respective application. Subject to receipt of such deposit, the interested party may review any of SOPONATA's assets, including vessel inspections, and also have any audits they deem appropriate carried out at their own expense. Interested parties who do not submit in application, submit an application below the basic price, or are excluded for other reasons stipulated in the call for tender, will lose their deposit which will revert to IPE.

For the purposes of this transaction, IPE has engaged the service of Chemical Bank as its financial advisor. Interested parties should direct enquiries to Paul Sullivan - Vice President Banco Chemical (Portugal) S.A.

Chemical Bank (-f.) John Adam Street London, England WC2N oHT George Sitwell - Associate Tel (44-71) 932 3308 Fax (44-71) 839 8802

Rua Barata Salgueiro 33 1200 Lisbon, Portugal

Alexandre Gouvera - Vice President Tel (351-1) 352 3000 Fax (351-1) 352 2905

This announcement and the related call for tender do not represent a public offer under the "Código do Mercado de Valores Mobiliarios", together with successive modification and investigation. The Portuguese text of this announcement and the other documents referring to this procedure will provail over any other version. Requests for such documents should be directed to the above address.

This advertisement, for which IPE is responsible, has been approved by Chemical Bank, a member of the Sectumes and Futures Authority whele for the purposes of Section 57 of the Financial Services Act 1986. Chemical Bank is acting for IPE in relation to the publication of this advertisement and is not acting for any other persons and will not be responsible to such persons for providing protections afforded to customers of Chemical Bank or advising them as to only maner referred to herein.

This announcement and the sale procedure are subject to Portuguese Law, in the event of any kind of controversy related to the above, the Court of

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THE TRANSPENNINE **REGION:** THE NEW NORTH The Financial Times plans to

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If you wish to reach this important editorial synopsis and ad HUGH WESTMACOTT **BRIAN HERON** Tele.: 061 834 9381 Fax.: 061 83: FINANCIAL TIMES

1/5540,000,000 TUNG HO STEEL ENTERPRISE CORPORATION NOTICE IS HERBRY GIVEN that there has been an adjustment of Convention Price for to 4 percent Bands that 2001 (the "Bands") from NISSA, 16-per share to NISAB, 22 or show, We hereby notify you that the new adjusted Convention Price NISAB, 23 will take effect on 13th August 1991, This adjustment is based on the new issuance of 12,744,000 shares in relations to the pack dividend and employee books share **CITIBANCO**

IPNA 2 NV

Pursuant to a resolution of the Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders of IPNA 2 NV dated June 14th; 1993, a partial repayment of the premium reserve will be made to its depositary receipt holders in the total amount of US dollars 6,000,000 being US dollars 2,368,73 per depositary receipt.

30th September, 1993

construction to the economy.

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To add these transfers to the part more.

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Payment will be made against reminance of coupon ar. 8 at of August 27, 1993. Depository receipt holders are requested to send the membaned coupon together with detailed payment instructions to the address of the undersigned: Herengracht 320, detailed payment instructions to the act 1016 CE Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Stichting IPNA 2 Trust Services Hereagracht 320

The United Mexican States Floating Rate

Notes Due 2000

The applicable rate of interest for the period August 12, 1993, through and including February 13, 1994, to be paid on February 14, 1994, a period of 186 days, is 4.3125%. This rate is 13/16% above the offered rate for six-month deposits in U.S. Dollars which appeared on the display designated as the British Bankers Association's Interest Settlement Rate (3.50%) as quoted on the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor as Telerate Screen No. 3750 as at 11:00 A.M. (London Time) on August 10, 1993.

The above rate equates to an interest payment of USD 22.28125 per USD 1,000.00 in principal amount of Notes.



Banco Nacional de Mexico, NY

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Thomson edges ahead to \$78m for second term

in Toronto

THOMSON Corporation, the Canadian-controlled travel and publishing group, yesterday reported a slight improvement in second-quarter earnings, but cautioned that a true picture of its 1993 performance would only emerge later in the year.

Net earnings rose to US\$78m. or 13 cents a share, from \$70m, or 12 cents, a year earlier. Six-month earnings for both years were \$23m, or 3 cents. Second-quarter sales dipped

to \$1.47bn from \$1.53bn, largely reflecting weaker sterling and, to a lesser extent, the Canadian dollar.

than court.

The travel division's operating earnings edged up to \$31m from \$30m, excluding \$3m of interest income this year, down from \$7m in 1992. The company said, however, that earnings for the year would largely be determined

by results for the high-season third quarter. Apart from the weak pound, Thomson painted an encouraging picture of prospects for the travel business. Demand for summer 1993 holidays appeared "approximately in line" with available capacity, a year earlier.

and "excessive" discounting on brochure prices was unlikely. Thomson Tour Operations' summer bookings are 14 per cent ahead of last year. Winter

bookings are 23 per cent up, partly due to an earlier launch of the programme.

The fortunes of the publishing and newspaper interests are mixed. Earnings at Thomson's UK regional newspapers are "well above" last year, due to rising advertising revenues. But advertising lineage in North America was down 4 per cent in the first half, including

Circulation was also slightly lower, However, Thomson said sagging revenues were more than offset by lower costs, and that both profits and margins

a 7.2 per cent drop in Canada.

Professional publishing earnings have been dented by competitive pressures in tax and legal publications and by the impact of the US government's review of pharmaceutical advertising in medical maga-

Mount Kisco, New York, Under the reorganisation, equity ownership would be Nonetheless, the information and publishing group's operatsplit between employees, in ing earnings rose to \$78m in return for wage conce the second quarter, from \$75m and creditors, in exchange for debt forgiveness.

 USAir, in which British Airways holds a minority stake, is acquiring five gates at Orlando airport in Florida from United Airlines, the larger Chicago-based carrier. USAir added that it planned

TWA wins

approval to

return from

bankruptcy

By Nikki Tait in New York

icahn, the US financier.

Mr Glenn Zander, one of two

co-chief executives at TWA,

told the court that the airline's

performance was consistent

with projections contained in

its reorganisation plan, and

claimed that the airline would

be viable if it returned from

bankruptcy.
The carrier has yet to decide where it would base its ongo-

ing operations but it was

expected to announce yester-

day that it would go to St

Louis, its main hub airport.

TWA has been operating from

TRANS World Airlines, the US

an agreement with United, under which the two carriers would provide code-sharing flights from areas in the north-eastern US to Miami, and then on to Latin America.

Murdoch sells his holding in Hungarian paper

By Raymond Snoddy

man of News Corporation, has sold his stake in the Hungarian newspaper Mai Nap to the Bank of Credit of Hungary, the paper's co-owner. Mr Murdoch bought half of

Mai Nap, an evening tabloid, for \$3m and had a let-out clause after three years which he has now exercised in order to get his original tment back.

reason behind the decision to pull out was the fact that News Corp was unable to gain control of the publishing company. The decision comes a year

after the closure of Super, a daily tabloid newspaper aimed at the former East Germany, which News Corp published in a joint venture with Burda of Germany.

Europe. Television deals were being pursued in the CIS, Poland and the former Czecho-

Canadian forestry shaken to its roots

The industry faces another bout of upheaval, say Bernard Simon and Robert Gibbens

racked up losses of C\$4bn (US\$3.1bn) in less than three years is bound to feel some after-shocks. In the case of Canada's forestry sector, the upheaval is shaking carrier, has won approval many of the biggest companies to their roots.

ا مكنان المالات

from a Delaware bankruptcy court for its "plan of reorgani-Further evidence of the sation" after a day of hearindustry's structural shift ings.
This should allow the comcame this week with the decision by Canadian Pacific, the pany to emerge from Chapter transport and energy conglom-11 bankruptcy protection within the next few weeks. erate, to unload its entire 61 per cent stake in its loss making pulp and paper subsid-TWA entered bankruptcy in early 1992, when the company was still owned by Mr Carl

iary, CP Forest. CP Forest joins a growing list of forestry companies emerging from the sheltered embrace of a controlling shareholder into the more bracing environment of a widely-held public company:

 Earlier this year. Toronto's Bronfman group spun off its controlling interest in MacMillan Bloedel, the biggest west coast forestry company; An 82 per cent stake in Abitibi-Price, one of North America's biggest newsprint producers, is in the hands of an international banking con-sortium after the collapse of Olympia & York, the real estate developer. O&Y had pledged the shares as collateral for a large loan. According to one analyst, at least one of the banks has started selling Abi-

tibi shares into the market;

THE Israeli government

yesterday announced the sale

of 20 per cent of its shares in

Bank Leumi, the country's sec-

ond-biggest bank. The move

comes less than two months after it sold 16.5 per cent of its

shares in Israel's biggest bank,

The Bank Leumi sale,

approved by the Knesset

finance committee yesterday,

is due to take place this month.

By David Horovitz

Bank Hapoalim.

NY industry which has • New Zealand's Fletcher Challenge is cutting its stake in Fletcher Challenge Canada from 72 per cent to 51 per cent: After 80 years as a whollyowned subsidiary of the Chicago Tribune, Quno, an Ontario-based newsprint maker, is now a publiclytraded company in which its former parent has a 49 per cent

> Meanwhile, a handful of smaller lumber producers have gone public, taking advantage of rocketing timber prices earlier this year.

The shake-out is not over. Mr Ken Copeland, director of syndication at Nesbltt Thomson, the securities firm which led the underwriting group for the CP Forest deal, says that "if you're a private company and you ever thought about going public, the market is very receptive."

Stone Container of Chicago has given notice of plans spin off part of wholly-owned Stone-Consolidated, a Montreal-based newsprint producer.

Mr Richard Kellertas, analyst at McLean McCarthy in Montreal, says that other groups which may be set adrift key shareholders include Weldwood, controlled by the US group Champion International: Crestbrook Forest Industries, in which Mitsubishi

The offer is expected to raise

Shk1.1bn (\$298m to \$386m).

between Shk850m and

The Hapoalim sale was 120 times oversubscribed, and ana-

lysts believe the Leumi offer

will also be heavily oversub-

mittee members initially

expressed opposition to the

offer, arguing that the sale

price was being set too low,

and senior management were

being offered overly generous

Indeed, several finance com-

Israel to sell 20% of Bank Leumi stake

Toronto Composite Jan

Toronto Paper and Forestry Sector

stake; and Domtar, the papermaker controlled by the Caisse de Depôt et Placement, the Quebec public-sector pension

he turbulence fits a pattern seen in previous cycles in the forestry sector. Parent companies, many of them laden with debt and strapped for cash, have become unable and/or unwilling to keep supporting subsidiaries through quarter after quarter of red ink.

CP Forest, for instance, has been a significant drag on Canadian Pacific, pulling down operating income by C891.2m in the first six months of this year, and C\$152.7m a year earlier.

The sale emphasises the

Labour-led Israeli govern-

ment's commitment to divest-

ing the state of its majority

holdings in all Israel's major

banks, acquired after the Octo-

ber 1983 bank shares collapse.

plan unveiled yesterday. Is<mark>rael</mark>

Aircraft Industries said it

would this year be offering 25 per cent of the shares in its

wholly-owned Elta electronics

subsidiary for sale on the Tel

Aviv stock exchange.

In a second privatisation

Prices of newsprint and pulp, the staples of the Canadian forestry industry, are still in the doldrums. While newsprint producers are crossing their fingers for a

and Fletcher Challenge are

now running out of patience as

they come under pressure from

bankers and investors.

modest recovery later this year, pulp mills have reconciled themselves to a weak market well into 1994. Many companies' financial strength will continue to be sapped even when the recovery

gets underway. Keeping pace with increasingly stringent environmental laws will require heavy spending on recycling and pollution abatement equipment.

In contrast to disenchanted

to make an entirely successful

transition into non-military

alternatives, and recently said

it would have to cut 1,500 of its

Elta develops, manufactures

and markets radar, electronic

warfare, communications and

information systems and is one

of the jewels in the LAI crown.

Sales in the first quarter of

1993 amounted to \$72m, follow

parent companies, outside investors are attracted by what may prove to be bargain share prices once commodity markets improve. The Bronfmans' sold their MacMillan Bloedel shares last March for C\$17.50 apiece. Earlier this week, they were trading at C\$22.62.

he transformation from a closely-held entity to one with a widelydispersed group of public shareholders is also likely to create turbulence within many

CP Forest is among those renowned for its slow-moving management. The pressure to perform is now likely to intensify. As Mr Kellertas puts it. these companies "now have a lot of shareholders to answer to, and shareholders typically vote with their feet if they're

not happy. MacMillan Bloedel has already responded by launch ing a far-reaching review of its businesses. The review, to be completed around the end of this year, could result in a more focused business strat-

Wide ownership may turn out to be only the first stage of a drawn-out process of change in the industry. Over the next year or two, a wave of mergers, takeovers and asset disposals could separate the trees from

Coles Myer details plan for expansion

By Bruce Jacques in Sydney

COLES MYER, the Australian retailing group, has announced plans to spend A\$4.15bn (US\$2.8bn) over the next five years on a store expansion plan aimed at lifting sales and

Mr Peter Bartels, chief executive, said yesterday that the programme - the largest retailing expansion in Australia would involve building 421 new stores, refurbishment of 1,136 others and the expansion and construction of more than 12

The investment programme is a major plank in our strai-egy to maximise future profit-

ability and returns to shareholders," Mr Bartels said, adding that it would be financed entirely from internal

Mr Bartels said experience had shown that new and refurbished stores produced sales increases of between 10 per cent and 30 per cent, improving investment returns.

Analysts yesterday saw the move as a strategic manoeuvre to regain some initiative from recently-floated retailing rival, Woolworths, which has exceeded Coles Myer's sales

growth figures in recent years. Coles Myer shares gained 12 cents to A\$4.80 on Australian stock exchanges yesterday.

MR RUPERT Murdoch, chair-

It is believed that the main

However, News Corp empha-sised yesterday that there was no lack of interest in eastern

to shed 3,000 jobs By Richard Waters

Johnson & Johnson

sure on drugs prices. The company said this week it expected to shed 3,000 jobs this year, 1,000 of them through voluntary redundancies. The \$200m cost has already been provided for in a

companies in announcing big

staff cuts in the face of pres-

reserve set up last year. The compulsory job losses will come through moves to streamline administrative and other functions. However, the company said it had no plans to abandon its decentralised structure, involving 28 operat-

costs. "If they really want to concentrate on cost-cutting, they will have to look again at JOHNSON & JOHNSON has their whole philosophy of followed other US healthcare decentralisation," said Mr Glenn Reicin, an analyst at

Oppenheimer in New York.

Operating companies will decide for themselves whether to implement the voluntary redundancy plan.

All of the voluntary redundancies and most of the compulsory lay-offs will come in the US. Job losses abroad will come from factory closures in France and Brazil, as well as the consolidation of several European medical businesses.

Other drugs companies that have announced job losses this vear include Warner Lambert and Bristol Myers-Squibb, while Merck recently said that 2,100 had accepted its voluntary redundancy plan.

Ontario court ruling deals blow to PWA

IAI, one of Israel's largest ing 1992 sales of \$257m.

By Robert Gibbens

PWA, parent of Canadian Airlines International, has suffered a setback in its attempt to gain a vital C\$246m (US\$189m) equity injection

from American Airlines. The Ontario Court of Appeal has rejected PWA's attempt to have the Gemini reservations system declared insolvent. This would have allowed Canadian to switch to American's Sabre system - a condition of

American's equity investment. PWA is also asking the Federal Competition Tribunal to free it from Gemini, and has offered its partners in the system - Air Canada and a group of US airlines - a C\$20m

Mr Rhys Eyton, PWA chair-man, appealed to the federal

cabinet to intervene and force a negotiated settlement between Canadian and its Gemini partners. However, Air Canada replied that it would not negotiate the winding-up o the reservation system.

PWA would not say whether it will take the Gemini issue to the Federal Court of Appeal. • Confederation Life, one of Canada's top four life companies, is looking for a capital infusion, after raising C\$240m earlier this year with a European debenture issue.

Mr Paul Cantor, president, said the company was looking at several options, including a preferred stock issue, converting the mutual into a public shareholder-owned company and finding a partner.

Canada's "big six" chartered banks are considered potential strategic partners.

The Gap falls 24% companies, has been hit hard by the worldwide downturn in defence spending. It has failed to \$28.7m

THE GAP, the fashion store group which until last summer was one of the most promising companies in the US retail sector, yesterday revealed that after-tax profits plunged by 24 per cent, to \$28.7m, in the second quarter of the current financial year.

Total sales in the three months to end-July increased by 13 per cent, to \$693m. However, this was due

largely to expansion: at the end of the quarter. The Gap was running 1,350 stores including 286 GapKids outlets and 170 Banana Republic shops - compared with 1.265 last year. The San Francisco-based

company said that same-store sales rose by just 1 per cent for the quarter. The latest results leave The

Gap posting after-tax profits of \$70.2m in the first six months down from \$83m at the same stage last year. Sales for the first half were \$916.6m, compared with \$792.5m.

Mr Donald Fisher, chairman, blamed a difficult retailing environment, and said that lower merchandise margins and higher occupancy costs were largely responsible for

the decline in profits. He added, however, that The Gap had been trying to rein in expenses and stocks, noting that the company was holding 8 per cent less merchandise at the end of the quarter compared with a year ago.

ina graph to the deli

Seven at 35% premium

SHARES in Seven Network. the Australian television group, were listed on Australian stock exchanges yesterday and closed at a premium on the issue price of more than 35 per cent, writes Bruce Jacques.

The shares, which were issued at A\$2, closed at A\$2.73 on turnover of more than 16m after the A\$600m (US\$410m) float was heavily oversubscribed and closed one week early.

It was the second large Australian flotation in as many months to be overwhelmed by investors, with the A\$2.45bn Woolworths offer resulting in subscriptions of more than

Major beneficiaries of Seven's strong debut are the company's two major shareholders. News Corporation, the Australian media group, with 15 per cent, and Telecom, the Australian communications group, with 10 per cent.

Seven demonstrated the strategic value of the News shareholding on Wednesday with a programming coup, securing access from next year to programmes from the News-controlled Fox Television in the

These programmes, which potentially include The Simpsons, are on contract to the rival Ten Network in Austra-

ing companies in the US alone. Analysts said the job losses, from a total of 84,000, would have little impact on overall

(Incorporated in Ireland and registered under the Building Societies Act, 1989 of Ireland)

DM 125,000,000 Term Loan Facility

Arrangers

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> Agent WESTLB INTERNATIONAL S.A.

Issue of up to £125,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1994

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the three month period ending 10th November, 1993 has been fixed at 6.0375% per annum. The interest accruing for such three month period will be £76.09 per £5.000 Bearer Note, and £1,521,78 per £100,000 Bearer Note, on 10th November, 1993 against presentation of Coupon No. 16.



10th August, 1993

London Branch

PAINTS & THE ENVIRONMENT: AN INDUSTRY FIGHTS BACK

The Financial Times plans to publish this Survey on

THURSDAY, 25TE NOVEMBER, 1993

It will be published from our print contres in Tokyo. New York, Frankfurt, Roubaix and London. It will be seen by Chief Executives and Government Officials in 160 countries worldwide

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MORTGAGE FUNDING CORPORATION NO. 2 PLC Class B-I Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due August 2023

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to Bankers Trustee Company Limited (the "Trustee") and to the holders of the Class B-1 Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due August 2023 (the "Class B-1 Notes") of Mortgage Funding Corporation No. 2 PLC (the "Issuer") that, pursuant to the Trust Deed dated 31st August, 1988 (the "Trust Deed"). between the Issuer and the Trustee, and the Agency Agreement dated 31st August, 1988 (the "Agency Agreement"), between the Issuer and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Principal Paying Agent") and others, the I-sucr has determined that in accordance with the Redemption provisions set out in the Terms and Conditions of the Class B-1 Notes. Class B-1 Notes in the amount of \$2,000,000 will be redeemed on \$1st August. 1993 (the "Redemption Date"). The Class B-1 Notes selected by drawing in lots of £100,000 for redemption on the Redemption Date at a redemption price (the "Redemption Price") equal to their principal amount, together with accrued interest thereon are as follows:

OUTSTANDING CLASS B-1 NOTES OF £100,000 EACH BEARING

	THE D	151140	INES		r Notes		ni oc	DELU	, n,
160	169	178	187	188	218	265	273	292	113
152	15a	528	559	573	591	712	737	747	791

893 916 932 952 958 980

The Class B-1 Notes may be surrendered for redemption at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents.

Morsan Guaranty Trust Company of New York 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 01P

Union de Banques Suisses (Luxembourg) S.A. 36-38 Crand-rue

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Avenue Des Arts 35 B -1040 Bru-sels, Belgium Morgan Contranty Trust Company of New York 55 Exchange Place, Basement A New York, New York 10260-0023

7003 1112

Min: Corporate Trust Operations In respect of Bearer Class B-1 Notes, the Redemption Price will be paid upon presentation and surrender, on or after the Redemption Date, of such Notes together with all unmatured coupons and talons appertaining thereto. Such payment will be made (i) in sterling at the specified office of the Paying Agent in London or (ii) at the specified office of any Paying Agent listed above by sterling cheque drawn on, or at the option of the holder by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payer with, a Town Clearing branch of a bank in London. On or after the Redemption Date interest shall cease to accrue on the Class B-1 Notes which are the subject of this

MORTGAGE FUNDING CORPORATION NO. 2 PLC

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company as Principal Paying Agent

Dated: 13th August, 1993

NOTICE

Withholding of 31% of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the United States is required by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and amended by the Energy Policy Act of 1992 unless the paying agency has the correct taxpayer identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the Payer. Please furnish a properly completed Form W-9 or exemption certificate or equivalent if presenting your Class B-1 Notes to the paying agency's New York Office.

Pressure on sterling hits gilts during heavy profit-taking

By Tracy Corrigan in London and Patrick Harverson

EUROPEAN bond prices were volatile yesterday, as some markets came under selling pressure from profit-takers. while others proved susceptible to movements in the foreign exchange market.

Dealers said most markets had been ready for a correction after advancing strongly in recent weeks. According to Mr Kit Juckes, an economist at

GOVERNMENT BONDS

SG Warburg, 10-year bond yields have fallen 40 basis points in Germany, 47 in France, 56 in the UK, and 136 in Italy since the beginning of

■ GILTS proved particularly turbulent as sterling came under pressure following the release of a disappointing showed that manufacturing output fell 2.1 per cent in June and unemployment rose for the first time since

The gilt future on the Lon-

don International Financial Futures & Options Exchange (Liffe) opened half a point higher and rose to 113% before declining rapidly. However, after hitting a low of 112, it recovered to end at 112%, more than a point down on the opening. Dealers said there was technical support for the

They said the declines were partly due to heavy profittaking by domestic institutions. The market has staged a strong rally in recent weeks, weeks ago and 110% a week

ago.
"The main risk to the gilts market is that overseas demand will dry up," said Mr Jonathon Davies, an analyst at UBS. Consequently, the weak-ness of sterling is of concern, as foreign investors tend to buy gilts when they are bullish on the currency as well as the bond market.

However, the Bank of England sold its latest gilt taps without apparent difficulty.

■ FRENCH bond prices ended up about ¼ point, while the French notional bond future on the Matif in Paris closed at 122,82, up 0.18 point. The market had reached a

		_				Year		
	Aug 12	Aug 11	Aug 10	Aug 9	Aug 6	ago	High "	LOS *
Gavt Secs (URC)	101 71	101.93	101.05	100.83	100.39	87.98	101.93	93.28
	127.58	122.31	121.63	121.44	121.18	104,19	122.56	103.67
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	ment Soc	curdes 15/ curdes he emplication:	gh since co 122.56 (12/	interest 1 emplisition: 18/1631, low	92B.	1/35), low 4 75)		
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high of 122,88, close to its psychological target of 123.00. However, once the future breaks through that level, it could lose some of its impetus.

It was announced vesterday that France's July provisional consumer price index rose a seasonally-adjusted 0.1 per cent, to 0.2 per cent on the month. This was a benign number for the market as tax changes had made little

However, inflation is not the current worry for the French market: of more concern was the pressure on the franc, and fears the government might see any currency weakness as a reason to delay rate cuts. The market was hoping for little fresh encouragement

from an address by prime min-

ister Edouard Balladur on French television last night. "The general stance seems to be to talk tough and ease rates quietly," one analyst said.

■ SURPRISINGLY good infla-

tion news pushed US bond prices further into record territory yesterday morning. By midday, the benchmark 30-year government bond was up \$ at 1091, yielding 6.389 per cent, a new low. At the short end of the market, the two-year

note was up 춃 at 100딃, to yield

4.016 per cent.

Prices surged, especially at the long end, after the commerce department announced that its index of producer prices fell 0.2 per cent in July. Analysts had been expecting a modest increase in the PPL The "core" measure of infla-

		Coupon	Red Dete	Price	Change	Yteld	Week ago	Monti
AUSTRALIA		9.500	08/03	119.1403	-0.085	6.63	5.99	7.11
BBLGIUM		9.000	03/03	113.0500	-0.050	7.08	7.02	7.01
CANADA *		7,500	12/03	103.4250	-0.405	7.03	7.09	7.16
DENMARK		8.000	05/03	109,1750	+0.425	6.60	6.93	6.96
FRANCE	BTAN	8.000 8.500	05/98 04/03	109.4285 115.5200	-0.048 +0.260	5.66 6.30	5.82 6.80	6.17 6.76
GERMANY		6.750	04/03	102,9600	+0.040	6.33	8.42	6.54
TALY		11.500	03/03	110.2250	+0.785	10.06t	10.46	11,00
JAPAN .	No 119 No 145	4.800 5.500	05/99	105.1690 109.8137	+0.351 +0.883	3.72 3.97	3.85 4.16	3.96 4.26
NETHERI.AN	DS .	7.000	02/03	105.7900	-0.190	5.17	6.25	6.42
SPAIN		10.300	06/02	104.7948	+0.058	9.46	9.86	10.23
UK GILTS		7.250 8.000 9.000	03/98 08/03 10/08	103-22 107-12 114-16	-7/32 -17/32 -20/32	6.31 6.85 7,39	6.44 7.18 7.62	6.73 7.50 7.93
US TREASU	RY .	6.250 7.125	02/03 02/23	103-20 109-12	+13/32 +19/32	5,75 6,41	5.86 6.53	5.75 6.62
ECU (French	Govti	8.000	04/03	107.9800	-0,090	0.84	7.08	7.13

tion, which excludes the volatile food and energy components, was also unexpectedly weak, registering only 0.1 per

cent increase last month. Even the most bullish of inflation forecasters were surprised by the data, and the news prompted heavy buying of bonds.

The day's other economic data - a 0.1 per cent rise in July retail sales - was also indicative of a weak economy,

and provided an additional

■ GERMAN bond prices ended virtually unchanged after an unusually volatile session, when the trading range widened to 40 basis points. The bund future closed at

97.42, having reached a high of 97.63. However, the future is now heading off into new territory, and it there may be some resistance to the market breaking through to new highs, without some sign of action to

■ IN THE Japanese market. the yen reached new highs, fuelling speculation that an interest rate cut was on the way, as the Bank of Japan eased conditions in the money market

Bond prices railied more than half a point, and the benchmark No 145 government bond yield breached the psychological 4 per cent barrier to end at 3.97 per cent.

■ THE Italian bond market again out-performed other markets, as dealers continued to reassess their views on the market, now widely viewed as having been heavily oversold.

Dealers said the currency

was holding up reasonably well, and more positive senti-ment on the inflation outlook is fuelling foreign interest in the market. Ten-year Italian bond prices rose a further % point yesterday, but yields are approaching the 10 per cent level, which could provide

resistance. However, Italy and Spain are now the only mainstream European markets offering 10year yields above 8 per cent.

Taiwan eases rules on forex dealing

By Dennis Engbarth in Taipel

TAIWAN will allow foreign and local brokers to enter the island's foreign exchange market, the Central Bank of China (CBC) announced yesterday.

In a move which signals the end of a monopoly on forex end of a monopoly on rotes brokering by the non-profit-making Taipei Foreign Exchange Market Develop-ment Foundation, the Island's central bank has issued a set of rules, which took effect on

August 11. A CBC official said the move was partly aimed at attracting overseas brokerages to the market and so give the island ccess to worldwide forex mar-

keting networks. This, in turn, would help Taiwan's plans to develop into an international financial cen-

Under the new rules, overseas forex brokers will have to be limited liability stock companies. They will be able to set up branches in Taiwan with a minimum capital of T\$100m (US\$3.7m), Local brokers will face a similar capital requirement.

Overseas investors will be able to hold up to 50 per cent in Taiwan forex brokerage houses. The rules also limit local monetary institutions to a maximum 10 per cent investment in any single brokerage, and a 20 per cent limit on holdings by other local inves-

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The central bank did not plan to impose restrictions on the number of overseas or Taiwan brokers allowed to enter the market.

S&P rates \$1bn of Disney debt

STANDARD & Poor's, the US credit rating agency, has assigned its double-A-minus rating to Walt Disney's shelf registration of \$1bn of senior unsecured debt securities, Reuter reports. It also affirmed its ratings on other Disney debt. It said the ratings "reflect Disney's well-diversified business mix and distinctive product franchises".

Option
Military
Milit

enmark returns with SFr1bn issue

By Antonia Sharpe

THE KINGDOM of Denmark vesterday satisfied expectations by launching its second large bond offering in as many weeks. However, it surprised the market with its decision to borrow in Swiss francs rather than French francs.

INTERNATIONAL **BONDS**

Mr Niels Sorensen, head of the foreign debt department at Denmark's National Bank, said he had decided on Swiss francs because that currency was under-represented in the bank's debt portfolio.

However, Mr Sorensen said any further borrowing could well be in French francs. "It is likely that we will be borrowing again in the not too distant future." he said.

The proceeds from vesterday's SFrlbn six-year offering at the end of June.

would be used to replenish Denmark's depleted foreign exchange reserves. Last week's record £1.3bn Eurobond offering by Denmark was for the same purpose.

Mr Sorensen said the bank's foreign exchange reserves had fallen to DKr35bn at the start of August, from DKr60bn in July. He blamed this on heavy currency intervention to help restore stability in the European exchange rate mecha-

In addition to shoring up its foreign exchange reserves, Denmark's National Bank plans to use proceeds from future bond issues to replace its outstanding shortdated debt, which is mainly in the form of commercial

Yesterday's Swiss franc offering by Denmark rivalled the record for a single transaction in the Swiss bond market. set by the Republic of Austria

UBS, the lead manager, said deals of this size took time to absorb. However, it was confident Denmark's entire issue would be placed before the payment date on Septem-

Demand for the paper was predominantly from domestic investors. The bonds, which carry a coupon of 4% per cent, were quoted at less 1.85 bid, from an issue price of 101.8, in the afternoon.

UBS also led the other notable deal of the day, arranging a SFr300m seven-year offering for the World Bank. Although the bonds also carry a coupon of 4% per cent, the higher issue price of 102 reflected the issuer's superior credit rating. The bonds were trading at less 1% bid in the afternoon.

Expectations of lower interest rates in Switzerland have increased the attraction of the Swiss franc sector, and syndicate managers expect more the international bond market. Elsewhere, the Kingdom of Sweden re-opened its successful Ecu500m seven-year deal, and sold a further Ecul00m. The move was aimed at restor-

ing liquidity to the issue. The joint lead manager. Swiss Bank Corporation, said the original amount, issued on June 2, had been priced to vield 5 basis points over the benchmark 91/2 per cent French OAT government bond due

However, demand from Ecudenominated funds, central banks and Swiss investors was such that the bonds were yielding 40 basis points below the benchmark bond earlier this week. The new tranche was priced to yield 33 basis points below the OAT.

SBC said it did not expect any further Ecu-denominated deals in the near future because of the lack of swap opportunities. Meanwhile, the steady

Borrower	Amount	Coupon	Price	Meturity	Fees %	Spread bo	Book runner
US DOLLARS					•-	٠,	
Crediop Oversees Bank‡ EQK Green Acres Funding(b)‡	350 118	(a) (b)	99.78A 99.9R	Sep. 1998 Aug. 1998	0.25R (b)	:	Salomon Brothers Int. Goldman Sachs Intl.
D-MARKS frinkaus & Burkhardt Finance	150	6.25	101.875	May-2000	2.26	-	Trinkaus & Burkherdt
YEN							
Tokal Finance (Curaçao)(C); Mitsul & Co. (USA)	50bn 5bn	(c) 3.9	100 100,39R	(c) Dec,1996	(c) 0.36R	-	Nikko Europe Sakura Finance Intl.
ECUS Kingdom of Sweden(d)	100	7.25	104.56R	Jun.2000	0.3FI	-	M.Stanley/Swiss Bk.Corp.
DANISH KRONER			400.44	4000			On Oresta Basis
Jeresundsforbindelsen Kommunekredit	500 500	6.5 6.5	102.05 1 00 .456R	Sep.1998 Sep.1998	1.875 0.25R	-	Den Danske Bank Morgan Stanley Intl.
HONG KONG DOLLARS nti. Finance Corp.(e)	750	6.555#	100.37R	Sep.2000	0.38	-	Sanwa Intl. HK/ Wardley
SWISS FRANCS							
Gngdom of Denmark Norld Bank+	1bn 300	4.25 4.25	101.8 102	Sep.1999 Sep.2000	-	-	urs urs
ABB Intl. Finance+	100	4.375	101.7	Sep.1996	_		Credit Suisse
do Chain Co.(f)★Φ	70	0.875	100	Sep.1997	•	-	Nomura Bank (Switz.)

ne rate - 0.15% for years 1 - 5, + 0.1% for years 8 - 10 and + 0.6% then

stream of German banks tanning the D-Mark sector continued, as Trinkhaus & Burkhardt, the Düsseldorf-based bank, raised DM150m through

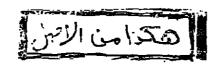
 Moody's Investors Service, the US credit rating service, said it had lowered the long-term debt rating for

Banco di Napoli, Italy's fifthlargest commercial bank, to A2 from A1. About \$750m worth of debt is affected.

MARKET	STA	TIST	TIC:	5
				_

FT/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE	RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY	LIFFE EQUITY OPTIONS
Listed are the bases intermedictual bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market. Latest pricts at 7:10 pm on August 12	Rises Palis Same	
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EST INDICES 7.17 7.31 7.40 7.40 7.55 7.56 7.56 7.56 7.56



Dunhill and Rothmans shareholders receive restructuring plans for the new groups

or local production have been

traditionally limited through

import restrictions, govern-

ment policy or lack of convert-

Under the reorganisation,

the luxury goods businesses of Dunhill will form part of Ven-dome, the Dunhill tobacco

trade marks will be transferred

to the new Rothmans and £75m

cash will be returned to Dun-

one of the world's largest lux-

Ayrshire Metal

68p yesterday after the pro-

ducer of cold rolled steel pro-

files announced a jump in pre-

tax profits from £115,000 to

£572,000 for the half year to

The directors said the com-

pany had continued to monitor

tightly its cost base and fund-

Turnover increased to £16.5m (£14.4m). Earnings

were 3.8p (0.8p) per share. There is again no interim but

directors hope to recommend a

ing requirements.

shares jump

Vendôme said it would be

ible currency."

hill shareholders.

Richemont spin-offs are confident

A DOWNBEAT announcement from Dunhill Holdings did not dent the confidence of the other participants in the restructuring of the Richemont

Shareholders were yesterday sent details of the proposed reconstruction of the tobacco and luxury goods businesses into two new quoted companies and the return of surplus cash to the shareholders of Rothmans and Dunbill.

The proposals will result in the creation of two new groups ~ Rothmans International and Vendôme Luxury Group.

The new Rothmans will comprise all of Rothmans' existing tobacco businesses and certain tobacco trade marks currently owned or controlled by Dunhill or by Richemont with cigarette brands including Rothmans, Dunhill, Peter Stuyvesant, Craven A and Golden American Lord Swaythling, chairman

of Rothmans, said the company continued to experience recessionary conditions in the main world economies, political uncertainties in certain of its markets and volatility in the currency markets.

The competitive trading environment in a number of cigarette markets also created uncertainties, although the new Rothmans had limited exposure in the US, where traditionally high margins have been eroded by the cigarette

Brandon Hire 6

Fulctum Inv Tst .

niti & Nephew

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Sept 30 Dec 13

Vendome LUXEMBOURG-BASED Vendome SA Vendôme pic Rothmans International Rothmans pic Rothmans UK-based Non-UK-based obacco busines

He said: "The new Rothmans group is, however, expected to benefit from cost-efficiency measures already initiated. While the total volume of cigarette sales in many markets is static or in decline, overall worldwide tobacco consump-

tion is increasing,
"This provides opportunities
for international tobacco companies to sell quality cigarette brands, particularly to markets where opportunities for export

lio of premier brands. Its principal brands would be Cartier, Alfred Dunhill and Montblanc, which together accounted for 85 per cent of the sales of Luxco and Dunhill The combined group's turnover would compromise: jewellery 14 per cent; watches 38 per cent; writing instruments 13 per cent; and leather goods 10 per cent.

Mr Joseph Kanoui, the Swiss chairman and chief executive of Vendome, said bringing together Richemont's Luxco and Dunhill luxury goods businesses under unified ownership would enhance their ability to shape and take advantage of changes in the industry. He believed the combination of Luxco and Dunhill would produce purchasing, dis-

tribution and other savings.
On prospects for Vendome, he said the strength of its brands and management team, the geographical spread of its sales and the integration of manufacturing and distribution activities should enable it to perform well, in spite of the depressed economic conditions in some of its markets.

The board also believed that

an unprovement in economic conditions should favour the Vendôme group given that both Luxco and Dunhill have historically grown at rates in excess of the economies of the principal markets in which they operated.

Mr Kanoui said that, unlike Dunhill, Luxco had not adopted long-term hedging pol-icies because it believed the geographical spread of its activities gave it a natural hedge against foreign exchange movements. Meetings for shareholders in

Rothmans and Dunhill will be held on September 7. Subject to their approval, dealings in the new Rothmans and Vendome shares will start on October 25. Shareholders with 1,000 Rothmans B shares will receive 1,000 new Rothmans Units, 500 Vendome units and 2757 cash. Holders of 1.000 Dunhill shares will receive 133 new Rothmans units, 749 Ven-

The cash element totals £525m, of which Richemont will receive £300m. Following the restructuring, it will own 61 per cent of Rothmans and 70

dome units and £443 cash.

Rutland Trust develops thirst for soft drinks

RUTLAND TRUST is enlarging its business services portfolio with the strategically surpris-ing acquisition of Ben Shaws, a soft drinks maker based in Shares of Ayrshire Metal West Yorkshire. Products rose 33 per cent to

The initial consideration is £5.69m giving Rutland an 84 per cent interest in a newly formed subsidiary, Orderport, with the senior management team of Ben Shaws holding the balance. Rutland is paying £2.84m in

cash, £2.45m in loan notes and £400,000 in shares. Further consideration will

become payable in 1995. depending on profits before

Mr Michael Langdon, chief executive, said: "This is not the first time we have made substantial investments in a field outside pure financial ser-

Capital Industries, Rutland's separately quoted associate, last year bought Samuel Jones, a manufacturer of laminated

Mr Langdon said: "Where we can enhance our shareholder value by using the skills we have at Rutland then we will

Mr Langdon and another Rutland director, Mr Christopher Dowling, have become respectively chairman and dep

uty chairman of Ben Shaws. Ben Shaws, which incurred pre-tax losses of £546,000 on turnover of £66m in the year to end January 1993 and had net assets of £7m at that date, has been owned and run by Shaw family since 1871.

Smith & Nephew at £82m but US clouds outlook

By Peggy Hollinger

SMITH & NEPHEW, the healthcare and consumer group, yesterday reported a 27 per cent increase in interim pre-tax profits to £82.3m on turnover 17 per cent higher at

Mr John Robinson, chief executive, said the group had achieved underlying sales growth of 8 per cent, after adjusting for currency movements and a £6m gain on the disposal of an Australian plastics business. Margins held steady at 15.8 per cent.

Although many analysts said the profits for the half year to July 3 had come in at the lower end of expectations, with healthcare growth less than forecast at 9 per cent, Mr Robinson said he was pleased with the results. "Sales and profits growth are the same as last year," he said, "despite worsening market conditions."

The group had also managed

to reduce gearing from 25 per cent to 18 per cent, leaving the way open for substantial acquisitions within the next two

Growth in the healthcare division during the first half had been slowed by uncer-tainty over health reforms in the US, where Smith & Nephew makes 46 per cent turnover. Sales of surgically related products had fallen as patients put off surgery until the government published the reforms. Mr Robinson said the number of operations in the US had fallen by as much as 10 per cent. He stressed, however, that the uncertainty was not expected to have a long-term effect on sales. "We are confident that it will come back, but it may be a month or two before that happens," he said.



Eric Kinder (left), chairman, with the Genesis knee joint, and

On a brighter note, northern Europe - including the UK had performed as expected. Asia was also proving to be a high growth market

The interim dividend is lifted from 1.8p to 1.89p, payable from earnings per share of 5.1p

COMMENT

Forecasts for Smith & Nephew have been downgraded from £170m to £162m pre-tax, leaving a prospective ple of 14, as the uncertainty over its largest

short-term. Turmoil over currencies in the Exchange Rate Mechanism are not likely to help the group. Longer term, Smith & Nephew is well placed in markets with strong growth potential - cost-effective healthcare. Most encouraging is Mr Robinson's reassurance that Smith & Nephew will maintain underlying growth of about 8 per cent. Taking those factors into consideration, there might be a better time buy in the near future, but there is certainly no reason to

Greenalls in £3.5m drinks buy

GREENALLS CROUP, the pub retailer and hotelier, has acquired JP O'Brien, a Lancashirebased drinks wholesaler, for £3.5m. comprising 650,000 Greenalls shares, loan stock of £700,000, and the balance in cash.

O'Brien had turnover last year of £10m

Mr Andrew Thomas, Greenalis' chairman, said yesterday that the deal would increase the group's focus on wholesaling opportunities outside its own pub estate.

"Our existing wholesaling business will merge with O'Brien's and the resulting increase in scale will improve margins and increase its attraction to suppliers", he said.

Notice

CARCO DEALRs[™] Wholesale Trust 1990-A

9¼ per cent.

Receivable-backed Certificates[™]

(the "Certificates")

The first of the proposed Amendments (which, if adopted, would become the Second Amendment to the Pooling and Servicing Agreement) provides for the following changes to the terms of the Pooling and Servicing Agreement:

(B) The Second Amendment also establishes a new collateral account referred to below is fully funded.

(B) The Second Amendment also establishes a new collateral account – the Yield Supplement Subaccount – in an amount specified in the Second Amendment. Amounts on deposit in such subaccount will be available to fund the negative carry, if any, between the earnings on the Permitted Investments held in lieu of Principal Receivables and the floating rate of Interest paid to the Swap Counterparty under the Pooling and Servicing Agreement.

(C) The Second Amendment further adds two new Amortization Events: (1) if the amount on deposit in the Yield Supplement Subaccount falls below a minimum amount specified in the Second Amendment; or (2) if the required amount of collateral in the Trust consists of less than 50% of Principal Receivables for any period of six consecutive months.

A proposed Amendment will not become affective unless each of Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's investors Service, Inc. and Duff & Pheips Credit Rating Co. have all confirmed that adoption of such Amendment will not result in a reduction or withdrawal of their triple A ratings of the Certificates.

Holders should contact the Consent Solicitation Agent, the Trustee or Swiss Bank Corporation at their respective telephone numbers and locations sat forth below to obtain copies of an information Statement disclosing further information concerning the consent procedures and the Amendments, the reasons therefor and the consequences thereof.

CONSENT SOLICITATION AGENT The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. Woolgate House Coleman Shaet London EC2P 2HD, England Attention: Raymond Morison Telephone: (071) 962-7155 Telecopy: (071) 962-5565 or 5679

TRUSTEE The Fuji Bank and Trust Company Two World Trade Center New York, NY 10048, U.S.A. Attention: John McGum Telephone: (212) 898-2513 Telecopy: (212) 321-2468

Attention: Miranda Mengia Telephona: (071) 711-2715 Telecopy: (071) 711-3001

Chrysler Auto Receivables Company

U.S. \$650,000,000

Dealer Euromarket wholesale Auto Loan

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two amendments (the "Amendments") are proposed to be made to the Pooling and Servicing Agreement dated as of August 1, 1990, as amended by the First Amendment thereto, dated September 23, 1991 (the "Pooling and Servicing Agreement"), among Chryster Auto Receivables Company, as Seller ("CARCO"), Chryster Credit Company, as Servicine, and The Fuji Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee, pursuant to which the Pooling and Servicing Agreement would be amended as described below. Terms used herein, but not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Pooling and Servicing Agreement.

(A) The Second Amendment changes the Amortization Events so as to permit the amount of Principal Receivables in the Trust to decline below the required amount of collateral; provided that the difference between the required amount of collateral and the amount of Principal Receivables is hald by the Trustee in Permitted Investments (cash and cash equivalents) pending reinvestment in Principal Receivables. This change will only take effect after the Yield Supplement Subaccount referred to below is fully funded.

period of six consecutive months.

The second of the proposed Amendments (which, if adopted, would become the Third Amendment to the Pooling and Servicing Agreement) provides for the following change to the terms of the Pooling and Servicing Agreement:

The Third Amendment changes certain of the terms and conditions under which CARCO may remove excess Accounts (and the related Principal Receivables) from the Trust.

The primary purpose of the proposed Amendments is to decrease the Weithood of early amortization, while providing Chrysler Financial Corporation with increased efficiencies with respect to managing its receivables. Furthermore, the proposed Amendments will conform the Pooling and Servicing Agreement to more recent wholesale receivables securitization transactions originated by Chrysler Financial Corporation.

Adoption of the Amendments requires the consent of the Holders of 66%% of the Investor Interest. Holders are being asked for a single consent to authorize both Amendments, with the effectiveness of each of the proposed Amendments being subject to confirmation of the ratings as described above. If the requisite consents are obtained, each of the Amendments will become effective upon receipt of the ratings confirmation for such Amendment.

Holders wishing to consent to the Amendments must complete the consent procedure at any time on or after August 16, 1993 but no later than 5:00 p.m., London time, on September 17, 1993 (or such later time to which CARCO may extend this consent solicitation (the "Expiration Date")), in order to consent a Holder must by the Expiration Date, (I) deliver their Certificates or valid evidence of their ownership thereof in a form must by the Expiration Date, (I) deliver their Certificates or valid evidence of their ownership thereof in a form reasonably satisfactory to The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., as Consent Solicitation Agent, at its offices at Woolgate House, Coleman Street, London EC2P 2HD, England, and (II) execute and deliver to the Consent Woolgate House, Coleman Street, London EC2P 2HD, England, and (II) execute and deliver to the Consent Solicitation Agent the form of Consent Certificate provided by the Consent Solicitation Agent and released once all consents have been tabled by the Consent Solicitation Agent.

Swiss Bank Corporation Swiss Bank House 1 High Timber Street London EC4V 3SB, England

Certificateholders whose Certificates are held by Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Brussels Office, as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") or by Cedel S.A. ("Cedel") should contact the following for further information: nururer muormanan. Euroclean: Fixed Income Department, Telephone: Brussels (322) 224-1378; Telen: 61025 Codel: Custody Administration Department, Telephone: Luxembourg City (352) 44 99 25 22; Telen: 2791.

August 13, 1993

Redemption Notice

Nacional Financiera, S.N.C., Trust Division as Trustee of the Nafin Finance Trust

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1997 CUSIP No. 629718-AA5*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the Indenture dated as of December 15, 1992 under which the above described Notes were issued that Nacional Financiera, S.N.C., Trust Division, as Trustee of the Nafin Finance Trust will redeem on September 15, 1993 9,243506% of the Outstanding Principal Amount of the Notes, amounting to \$10,190,000, on a pro-rata basis in accordance with their respective Outstanding Principal Amounts. The amount of

principal to be paid with respect to each \$10,000 principal is \$73.67.

On September 15, 1993, there will become due and payable on each Note the above amount, together with interest accrued to September 15, 1993. On and after such date interest will cease to accrue on the Notes (or portion thereof so redeemed).

Payment of the redemption amount plus accrued interest on Beater Notes will be made upon

> Citibank, N.A. 336 The Strand London WC2R 1 HB England

presentation and surrender of the appropriate coupon to one of the Paying Agents listed below: Citibank (Luxembourg) S.A. 16 Avenue Marie-Therese Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

CITIBANK, N.A.

August 13, 1993 This CUSIP number has been assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation and is included solely for the convenience of the holders. Neither the Issuer nor the Note Trustee shall be responsible for the selection or use of the CUSIP number, nor is any representation made as to its correctness on the Notes or as indicated in this notice.

NOTICE

As of January 1, 1993, withholding of 31% of gross proceeds of any interest payment made within the United States may be required by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by the Energy Policy Act of 1992, unless the Paying Agent has the correct taxpever identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the Pavec. Please furnish a properly completed Form W-9 or exemption certificate or equivalent when

The Financial Times plans

to publish a Survey on

MEXICO on Monday, October, 11th 1993

against a backdrop of next year's Presidential elections, and with the North American Free Trade Agreement still hanging in the balance.

The survey will include among other topics. assessments of the economy, the banks and brokerages, and examine Mexico and its standing on the international markets, as well as spotlighting the country's most important companies.

Information on advertising opportunities and rates can be obtained from Paul Maraviglia on 071-873 3447 or Fax. 071-873 3595.

ANGLO AMERICAN CORPORATION OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

でAACで Registration No. の扱うながあり ANGLO AMERICAN GOLD INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

("AMount II") Regulation No. ((SilverS-17)) (Both incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) PROPOSED RENOUNCEABLE OFFER TO SUBSCRIBE FOR SHARES IN EASTVAAL GOLD HOLDINGS LIMITED ("EASTVAAL")

The attention of ordinary shareholders of AAC and Arngold is drawn to the announcement published today by Eastvaal regarding the offer by Eastvaal. It is proposed that the Eastvaal offer will be made to, inter alia, ordinary in it purposes that the resisterant one with the trade to the another system the close of business on Friday, 27 August 1993, In order to determine those persons entitled to receive the offer, the relevant Head Office and United Kingdom transfer registers and registers of members of the companies will be closed from 28 August to 4 September 1993 for purposes of the offer.

Subject to a final decision to proceed with the offer the following will be the salient dates thereof: Monday, 23 August

Should there be any change to the abovementioned dates an announcement to this effect will be published in the press.

Offer terms released Last day to register for offer Offer opens 09:00 Eastvaal Prospectus and Renounceable Letters of Allocation pusted Offer closes 14:30

Head Offices:

Johannesburg 2001

London Offices: 19 Charterhouse Street London ECIN 6QP

Friday, 27 August

Friday, 3 September

Friday, 3 September

Friday, 24 September

This announcement has been approved solely for the purposes of Section 57 of the Financial Services Act 1986 by S.G.Warburg Securities Ltd, a member of the Securities and Futures Authority. The value of Eastvaal shares may fall as well as rise. Dividends on Eastvaal shares may fluctuate. Changes in rates of exchange for South African and United Kingdom currencies may have an adverse affect for United Kingdom holders of Eastvaal shares on the value of, or dividends on, their Eastvaal shares.

DOING BUSINESS IN RUSSIA?

Save time, effort and money at the start

All foreign companies wishing to conduct business in Russia need to register there. In Moscow, registration is handled by the Moscow Registration Chamber. Fortunately, this process can be relatively quick and easy, thanks to Financial Izvestia which is now offering the Moscow Registration Chamber's own Guide to Registering Companies in Moscow. Written in English and in collaboration with the international law firm. Salans Hertzfeld & Heilbronn, this invaluable Guide

■ Enables you to select the most suitable legal structure for an enterprise

■ Supplies checklists so you avoid common mistakes when registering

■ Provides sample registration forms and letters to obtain the relevant authorisations

■ Lists addresses and contact details of key agencies in Moscow

Much of this information is simply unavailable elsewhere and will be of real practical everyday use to anyone intending to do business in Russia, as well as legal, financial, accounting and other

The Guide to Registering Companies in Moscow is available exclusively from Financial Izvestia -to order your copy, see below.

FINANCIAI, IZVESTIA

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1 codese	my cheque to the value of while ra UK bank and made payable to FT	Вып	"infora محد	ition.

DATE Companies in EC member states (excluding the UK) must supply VAT identifying number (TVA/BTW/MOMS/MWST/TVA/FPA) Please allow 25 days for delivery. Relands are given on gaster control in teatrable condition and within 7 days of receipt. The priorination too prumate will be held by to and may be used to keep you informed of FT products and stay by over the other self-cond quality companies for marker (set purpose).

Additional Interest Statement The Walt Disney Company U.S. \$400,000,000

Senior Participating Notes Due 1999

Quarterly Statement Dated: August 13, 1993 for the period from April 1 to June 30, 1993 (the "Period")

Semiannual Statement for the period from February 28, 199_ to August 31, 199_ (the "Period")

Annual Statement for the period from September 1, 199_ to August 31, 199_ (the "Period") Pursuant to the terms of the above-referenced Notes, this Additional Prusuant to the terms of the above-referenced Notes, this Additional Interest Statement (the "Statement") is being furnished to Holders of such Notes of The Walt Disney Company (the "Company"). Capitalized terms used in this Statement have the meanings ascribed to them in the Notes and the Fiscal Agency Agreement, dated as of October 1, 1992, between the Company and Citibank, N.A., as Fiscal Agent, Principal Paying Agent, Transfer Agent and Registrar. The information contained in this Statement is given for both the Period covered by this Statement (indicated by the box checked above) and for the period from October 20, 1992, the date of issuance of the Notes (the "Issue Date"), through the end of the Period covered by this Statement.

This Statement is accompanied by a descriptive report discussing the

covered by this Statement.

This Statement is accompanied by a descriptive report discussing the activity and status of Eligible Films. Copies of such descriptive report can be obtained by Holdens of the Notes upon request to the Fiscal Agent at the following address and telephone number: Citibank, N.A., 120 Wall Street, New York, New York 10043; Attention: Corporate Trust Department; telephone: (212) 412-6214. If this Statement is an Annual Statement, it is also accompanied by a supplemental audit report of the Company's independent public accountants. In this Statement, references to "S" are to United States dullars. United States dollars.

1. Names of Eligible Films included in the Portfolio:

a. For the <u>Period:</u> The Adventures of Huck Firm Indian Summer Guilty As Sin What's Love Got To Do With It b. From the Issue Date through end of Period: A Muspel Christmas Carol The Cemelery Club The Adventures of Huck Fau the Austrians of Fluck Fish Indian Summer Guilty As Sin Life With Mikey What's Love Got To Do With It

2. Names of short subjects to which any portion of Total Revenues has been

a. For the Period: N/A

b. From the Issue Date through end of Period: N/A 3. Names of the Eligible Films together with which the above short subjects

were released: a. For the Period: N/A

Form of Statement after inclusion of t	<u>wo Eligible Films</u>	<u>in the Portfolio</u>
	For the Period:	From the Issue Date through end of Period:
4. Aggregate Negative Costs of	60E 060 23E	¢126 226 000
Eligible Films in the Portfolio 5. The Portfolio Amount	\$95.068.325	\$126,226,000
	\$95.068.525	\$126,726,000
 Aggregate Domestic Theatrical Rer of Eligible Films in the Portfolio * 	\$12,611,70 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 27.258.705</u>
Calculation of Contingent Interest.		
Total Revenues	\$13,606,901	\$29,862,901
Distribution Fees	(2,381,208)	(5,226,008)
Estimated Third Party Participation Payments**	e (660,345)	(1,493,145)
Residuals	Ó	0
Short Subject Revenues	0	0
Eligible Film Revenues	10,545,348	23,143,748
Base Amount	0	(800,606,000)
Eligible Film Revenues in Excess of Base Amount	0	0
	X 50%	X 50%
Contingent Interest	<u>s</u> 0	5 0
 Contingent Interest paid per \$1,000 principal of Notes 	<u>s0</u>	<u>s0</u>
 Domestic Theatrical Rentals of leadjusted on a pro-rate basis in the Revenues are promised pursuant. 	he same manner	he Portiolio are as Eligible Film
**Actual Third Party Participation the Final Interest Payment.	Payments are used	d with respect to
9. Supplemental Interest	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u> 5 </u>
10. Supplemental Interest paid per \$1.0	100	

principal amount of Notes If this Statement is an Annual Statement, the Company has indicated below whether any default by the Company in the performance and observance of its obligations under the Notes or the Fiscal Agency Agreement has occurred and/or is continuing.

No Default Yes; Description:

principal amount of Notes

onal Interest

12. Provisional Interest paid per \$1,000

The Walt Disney Company By: /s/ Richard D. Nanula Chief Financial Officer

URGENT MESSAGE

FOR ALL COMPANIES MAILING TO COMPANIES HOUSE

During the industrial dispute at Cardiff Post Office all documents for Companies House should be sent to:

"Companies House Headquarters", 55 - 71 City Road, London ECIY IBB.

Alternatively, documents may be delivered by hand to any Companies House office. Our Cardiff and London offices are open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Manchester,

Birmingham and Leeds offices are upon from 9am to 4p:n

We are also a member of the DX, operated by Britdoe Ltd, and documents may be sent to the Cardiff office using DX 53050, Cardiff i.

Postal Search customers will not be affected if they use telephone, fax, or Companies House Direct to place their requests

Please use these numbers for more information:

CARDIFF 6222 380301 (Central enquiries) CARDIFF 0222 380810 (24 hour recorded update)



COMPANIES HOUSE

Grown Way, Cardiff CF4 SUZ. Companies House is an Executive Agency of the Department of Frede and Industry

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Turnround at Royal Insurance

By Richard Lapper

ROYAL INSURANCE yesterday reported a sharp recovery in its interim results, with pretax profits of £52m for the first six months of 1993 compared with losses of £79m. Earnings per share rose to 9.3p against losses of 18.3p and the interim dividend is lifted by 25 per cent

The City, however, appeared disappointed with the result, which fell short of some more optimistic expectations. Following strong growth in recent weeks the shares fell 11p to close at 333p.

Royal said that it would

launch a new direct motor insurance subsidiary on a national basis in September following a successful trial period of operation in the north of England. Like The Insurance Service,

based in Bristol, Royal Northern Direct will be a telesales operation, bypassing the insur-ance broker. TIS now insures about one third of the 1m motorists insured by Royal and is growing rapidly.

Commenting on the results, Mr Richard Gamble, chief executive, said "we are definitely on our way back."



Richard Gamble: the group is definitely on its way back

Mr Gamble's appointment was accompanied by a change in management style at Royal and the introduction of a more disciplined approach to underwriting, including sharp increases in premium rates. Pre-tax losses have gradually

fallen from their peak of £373m in 1991, with a recovery in the UK underpinning the

UK underwriting losses fell from £172m to £32m. The company reported underwriting profits in household, personal and commercial motor and commercial property, but they were offset by losses of £50m (£100m) on domestic mortgage indemnity business. UK premium income increased by 9

reinsurance subsidiary, were also higher than expected, reaching £45m (£26m).

Overall underwriting losse fell to £207m (£310m). Invest-

DMI losses for the year are expected to reach £90m. Under-

writing losses at Royal Re, the

ment income - at the general insurance subsidiary - rose to £250m (£235m) before loan

Income from associated undertakings rose to £13m (19m), while losses on estate agency business fell to £6m (£9m). Profits from life insurance fell to £25m (£27m). Loan interest payments at

holding company level amounted to £21m. At the insurance subsidiary loan interest amounted to £3m (£19m), long-term insurance profit £1m (£12m losses) and minority interests losses of £2m (£2m profits).

Capital and reserves increased to \$2.07bn (£1.5bn) and include realised gains of £80m (£375m) and unrealised gains of £50m (loss of £184m). At June 30 the solvency ratio amounted to 56 per cent, compared with 42 per cent at end-

Lilleshall raising £9.7m to fund glass buy

By Roland Rudd

LILLESHALL vesterday launched a 1-for-3 rights issue, raising £9.67m, to buy St Helen's Glass and eliminate net debt.

The building products and engineering group also reported an 11 per cent fall in pre-tax profits, from £2.06m to £1.52m, for the half year to July 2.

The new shares are offered at 125p. The shares yesterday rose 8p to close at The acquisition of Chartadd, the holding company of St Helen's Glass, is costing £6.25m, including £133,160 for the cancellation of options held by senior

This will be financed by 3.7m of new shares, raising £4.6m, £750,000 of unsecured guaranteed convertible loan notes; £117,031 in cash and 484,497 shares not to be sold before the end of next year, except in limited circumstances.

In the year to end-March St Helen's

Glass made pre-tax profits, adjusted for extra directors remuneration and other non-recurring costs, of £705,000 (£953,000) on sales of £14.7m (£15.3m.) Lilleshall's results were restated to com-

ply with FRS 3, showing the first half of 1992 benefiting from exceptional credits which were not repeated this year. Sales were £31.3m (£25.7m). Earnings per

share rose to 5.4p (5.1p) and the interim dividend is lifted from 1.6p to

F&C raises net assets but warns on US growth

FOREIGN & Colonial Investment Trust warned yester-day that "Wall Street may begin to falter", as it lifted its interim dividend by 2.7 per

cent to 1.15p.

The UK's largest investment trust reported an 8.6 per cent increase in net assets from 225.5p to 244.9p per share over the six months to June 30; the year-on-year rise on June 1992's figure of 181.4p was 35

The trust said: "Unless President Clinton can demonstrate soon that he can revive the economy, Wall Street may begin to falter." However, Mr Michael Hart, joint manager, was reasonably hopeful about other markets, including the UK, where he has a target for the FT-SE 100 index of

3150-3200 by the year end. The recent enthusiasm for enhanced scrip dividends has proved a problem for the trust. Such dividends give investors extra shares instead of cash: if they subsequently sell the additional shares, the cash proceeds would be higher than if they had taken the cash divi-dend alone.

Investment trusts, however, cannot distribute capital gains. The fear is that if F&C paid out cash received from the sale of enhanced scrip dividends to shareholders, it might lose its investment trust status.

The Association of Investment Trust Companies is negotiating with the Inland Revenue on this point. In the

interim. F&C has stopped tak-ing enhanced scrip dividends and will not distribute the proceeds from those scrip divi-dends it has received until the

point is clarified.

The trust said that it continued to attract new investors through its savings plan, with the total number of sharehold-ers up 14 per cent in the first six months of the year to 64.861. However, the costs of operating the plan led to a 21 per cent increase in expenses.

Total net assets were £1.29bn. Barnings per share were 2.26p (2.31p). A final dividend of 2.3p is forecast to make a total of 3.45p (3.35p).

• COMMENT

F&C's investment management skills seem undiminished. The 8.6 per cent increase in net asset value per share compared with a 5.5 per cent rise in the All-Share Index over the same period; the trust's move back into Japan has worked out well. That said, its success has been so well recognised that the shares, unchanged at 255p yesterday, are virtually trading at asset value. Add in the fact that many world stock markets are at an all-time high and new investors face the risk of a "double whammy" – falling assets and a widening discount if they choose this moment who invest for the long term or

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to buy. So there may be scope for short term weakness in the share price; however, those via the savings scheme, can probably rely on F&C to steer through the market ups and

dries, acquired in January for £2.9m cash, contributed

These helped increase oper-

TransAtlantic improves to £30m | Johnson Cleaners hits £8.7m

By Vanessa Houlder, Property Correspondent

TRANSATLANTIC Holdings. the property and life assurance group which obtained a London listing last year, yesterday announced a 7 per cent rise in

£30,2m for the six months to June 30. Mr Donald Gordon, chairman, said there had been "solid progress" by the property sector and an "excellent advance by Sun Life in a very

pre-tax profits from £28.1m to

"Taking into account our ambitious future plans, the company looks forward to realising some of its exceptional

potential in the period ahead," he said.

TransAtlantic is owned jointly by Liberty Life, the South African life assurance company, and Union des Assurances de Paris, France's largest insurer. It owns 50 per cent of Sun Life Holdings, the UK life insurer, and Capital & Counties, the property com-

On June 2 the group announced that it held 3.01 per cent of Sun Alliance, the UK insurer, as a "strategic" investchallenging life insurance enviment. It said it was currently concentrating its efforts in North America in its investigation of opportunities to develop its interests in the interna-

from Capital & Counties increased from £33m to £36m. Sun Life's new business results showed a growth in regular premiums of 36 per cent from £42.1m to £57.2m and a

23 per cent to £1.04bn.

Net assets per share at June 30 stood at 272p, compared

274p at December 31 1992. A substantial take-up of the scrip dividend alternative for the 1992 final resulted in a reduction in the tax charge This helped earnings per share rise 18 per cent from 5.08p to 5.98p. An unchanged interim dividend of 6p is declared.

Property investment income SHARES IN Johnson Group

with 307p a year earlier and

By Peggy Hollinger

Cleaners rose 13p to 835p as the dry cleaning company reported a 17 per cent jump in interim pre-tax profits from growth in single premiums of 27.44m to £8.7m.

The results for the six months to June 26, struck on a per cent increase in sales to £81.7m (£74.8m), were largely due to currency gains and the acquisition of a workwear rental company earlier this

The interim dividend is maintained for the fourth con secutive year at 7p, while earnings improved from 22.54p to 28.04p per share. Mr Terry Greer, chairman,

said trading in both the US and UK remained difficult, with dry cleaning sales and margins under continuing Mr Greer was slightly more

upheat on prospects than in recent years, however, hinting that the group might be ready to return to the acquisition trail in the next year or There are signs of a tentative economic recovery, which

tic." Yet, he added the caveat that Johnson had not seen Exchange rates added £290,000 to operating profits,

while Imperial & Queen Laun-

Mr Martin Powell, chairman,

said the results reflected the

progress the group continued

to make not only with Budgie

year to April 30.

ating profits by 7 per cent to £9.2m. The pre-tax figure was further helped by a £464,000 drop in net interest charges to £591,000.

Mr Greer said the dry cleaning business in the US had been hit by the severe winter and summer flooding. The franchise business continmust make us more optimisued to incur losses, although

lower than last year. Workwear rental, which had improved in the first half would be the focus of growth in the US. This was likely to mean acquisitions in the next

NEWS DIGEST

Blagden tumbles to £3m

PROFITS of Blagden, the packaging and chemicals group, fell from £6m to £3.04m pre-tax for the 25 weeks ended June 27. Turnover was lower at £116.9m, against £118.1m.

With a need for "prudent husbanding" of group resources the interim dividend is cut from 4.5p to 1.5p. Earnings declined to 2.7p (7.3p). Turnover and pre-tax profits

benefited by £10.2m and £600,000 respectively from the devaluation of sterling. Profits also included £617,000 from the sale of property. The directors said compari-

son with the second half of 1992 was more meaningful when turnover of £111.5m and pre-tax profits of £1.63m were achieved. They said set against these results the performance of the first half of 1983 pointed to a significant recovery. Operating profits of the pack-

aging division fell from £6m to \$4.06m while those from chemicals declined from £2.14m

tional life insurance business.

Management buys Lowe Alpine

Lowe Alpine, the outdoor pursuits equipment group, has

been bought by its manage-ment in a deal worth £14.4m from Famco Holdings. The Cumbria-based company reported sales of £22.3m in the year to March 31 1993.

The funding includes £5.3m equity from Phildrew Ventures and bank loans of £8.6m. Famco is a private company owned by the Clarke family and has a controlling stake in Silentnight.

Brandon Hire trims deficit

Losses at Brandon Hire, the USM-quoted hirer of power tools, catering equipment and furniture, were reduced from \$291,000 to £14,000 pre-tax for the 12 months ended April 30.

Earnings emerged at 0.44p (losses 1.72p). The dividend for the year is being omitted - last

time only an interim of 0.1p Transfer Technology

\$3.9m acquisition Transfer Technology has acquired the business and cer-

tain assets of Coherent General

from Coherent of the US. Cash consideration of \$3.9m (£2.6m) represents the net book value of the assets and liabili-

Shirescot net asset value rises to 129.9p Shires High-Yielding Smaller Companies Trust reported net

asset value of 129.9p at June 30, compared with 109.6p six months earlier. The trust was launched in August last year. Net revenue for the half year to end-June was £388.000 for earnings per share of 3.1p. A second interim dividend of 1.1p

is declared, making a total so Turnover slipped to £3.87m far of 2.1p.

> Relyon shares rise after 29% growth

Relyon Group, the beds and bedroom furniture manufac turer and supplier of surveillance equipment, reported a 29 per cent increase in pre-tax profits for the first half of 1993. Mr Ralph Platt, chairman, said that following the 1992 restructuring all subsidiaries were contributing to profits. The shares rose 11p to 205p.

On turnover of £20.1m (£21m) pre-tax profits were up from £1.5m to £1.94m. Earnings came out at 6.15p (4.77p). The interim dividend is increased to 1.9p (1.75p).

Turnround for Sleepy Kids

A turnround from losses of £109,000 to pre-tax profits of £3,000 was announced by Sleepy Kids, the USM-quoted children's animation and mer-

chandising group, in the half

The Little Helicopter, the character created by the Duchess of York, but also with its other Turnover amounted to £127,000 (280,000). EFM share offer

An offer of shares in EFM Small Companies Trust, a new investment trust, has been oversubscribed. The trust received applications for shares worth £62.9m, but has scaled them back so that the

oversubscribed

amount raised, after expenses, was £48m. Those who applied for between 500 and 3,000 shares will receive 100 per cent of their application; those who applied for between 3,500 and 6,000 shares will receive 80 per cent; 6,500-10,000 shares - 60 per cent: 10.500-100.000 shares - 20 per cent; over 100,000 shares -10 per cent.

Dealings in the shares and warrants will start on August

Baldwin restores interim pay-outs

Losses at Baldwin, the holidays, printing and properties group, widened from £2.02m to £2.25m at the pre-tax level for the half year ended April 30.

However, in view of the

strong financial position of the group and the current state of trading interim dividends are being restored via a 1.6p pay-The deficit was a direct result of the accounting policy of the tour operating division which recognises revenue only on the departure of customers

this division at the interim Turnover doubled to £8.4m and losses per share worked through at 9.03p (7.98p). Cash balances at period end

stood at £5.4m (£4.5m).

on holiday. Since virtually all holidays take place in the sec-

ond six months "there is little

turnover and little profit" from

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Frankfuri/Main, August 1993

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as at 31st July, 1993

US\$9.76

Uasudited NAV per share

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will be US \$9,663.30 in r

BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS

of each US \$500,000 Note

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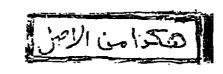
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The state of the s

SHARES IN Standard Chartered, the international banking group, leapt 51p yes-terday to close at 949p after it disclosed a sharp rise in first half profits helped by buoyant Asia Pacific operations, and eased fears that it would need a rights issue.

Pre-tax profits for the six months to June 30 rose to £168.8m, against £59.3m, with f12:m contributed from Hong Kong. The provision for bad and doubtful debts increased to £127m, against £117.8m, after charges for UK corporate lending rose from £37.3m to £113.7m

Fears of a rights issue to strengthen capital eased after its ratio of core tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets was dis-closed to have strengthened to 5.4 per cent, against 4.9 per cent, helped by retained profits of £70.5m (£10.9m losses).

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The interim dividend is raised to 7.5p (7p), with earnings per share rising from 2.4p to 37.3p. Mr Patrick Gillam,



Malcolm Williamson: cost to income ratio still unacceptable

chairman, said Standard was starting to solve "years of inconsistent and generally low

Standard has suffered from upsets, such as its involvement in the Bombay securities trading scandal last year, which have given it an accident-prone image. However, the shares have risen this year on optimism about its Asia Pacific franchise. Mr Gillam said the company

had strengthened its senior management and was now trying to focus businesses in OECD countries to support the Mr Peter Wood, the finance

and risk director who joined the bank earlier this year from Barclays, said the bank wanted to raise post-tax return on equity above the 17 per cent in the first half to cover some

The bank's overall ratio of capital to risk-weighted assets rose to 10.7 per cent, against 9.7 per cent. It has a further £372m (£443m) in "surplus" tier 2 capital which it can count towards the ratio as core capital increases.

per cent to £457m, against £328m. Dealing and exchange profits, including foreign currency and metals trading, rose to £106.5m (£48.9m).

Puat, a Singapore investor who holds 14.94 per cent.

20% rise at Micro Focus ends growth speculation

By Peggy Hollinger

MICRO FOCUS, the computer software company, yesterday put an end to speculation which has dampened its shares in recent months with results showing a 20 per cent rise in pre-tax profits from £9.63m to £11.6m for the six months to July 31.

The growth, on sales up 33 per cent to £40.8m (£30.6m), of which more than half were in the US, was due to a weaker pound. In dollar terms pre-tax profits fell from \$17.6m to \$17.4m.

The shares rose 80 to close at £18.23.

Mr Paul O'Grady, chairman and, as of vesterday, chief executive, rejected as unfounded the recent speculation over a permanent hait in earnings growth. Analysts had misinterpreted signals over difficulties in the first quarter, he

Micro Focus had suffered production support problems growth at Micro Focus appear | some editions yesterday.

which had been sorted out in the second three months. "I think we have turned the corner," Mr O'Grady said. "It was much better in the second

quarter." Net income per share was steady at 80 cents, which Mr O'Grady said had been well flagged in advance as a temporary consolidation. "Our feeling is that the growth is there and we will give it a really good shot to make it happen in the second half," he

In sterling terms earnings per share were 55.3p (45.9p). As in previous years, and according to US practice, there is no dividend. Cash reserves were £53.3m at

the end of the period, similar Spending on research and

development increased £5.3m

O COMMENT

Fears over a halt in earnings

to have been over-hyped. Indications are that trading growth in the second quarter was substantially better than the first three months. However, the group still has to prove that it bas fully recovered from the early hiccough. Perhaps this lies behind Mr O'Grady's decision to take to the road as chief executive and drive the sales growth himself. The numbers this time were disappointing enough to pull forecasts

back from roughly £31m to

£27m. On a prospective p/e of

14.5, the shares already seem

to be carrying most of the bad

Correction Cable and Wireless

news.

A company in which Cable and Wireless has a 49 per cent stake was this week awarded a licence to provide a national paging service in Bulgaria, not in Hungary as reported in

inevitable earnings volatility.

Net interest income rose 41

The bank is thought to be concerned about the volatility of its share price caused by illiquidity. Some 38 per cent of its shares are held in six blocks. including Tan Sri Khoo Teck

Fresh flare-up expected at Hoskins

By Catherine Milton

The next flash point in the row between the board of Hoskins Brewery and rebel shareholders who have requisitioned an extraordinary meeting is likely to be today, when full year results from the USM-traded brewer are scheduled for release.

The rebels, led by Mr Richard Holman who has a 7.4 per cent holding, plan to call for the removal from the board of Mr Barrie Hoar, chairman, and his brother, Robert. on grounds of their management record.

The company has not yet responded to the rebels and no date has been fixed for the EGM. The move means the directors are facing their second hostile EGM in two years, soon after last month's formal lapse and apparent collapse of plan to inject into Hoskins some assets and businesses owned by Mr Adam Page, founder of Midsummer Lei-

Hong Kong's contribution rises to £122m

STANDARD CHARTERED has securities trading scandal. disclosed for the first time the proportion of profits flowing from Hong Kong. Over the last 12 months it has raised assets from £8.35bn to £11.2bn and bonds in India. for the six months to June 30 reported pre-tax profits of £121.7m, against £92.4m.

The bank has been trying to reduce risk by cutting exposure to commercial lending in Hong Kong, which accounted for more than half of profits in its core Asia Pacific franchise. Other Asia Pacific countries produced £82.3m (£52.7m).

writes John Gapper.

About 20 per cent of the Hong Kong assets are now in home mortgages. The bank believes risk is limited by the fact that the average proportion of loan to property valuation is below 60 per cent, and loans are usually repaid in

Bad debt provisions in Hong Kong totalied £3.2m (£28.7m). while that for other Asia Pacific countries was £2.2m (£2m). This compared with a £113.7m (£37.3m) charge for the UK, out of total provisions of £127m (£118m).

Losses in the Middle East and south Asia were cut to £7.3m (£98m). The bad debt charge fell to £1m (£102m) because it did not make further provisions against its inability to benefit from some involvement in the Bombay write-offs and provisions.

The reduced loss was after taking account of a £21.4m charge for writing down the value of public sector utility

In Africa, pre-tax profits of £4.2m (£17.8m) took in a £13m adjustment for hyper-inflation in three countries. The large UK debt provision

Leeds

profit of £200,000. More than half of the provision concerned two large corporate charges. believed to involve loans to Isosceles and Brent Walker. Group expenses rose to £481.3m (£353m) although the rise in income reduced the cost to income ratio to 62.1 per cent (67.7 per cent). Mr Mal-

tive, said this was unaccept able, although it included restructuring. Talks with Price Waterhouse had failed to resolve a \$338m (£227m) dispute over its purchase of the National Bank of Arizona. Mr Patrick Gillam,

colm Williamson, chief execu-

chairman, said the claim was being pursued strongly and was likely to return to court. The tax charge was £73m (£51m), an effective rate of 43 per cent. Mr Gillam said this was higher than the bank would like because of UK losses and the bank's current

Restructured Mosaic makes £2m placing

MOSAIC investments, the the group was now trading licensing and design, display products and specialist packaging group, is raising £2m through a placing and open offer to invest in its core busi-

The group also announced pre-tax losses of £1.98m for the year to April 30 compared with profits of £3.87m. The loss was after exceptional costs of £2.49m for reorganisation and redundancies and expenses incurred in the May relisting. Mr Hugh Sykes, chairman, said that having substantially completed the restructuring profitably. The 2.02m new 10p cumula-

tive convertible redeemable preference shares have been conditionally placed with Montagu Private Equity Investments. Shareholders can apply for all the shares on the basis of one new preference for every 17 ordinary held.

Turnover amounted to £31.2m (£48.6m). Losses per share came through at 14.84p (13.98p earnings). There is no dividend for the year; last time there was an interim of 3.75p.

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can easily slide from the grasp, crashing into a bowl and splashing soy sauce in all directions. The fledgling role of Western accounting in the world's most populous country is equally precarious. But a series of initiatives is now

poised to bring about radical reform. The search for overseas equity is forcing a number of large Chinese companies to overhaul their account-ing practices in an effort to meet tough listing requirements. Several tens of thousands are adjusting to dif-ferent standards for joint ventures already in place.

But from last month, many hundreds of thousands more - supposedly all Chinese enterprises - have on paper also been required to comply with new, more internationally-oriented reporting requirements.

well geared to cope with the demands of the Communist system in the region Like the equivalent in the former Soviet Union, it served the purposes of the state effectively. It is less equipped to cope with changing pressures on the economy in the 1990s.

The system was funds-based. The is was to show how money provided by the state was used, and how far production quotas were being met. There was less interest in profits or the long-term viability of an enter-

The format was rigidly set out in law, with strict requirements on how accounts were presented. Mr Neal Stow of Price Waterhouse says that in accounting treatment to achieve a desired figure; in China their counterparts had to carry out the transaction itself in a different way if they wanted to change a number while complying with the regulations.

The Chinese system was also geared towards statistics, providing data for economic planning to the different ministries and especially to the tax

That means there is extensive financial information on each enterprise, though most of it is stored manually. The quantity of data, combined with low staff turnover so that those who prepared the figures are generally still contactable, means that accountants have been able to re-cast figures shown in previous years more in line with international standards.

The conversions often produce substantially different results. Mr Meocre Li, who takes over as partner in charge of Hong Kong and China for Arthur Andersen next month, says Chinese accounting lacks the concept of prudence, so there are generally no provisions for bad debts or obsolete

inventory. On the other hand, enterprises were required to make provisions - taken after profits - for staff welfare, bonuses and other costs. He lists a wide range of other differences: accounts are not consolidated; foreign currency transactions are translated at meaningless official rates; depreciation is far slower than in the West; and there is inconsistent application of capitalisation of interest charges.

When Andersen re-cast to international standards the accounts of Shanghai Vacuum as originally

Rmb14.7m to Rmb73.4m (£8.6m) for the nine months to September 30 1991, and net assets fell from Rmb293.8m to Rmb198.6m. At Shanghai Chlor-Alkali, net profit fell from Rmb69.7m to Rmb3.3m for the year to December 31 1991. The smaller net change at China Southern Glass - cutting profits from Rmb10.4m to Rmb8.5m in the seven months to July 31 1991 - concealed large variations that cancelled each

other out. Joint ventures have always been required to report more in line with international standards. But since July, the Ministry of Finance's "Accounting standards for business enterprises", with a similar thrust, theoretically became mandatory for

ven this new standard differs from international require-ments. Meocre Li stresses, in forbidding full consolidation, for instance. But he says: "With world accounting going in one direction, I don't think China has a choice."

Earlier this year, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu won a \$2.6m contract from the World Bank to help design new standards. Mr Ted Lee, the firm's managing director for China, says it expects to produce about 30 general and special topic standards and a fur-ther 10 for industry sectors over the next three years. Price Waterhouse has been separately awarded a contract to recommend changes to financial reporting for banks.

For those trying to interpret Chinese accounts in the past, Meocre Li points out another difficulty. The country's approach to auditing has

been as different from other parts of the world as its financial reporting. The standards used by the local certified public accountants (CPAs) vary considerably, with only vague official guidelines in place. The annual audit is normally conducted by discussion

ver just one or two weeks, and up to maximum of three weeks for even the largest businesses. There is no history of auditors verifying evidence from third parties, and they are not enerally present at stock takes. Meocre Li says there is also a poten-

tial conflict of interest under the existing system, since audit firms are themselves essentially branches of the Ministry of Finance, to which they report their findings and on which they rely for information on the enterprises being scrutinised. Mr Patrick Paul, senior partner

elect of Price Waterhouse for Hong Kong and China, expresses what he calls "question marks rather than reservations" about the nature of auditing in China. He wonders how far it is essentially a Western concept requiring confrontation and probing by junior staff, which sits uneasily with Eastern ideas of "saving face" and respect for seniority.

Certainly even for the "Big Six" firms eager to expand in China, there is extreme sensitivity over handling businesses' figures. Any qualification would destroy the chances of a stock exchange listing. Instead, there have been considerable delays in producing the accounts of companies being pre-pared for flotation while adjustments are made

That has not deterred the international accountancy firms from expanding in the country. At present,

most of their business has come from tax, investment and due diligence work for foreign clients looking for Chinese joint venture partners. Most of the firms say they are

unlikely to be generating profits within the country for at least five years. Stretched to capacity in the meantime, there are suggestions that they are subsidising their fees to gain important contracts.

Yet few doubt the need to exploit China's rapid expansion, and have lost little opportunity to exploit new regulations or test grey areas in the law in their efforts to expand their operations. Andersen has probably gone furthest. During most of the 1980s, the firms were only able to establish "representative offices" which were not permitted to generate

Andersen managed to create a wholly foreign-owned business in Shanghai in 1991, which allowed it to hire local people and conduct business. Along with several other firms, it has now established a joint venture which allows it to carry out all the

It plans to build a training centre in China, and is already hiring many young local staff. Mr Ivan Chan, managing partner for China, says the recruits are highly-skilled. The only problem is the country's one-child per family rule has created a pampered new generation with high expectations, making staff retention difficult. But Meocre Li is confident that the effort will be well rewarded in time.

By the year 2000, he predicts that Andersen in China will be generating revenues of more than the \$100m a year currently billed in Hong Kong.

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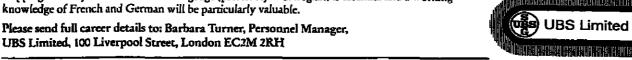
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By Kenneth Gooding,

GOLD'S PRICE dropped below \$370 a troy ounce in late London trading yesterday in very nervous market conditions. Selling by some of the same US investment funds who helped drive the price above \$400 an ounce less that two weeks ago had been responsible for gold's steady slide since

Monday, traders suggested.

Funds started selling again yesterday after publication of US economic data showing inflation was firmly under control, some dealers said. Nervousness was also compounded by rumours, not widely believed, that a Euro-pean central bank was selling

Others attributed the US funds' decision to move out of gold to calmer conditions in world currency markets.

Gold closed in London at \$373.50, down \$1.75 an ounce. But late trading took the full impact of the fund activity and the price dropped to \$364.85 an ounce at one point last night. One dealer suggested there was "very solid support" for the price at \$360. He expected gold to be very volatile in the next few weeks, with price swings of \$10 to \$15 an ounce likely, until physical demand

picked up in September.

Talks over Azerbaijan oil return to square one

By Steve LeVine in Moscow

SEVEN WEEKS after a coup undid a groundbreaking oil deal just before it was to be signed, western companies have resumed negotiations from scratch with the Caspian Sea republic of Azerbaijan. The new Azeri government,

in meetings that began this week, is reportedly talking tougher - sometimes with barely concealed hostility than did the negotiating team of the toppled president, Mr Abulfaz Elchibey. According to western oil officials in the Azeri capital, the government has a range of demands, including that Azerbaijan receives up to 80 per cent of the profits from its estimated

4bn barrels of oil reserves. The government, now headed by a Brezhnev-era leader, Mr Heidar Aliyev, has also refused to refund \$70m in signing bonuses that eight western companies advanced inst a day before the government's suspension of the deal on June 23. The deal was supposed to be signed at the end of June in London, but it fell

Brazilian sugar

THE WORST drought in more

than 50 years in Brazil's nor-theast has brought heavy

Mr Jose Carlos Maranhao.

commercial director at the

Santo Antonio sugar refinery

in Maceio, the capital of Ala-

goas, said the state's 1993-94

cane crop would fall 33 per

cent to 14m tonnes. Pernam-

buco, the regions' other sugar

state, has also been affected.

crop damaged

from Maceio.

export quotas.

through when Mr Elchibey, under pressure from a rebel colonel, fled on June 18. That colonel, Mr Surat Husseinov, is now the Azeri prime minister. None of the eight companies has backed out of the negotiations, though they have spent this week with the frustrating task of explaining the basics of the complex deal to a mostly

fresh Azeri team, The companies, some of whom have been negotiating with various Azeri governments for two years, are staying tight-lipped about the new talks, fearful of saying anything publicly that could kill

"They have their expectations, and we have our expectations. We'll just have to see how it comes out in the end," one of the oil officials said. Mr Aliyev has taken a lead-

ing role in the new discussions. He has forced the resignation of the state oil chief, Mr Sabit Bagirov, whom western oil officials respected as a fair, apolitical technocrat. Mr Bagirov was replaced by a little-known geologist, Mr Natik Aliyev, who is not related to the Azeri president. Mr Aliyev then trans-

ferred the geologist's decisionmaking powers to parliament, which the Azeri leader heads. At a public meeting on Mon day. Mr Aliyev made most of the oil officials believe that a deal would go through but he did not make clear what ulti-

mate terms he was seeking. The companies are pushing for what they call a "unitised" approach to developing Azer-baijan's three oilfields, something that had already been agreed upon by Mr Elchibey. The companies would take per-centages of the deal and develop the three fields together as a consortium.

In addition, the companies are discussing the construction of a \$1.4 bn pipeline to carry 800,000 barrels of oil a day to the west. Under the leading plan, the pipeline would travel through Iran and Armenia before reaching Erzurum, Turkey, and connect with an existing Iraqi pipeline that has been dry since the Gulf war.

The companies are British Petroleum. Statoil, Amaco, Pennzoil, Union Oil of California, McDermott International, Ramco Energy and the Turkish Petroleum Company.

Fast growth lifts China's raw materials prices

By Lynne O'Donnell in Beljing

losses to the region's sugar THE PRICE of raw materials in cane crop and industry officials predict declines of up to China shot up by almost 45 per 45 per cent. Reuter reports cent in the first half, thanks to rapid economic growth, wide-The northeast accounts for spread speculation and the continuing construction boom. most of the country's sugar the official press reported. exports and many officials said it would not be able to fulfil

China's Economic Daily said prices of the 16 main industrial raw materials, including steel, timber, rubber, cement and chemicals, rose an average year-on-year 44.7 per cent. Domestic production rose by 13.7 per cent and domestic consumption by 16.2 per cent,

while imports leapt 143 per cent. The newspaper put the

steen price rises down to rapid economic growth and to the

> fixed asset investment during that period. The price increase rose on a year-on-year basis from 31.2 per cent in January to 52.9 per cent in June.

state's 70.7 per cent increase in

Steel product prices rose by 73 per cent in the first half, while consumption rose 33.9 per cent, and production 21.2 Ing of the Common Agriculture per cent, imports of steel prod-Policy, according to a study by per cent. Imports of steel products more than tripled to 11.16m tonnes.

The paper said fear of further price rises was leading to widespread speculative buying. The price rises did not reflect actual supply and demand.

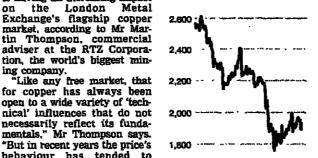
Copper market responds to 'rogue' element

By Kenneth Gooding

THE HUGE WEIGHT of money available to market operators is having an increasing impac on the London Exchange's flagship copper market, according to Mr Mar-tin Thompson, commercial adviser at the RTZ Corporation, the world's biggest min-

open to a wide variety of 'technical influences that do not necessarily reflect its funda-mentals." Mr Thompson says. "But in recent years the price's behaviour has tended to become increasingly divorced from the perceived levels of physical supply and demand.' Mr Thompson suggests the main cause is that the growth of the copper market, which is restricted to the growth in copper consumption, "has fallen far behind the growth in the finance available to some market operators, whose capacity to influence the behaviour of the price has grown accord-

"Restriction on the supply of metal - attributed to a Japa\$ per tonne, LME 3 month position 2.800 -----



93 Aug Aug 1992

nese company - did much to support copper's price in 1991. Heavy buying by Chinese companies, well beyond their phys-ical purchases, performed the same service in 1992 and early this year. Operations by American commodity funds have also been influential from time to time," he explains. "In addition, the volume of options

now sold is such that covering by their sellers, by both buying and selling, has become a major 'rogue' element sin the

Mr Thompson's analysis appears in the latest annual reviews from Mining Journal and was written before the latest technical squeeze – and accompanying allegations of manipulation – took hold of the copper market. Mr Chris Green, a former

chairman of the LME and a director of Barclays Metals, also suggests in the annual reviews that option activity on the exchange is playing a significant role in keeping copper prices up.

He says that as much as 15-20 per cent of all 1993 copper mine production has been covered by options in one form or another. A number of producers have already bought similar protection against 1994 out-

The difficulty for the granters of the options, "on whose shoulders the burden of risk management now lies", is that there has been in copper little opportunity to offset the risk of options granted to producers

ers, Mr Green says. This latter group, which comprises major motor vahicle

manufacturers, the larger domestic appliance manufac-turers and the big electrical combines, have been singularly, but understandably, reticent to enter into similar deals the other way round.

There is no history in copper, unlike the aluminium industry, of producers being willing to guarantee their customers fixed prices for years

"Such is the gap between the expectations of [copper] con-sumers and those of producers that the development of 'two-way' option business has been relatively small." Mr Green explains that offi-

cial LME options, while giving transparency and liquidity to the market, in normal circumstances are all restricted to the third Wednesday of each month and must be declared two weeks prior. So, while the market is highly active, it can also at times be "seriously

ould help ease the position by making physical metal more easily obtainable. (This is a hint that Mr Green would support any LME move to appoint warehouses to store copper in the US, which so far it has

been reluctant to do.)
Meanwhile, "the rigidity of
the system remains a target for manipulation, which can in furn generate a stampede in the marketplace. And this was what happened in author this year when such a "stam-pede" caused the copper price to fall by one-quarter in five weeks to reach \$1,710 a tonne in May, its lowest level for 5%

Mining Journal's two annual reviews provide detailed overviews of the industry, covering 155 countries alphabetically from Afghanistan to Zimbabwe and 64 metals and minerals from aluminium to zirconium

Mining Annual Review and Metals & Minerals Annual Review: £60 for addresses in the UK, £75 or US\$140 outside the illiquid".

He says additional warehouse locations for copper in don EC2A 2HD, UK.

'Exciting bull market' forecast for cocoa as stocks fall

ingly".

THE COCOA market appears to be heading for "the most exciting bull market for some time", according to GNI, the London trade house.

As continuing supply deficits bring further reductions in world stocks a rerun of the massive bull market of the 1970s "is not out of the ques-tion", GNI says in its latest Cocoa Outlook report.

That would suggest a surge from an average price of £745 a tonne this year to £1,600 a tonne in 1994 and £2,700 a tonne in 1995. "Ultimately the rally should peter out close to the July 1977 second [futures] position high of £3,512 a tonne in 1995," the report says.

In reaching this conclusion GNI takes as its starting point a reassessment of supply in the 1992-93 season. The Ivory Coast, the biggest cocoa producer, has banned mid-crop exports, which account for 150,000 tonnes out of the country's total production of 750,000 tonnes. As a result, GNI says, while the global production deficit for the year is only about 100,000 tonnes, the supply deficit is about 244,000

tonnes. The report admits that much of the Ivorian mid-crop will be carried over into 1993-94, but suggests that about a third will he lost because of poor storage conditions in the villages. Thus the 1993-94 main crop is likely to be swollen by only about

100,000 tonnes. And as the Ivorians plan to continue the embargo on mid-crop sales another 50,000 tonnes is likely to be lost to the world market

With Indonesia the only big producer whose output is increasing, global supply is therefore expected to increase only marginally in 1993-94. So, assuming continued steady growth in consumption, GNI forecasts a further significant supply deficit of 241,000 tonnes.

Other significant factors taken into account in the report include signs that yields in the three big African producing countries - the Ivory Coast, Nigeria and Ghana could be "significantly below par next year", while Malay-

sia's planted area is expected to contract as growers switch to more profitable crops. GNI calculates that world

stocks of cocoa should fall below the psychologically important 1m-tonne mark to 918,000 tonnes by the end of the 1993-94 season "even without any significant problems". That would represent about 36 per cent of annual consumption. By the end of the 1994-95 season, the report suggests, that figure will have fallen below 30 per cent, "which is normally regarded as criti-

On the question of the disposal of the International Cocoa Organisation buffer stock of 230,000 tonnes, GNI

that this will be done in an orderly fashion - probably at a rate of 46,000 tonnes in each of the five years of the ICCO's

-

new economic agreement.

The buffer stock could then be regarded as an independent supplier with fixed five-year production horizon," the report says. "Indeed it would then be valid to erase the 230,000 tonnes from the global stock figure, giving a stock to con-sumption ratio of just 27 per cent at the end of 1993-94 well below the critical 30 per cent barrier."

All this adds up to an "unequivocally bullish" outlook for the cocoa price, GNI says. "It is surprising that the price has not moved higher

Wider EC trade area would mean CAP rethink, study says

By David Dodwell, **World Trade Editor**

RECENT EVENTS pointing to further integration of eastern Europe with the European Community have unleashed forces that eventually will lower world farm commodity prices and force a restructurthree US farm economists.

The study says the changes would be neutral to the US in net welfare terms, with farm exporters' losses more than matched by gains to consumers through lower food prices.

James Gleckler, Mr Robert Koopman and Mr Luther Tweeten, full integration into the EC of the European Free Trade Area countries and the eastern European states of Hungary, Poland, the Czech and Slovak Republics, the former Yugoslavia, Romania, Bulgaria and Albania, would lift the cost to the EC budget of the nine main

century from \$3.6bn in 1989. At the same time, world prices for course grains would fall by almost 18 per cent, with beef, maize and sugar prices

commodities regulated by the

CAP to \$4.7bn at the end of the

According to the study by Mr falling by 8-9 per cent. Only pork prices would rise - by about 2 per cent. "Because many of the east-

ern regions are impoverished and eligible for special assistance in addition to that for commodities, full integration would greatly expand CAP budget requirements," the study says. "The burden of fin-ancing CAP for an agriculture sector roughly twice the size of the present EC would fall squarely on the shoulders of the original 12 members.

"The Community, already facing crisis in financing agricultural programmes, could

(Prices supplied by Amelgameted Matel Trading)

Lower price supports, production controls, and a shift to direct payments are possible reforms.

European integration would cost US farmers about \$2.2bn a year by the end of the century. with maize and beef producers losing most. But gains from lower food prices would amount to more than \$2.3bn. A farm trade official in Lon-

don said yesterday that there had been no formal studies in the EC of the likely cost to the CAP of European integration. "No-one has even begun to

think about the costs," he said.

need to restructure the CAP. "They could be massive, but since this is not going to happen before the end of the century, it depends on so many incalculable assumptions that predictions are meaningless." in Brussels, an EC farm official said a preliminary study was being carried out at Kiel University in Germany that suggested the cost impact of integration "would not be as important as these American

academics claim". European economic integration and the consequences for US agriculture. Published in Aaribusiness. Vol 9. number 4. tel: New York 850 6645.

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

MARKET REPORT

The London Metal Exchange COPPER market continued to be supported yesterday by technical tightness, which showed no sign of easing. The cash position reversed the week's downtrend to close \$17.50 higher at \$1,942 a tonne, while three months delivery metal was up \$5 at \$1,897.50 a tonne. In the ALUMINIUM market the decline of the previous few days was arrested in the afternoon and the three months position closed \$4.75 up at \$1,199.50 a tonne. Dealers said the upturn was in response to a US option enquiry that caused some to speculate that a North American production

London Markets

Crude oil (per barrel FOB)Se	roi	+ 07 -
Dubai	\$14.88-4.990	
Brent Blend (dated)	\$18.83-8.84	
Brent Bend (Sept	\$16.98-6.99	
W.T.I (1 pm est)	\$18.02-8.04)	+0.39
Oil products (NWE prompt delivery per to	me CIF	+ ar -
Premium Gasokne	S194-196	
Gas Oil	\$162-163	+2.5
Heavy Fuel Oil	\$61-82	
Nachtha	S158-180	
Petroleum Argus Estimates		
Other		+ 0= -
Gold (per troy oz)ê	\$373.50	-1.75
Silver (per troy oct-	464c	-3.5
Pleunum (per tray oz)	5383.60	-2.68
Peradium (per troy 02)	\$140.25	
Copper (US Producer)	90.00c	
Lead (US Producer)	33.50c	
Tin (Kuala Lumpur market)	12.32m	+0.01
Tin (New York)	224e	-1.5
Zinc (US Prime Western)	62.00c	
Cattle Dive weight?	132,240	0.24
Sheep (live weight)†	89.920	-5.04°
Plas (ive weight)†	72.03p	-0.47
	\$254,30	-3.3
London daily sugar (raw)	\$283.00	72
London daily sugar (white)	£283.50	-2.5
Tale and Lyle export price		
Barley (English feed)	Unq	
Maize (US No. 3 yellow)	£189.5	
Wheet (US Dark Northern)	2147	
Rubber (Sep)♥	60.50p	+0.5
Rubber #3ct/♥	61.00p	+0.5
Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Jul)	209.5m	
Coconut oil (Philippinesis	\$460.0v	
Palm Oil (Melayslant)	\$355.Gt	
Copra (Philippines)§	\$293	
Sovabeans (US)	£205u	+2
Cotton "A" index	55.15c	-0.5
Wooltons (64s Super)	351a	

cut might be in the offing. Solld support prevented the NICKEL market from extending an early fall to fresh six-year lows. The three months price steadled to close at \$4,825 a tonne, still \$56.50 down on the day, and moved up to \$4,830 in kerb trading. At the London Commodity Exchange COCOA futures closed with small gains, boosted primarily by the weakness of sterling against the dollar. Dealers said the medium-term outlook appeared constructive, aided by expectations

	mpiled 1	from Re	uters
SUÇAR	- LCE		(\$ per tonn
White	Close	Previous	High/Low
<u>О</u> ст	265.90	258 30	263.50 Z53.00
Dec	254,00	258_20	261.00 254.00
Mer	255.00	262.00	264.80 253.50
May Aus	263.50 264.00	263.00 275.90	263.50 263.30 264.00
	219 (3138)		(FFr per tonne):
CHUDE	OIL - IPE	 !	\$/bar
	Latest	Previou	s High/Low
Sep	16.84	16.91	18.97 16.81
Oct	17.07	17.05	17.10 16.96
Nov	17.24		17.24 17.10
Dec	17.35	17.38	17 35 17.26
Jan	17.44		17.45 17.33
Feb IPE Inda	17.50 ex 16.72	17.57 15.56	17.52 17.49
QAS O	L - IPE		\$/ton
	Close	Previous	High/Low
Aug	157.50	157.50	158.75 157.00
Sep	161 75	159.00	162.00 158.75
Oct	164.00	161.75	164.00 161.50
Nov	166.25	163.75	166.25 163.75
Dec	168.00	165.75 167.25	168.00 165.75
Jan Feb	169.00 169.25	167.25	189.00 167.00 187.75
	186.75	185.75	166.50
	15736 (16	1359 lots of	100 tormes
Mar			

COÇO	A - LCE		_	Eftonne	LONDON M	STAL BX	DHANG
	Close	Previous	High/Low			Close	Pro
					Alumbium, 9	9.7% purt	ty 15 pe
ep ec	742 762	737 757	744 737 763 757		Cash	1176-7	11
ec Ar	702 777	774	778 775			1199-200	111
Azv	786	783	788 785		Copper, Gra	de A (\$ per	(ennot
	795	794	797 795		Cash	1941-3	19
ieo	805	805	808 805			1897-8	181
Jec.	821	819	821 820		Leed (\$ per t	onnei	
tar	635	832	635 634			387.5-8.5	39
· university	or 4315 is	488) lots of	10 200000			400-1	40
			per tonnej. D	bilv orice	Nickel (S per	formal	
			day average			4765-75	48
	82 (749.70)					4820-30	48
					Tin (5 per tor		
XXFF	TOE			Shonne		4830-5 4880-5	49
	Close	Previous	High/Low		Zinc, Special		
leb	1145	1139	1150 1120			372.5-3.5	<u>~ (-) ~</u>
Vov	1125	1121	1130 1108			388-6.5	58
an	1107	1091	1110 1088		LME Closing		
A3 ₂	1061	1072	1092 1068		SPOT: 1,4840		3 m
Aay	1074	1960	1082 1068		Copper and I		
54,41 <u>j</u>			IS ONLY BILLIO	ge 84,64	(Prices suppli	S price	
	roes - Lc			£/tonne	Gold (troy oz Close Opening	5 price 373.25-3 374.70-3	73.75
			High/Low		Gold (troy oz Close Opening Morning fix	5 price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35	73.75
POTA	Close	E Previous	High/Low		Gold (troy oz Clase Opening Marring fix Alternoon fix	5 price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35 376.30	73.75 75.20
OTA:	roes - Lc	Previous 80.8			Gold (troy oz Close Opening Morning fix	5 price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35	73.75 75.20 77.50
OTA:	Close 89.3 93.5	Previous 80.6 90.8	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0		Gold (troy oz Close Opening Marring fix Altempon fix Day's high	5 price 373.25-3 374.70-3 376.35 376.30 377.00-3 372.50-3	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00
POTAT	Close 89.3 93.5	Previous 80.8	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0		Gold (tray oz Close Opening Morning Sx Aftempon fix Day's high Day's low	5 price 373.25-3 374.70-3 376.35 376.30 377.00-3 372.50-3	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00
OTA:	FOES - LC Close 88 3 93.5 er 177 (126	Previous 80.8 90.8 90.8	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0	£/tonne	Gold (troy oz Close Opening Marring St. Afternoon fix, Day's high Day's low Loco Ldn Mi 1 months	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 378.35 378.30 377.00-3 372.50-3 een Gold I 2.57 2.57	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending
OTA:	Close 88 J 93.5 er 177 (126	Previous 80.8 90.8 90.8 9 lots of 20	High/Low 83.3 79.5 93 5 31.0 tonnes.		Gold (troy oz Close Opening Morning far Affembon fix Day's high Day's low Loco Ldn M	\$ price 373 25-3 374.70-3 375.35 376.30 377.00-3 372.50-3 ean Gold I	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending
OTA:	FOES - LC Close 88 3 93.5 er 177 (126	Previous 80.8 90.8 90.8	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0	£/tonne	Gold (troy oz Close Opening Marring St. Afternoon fix, Day's high Day's low Loco Ldn Mi 1 months	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 378.35 378.30 377.00-3 372.50-3 een Gold I 2.57 2.57	73,75 75,20 77,50 73,00 Landing
OTA:	Close 88 J 93.5 er 177 (126	Previous 80.8 90.8 90.8 9 lots of 20	High/Low 83.3 79.5 93 5 31.0 tonnes.	£/tonne	Gold (troy oz) Close Opening Morning Sx Afternoon fix, Day's high Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 pronth 2 months 3 months	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 378.35 378.30 377.00-3 372.50-3 een Gold I 2.57 2.57	73,75 75,20 77,50 73,00 Landing
OTA:	Close 83 3 93.5 er 177 (126	Previous 90.8 90.8 1ots of 20 E	High/Low 83.3 79.5 93 5 31.0 tonnes.	£/tonne	Gold (troy oz Close Opening Marning &c Afternoon fix, Day's low Loco Ldn M 1 months 3 months Silver 8x	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35 376.30 377.00-3 372.50-3 een Gold I 2.57 2.57 2.57	73,75 75,20 77,50 73,00 Landing
OYAI	FOES - LC Close 83.3 93.5 er 177 (126 ESEAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00	Previous 90.6 90.8 10ts of 20 E Previous	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0 tonnes. High/Low 172.00 177.00	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Marning fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 moeths 3 moeths 5 moeths 5 moeths 6 moeths 6 moeths 6 moeths	\$ price 371,25-3 374,70-3 376,35 376,35 377,90-3 377,90-3 372,50-3 9en Gold I 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57	73,75 75,20 77,50 73,00 Landing
OTAT	FOES - LC Close 83.3 93.5 er 177 (126 ESEAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00	Previous 90.8 90.8 1ots of 20 E	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0 tonnes. High/Low 172.00 177.00	£/tonne	Gold (troy oz Close Opening Maming ix Aftemoon fix Day's ligh Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 3 months Strey fix Spot	373 25-3 374.70-3 376.35 376.30 377.00-3 377.50-3 9en Gold I 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Landing
Apr May Furnov SOYAF Det Seb	FOES - LC Close 83.3 93.5 er 177 (126 ESEAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00	Previous 90.6 90.8 10ts of 20 E Previous	High/Low 83.5 79.5 83.5 31.0 hornes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes.	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Marning fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 moeths 3 moeths 5 moeths 5 moeths 6 moeths 6 moeths 6 moeths	\$ price 379.25-3 374.70-3 376.35 377.30-3 372.50-3 387.50-3 387.50-3 25.7 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57	73,75 75,20 77,50 73,00 Landing
lar lay umov	Close 83.3 93.5 er 177 (126 Close 177 (126 Close 177 (126 Close 177.00 177.00 er 215 (0) er	Previous 90.6 90.8 10ts of 20 E Previous	High/Low 83.5 79.5 83.5 31.0 hornes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes.	£/tonne	Gold (troy oz Close Opening Moming 6x Afternoon fix Day's low Loop Lidn Mi 1 months 3 months Silver fix Sypot 3 months 6 months 12 months	\$ price 379.25-3 374.70-3 376.35 377.30-3 372.50-3 387.50-3 387.50-3 25.7 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57 2.57	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 ending 6 n 12
OTAL lor lay umov	FOES - LC Close 833 93.5 or 177 (126 EEAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00 or 215 (0) N	Previous 80,8 90,8 90,8 9 lots of 20 Previous Colors of 20 to	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83.5 31.0 hornes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes.	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Marming fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 months 3 months 5 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months	5 price 371.25-3 374.70-3 378.35 378.30 377.00-3 372.50-3 372.50-3 pen Gold I 2.57 2.57 pricey oz 318.55 322.10 327.30 335.35 8 \$\$\$ prices \$	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending 8 n 12
POTAL Asy Jumova BOYAL Seb	FOES - LC Close 83 3 93.5 er 177 (126 88EAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00 er 215 (0) H HT - LCB	Previous 80,8 90,8 90,8 9 lots of 20 Previous Cots of 20 to	High/Low 83.2 79.5 83.5 31.0 tennes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes. \$10/tn	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Maming fix Afternoon fix Day's ligh Day's low Loop Ldn M-1 months 3 months 5 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 6 months 12 months 6 months	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35 376.30 377.90-3 372.50-3 3	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending 6 n 12
POTA! Apr Axy Furnov Resident	FOES - LC Close 83.3 93.5 er 177 (126 EEAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00 er 215 (0) k RT - LCB 2455 1495	Previous 80.8 90.8 90.8 90 lots of 20 Previous 1394 1475	High/Low 83.2 79.5 83.5 31.0 2007/99. High/Low 172.00 177.00 177.00 179.01 1420 1430 1435 1450 1432 1440	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Marming fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 months 3 months 5 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35 376.30 377.90-3 372.50-3 3	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending 6 n 12
OTAL Any Currow Cotal Solution	FORS - LC Close 89.3 93.5 97.77 (126 EXEAL - LC Close 177.00 177.00 177.00 177.00 177.00 174.40 1455 1455 1455 1455	Previous 90.8 90.8 90.8 1 lots of 20 EF Previous - 1394 1435 1435	High/Low 83.2 79.5 83.5 31.0 tornes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 mes. \$10/tor 1430 1400 1455 1450 1492 1480 1510 1493	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Maming fix Afternoon fix Day's ligh Day's low Loop Ldn M-1 months 3 months 5 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 6 months 12 months 6 months	\$ price 373.25-3 374.70-3 375.35 376.30 377.90-3 372.50-3 3	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending 6 n 12
OYAL OYAL Umov	FOES - LC Close 80 3 93.5 er 177 (126 8EAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00 er 215 (0) k HT - LCs Close 1494 1495 1503 1513	Previous 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 91,00 of 20 to 50 20 t	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0 tonnes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes. \$10/tn 1450 1400 1455 1450 1492 1480 1510 1492 1515 1500	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Maming fix Afternoon fix Day's ligh Day's low Loop Ldn M-1 months 3 months 5 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 6 months 12 months 6 months	5 price 371.25-3 374.70-3 377.03-3 377.09-3 377.09-3 372.50-3 372.50-3 372.50-3 2.57 2	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Lending 6 n 12
OTAT Printy OYAR OYAR OYAR OYAR	FOES - LC Close 83 3 93.5 er 177 (126 Close) 172.00 177.00 er 215 10) H HT - LCB Close 1494 1455 1495 1495 1513	Previous 90.8 90.8 91.8 10ts of 20 to 120 to 120 to 1394 1435 1501 1305	High/Low 83.2 79.5 83.5 31.0 tornes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 mes. \$10/tor 1430 1400 1455 1450 1492 1480 1510 1493	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Marning fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 months 3 months 5 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months	5 price 371.25-3 374.70-3 377.470-3 377.03-3 377.00-3 377.00-3 377.50-3 372	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 ending 6 n 12
OYAL ct sb umov	FOES - LC Close 80 3 93.5 er 177 (126 8EAL - LC Close 172.00 177.00 er 215 (0) k HT - LCs Close 1494 1495 1503 1513	Previous 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 90,8 91,00 of 20 to 50 20 t	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0 tonnes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes. \$10/tn 1450 1400 1455 1450 1492 1480 1510 1492 1515 1500	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Maming fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 moeths 3 months 3 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 13 months 14 months 15 months 16 months 17 months 18 months 18 months 19 months 19 months 19 months 10 months 10 months 10 months 10 months 10 months 10 months 10 months 10 months 11 months 12 months 13 months 14 months 15 months 16 months 17 months 18 months 18 months 19 months 10 mon	5 price 371,25-3 374,70-3 378,35 378,30 377,00-3 372,50-3 372,50-3 372,50-3 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 335,35 8 5 price 374,50 385,25 9,7%)	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 ending 6 n 12 377.50 387.70 11.50
POTAL PARTIES OF A PROPERTY OF	FOES - LC Close 83 3 93.5 er 177 (126 Close) 172.00 177.00 er 215 10) H HT - LCB Close 1494 1455 1495 1495 1513	Previous 90.8 90.8 90.8 91.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	High/Low 83.3 79.5 83 5 31.0 tonnes. High/Low 172.00 177.00 nnes. \$10/tn 1450 1400 1455 1450 1492 1480 1510 1492 1515 1500	£/tonne	Gold (troy oc Close Opening Marning fix Afternoon fix Day's low Loco Ldn M- 1 months 2 months 3 months 5 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months	5 price 371,25-3 374,70-3 378,35 378,30 377,00-3 372,50-3 372,50-3 372,50-3 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 2,57 335,35 8 5 price 374,50 385,25 9,7%)	73.75 75.20 77.50 73.00 Landing 6 n 12 377.50 387.70 11.50

Wheat Close

108:25 110:25

Close 99.76

Close

99.0 99.5

105.49 107.00 108.55 110.40

102.80

Previous High/Law

93.0

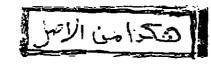
110.50 110.25

100.00 99 35

103 00 102.50 108.85 106.80

	Close		viaus_	High/Lox		AM Official	Kerb di		en inte
Alumbilum, 9							Total d	lawy turnow	r 33,7
Cash	1176-7		1-1.5	1173.5/1		1173-3.5	1204 2		0 674 -
	199-200		4.5-5.0	1206/11	#2	1195.5-8.0	1201-2		0,574 (
Copper, Gra							Total d	ally turnove	43,4
	1941-3 1897-8	192- 189:		1924/18; 1905/18;		1923-4 1887-8	1905-6	91	1,406 k
Lead (5 per h		100	<u></u> -	1000 100		1007-40		daily tumos	
	387.5-8.5	390-		384.5		384-4.5	IOM	CHEN MENO	
	301.3-0.7 100-1	403-		403/397		39 8- 7	403-4	24.	897 lo
Nickel (S per								daily Minor	
	1765-75	482	5-30	4750/474	19	1749-50			
	4820-30	488		4980/4B		1800-5	4825-30	45,	849 loi
Tin (5 per ton	ne)						Total	daily tumov	er 1,11
Cash	4830-5	486	5-75			1855-8			
	1880-5	492		4910/486	<u> </u>	905-10	4885-90	10,	788 lot
Zinc, Special	High Grac	te (5 per	tonne)				Total d	ally turnove	25,4
	72.5-3.5		5-7.5	Ann.		966-6.5	700 FB		
	388-8-5	583	3.5	890/875		50-0.5	689-90		917 lo
LIME Closing SPOT: 1,4840		3 mo	rathus: 1,45	148		months: 1.	1479	9 m	onths: 1
Copper and i	ead priçes	are now	express	ed in dollars	per to	0.00			
LONDON BL	ILLION M	ARKET			11.	ew Y	ماده		
(Prices suppli			Ned)		2.44	SAA I	OFK		
Gold (troy ox)	S price		S equiva	dent	==				
Close	373.25-3	79.7E			GOL		02.; \$/10y 02		
Opening	374.70-3					Close	Previous	High/Low	
Morning fix	375,35		254.337		Aug	367,4	374.3	377.0	368.
Afternoon fix	376,30 377,00-3	77 SC	256.885		Sep Oct	367.9 368.8	375.9 376.8	378.0 378.9	376. 366.
Day's high Day's low	372.50-3				Dea	370.7	378.7 ·	380.B	368.
Loco Ldn Me			Bates A	. Liste	Feb Apr	372.7 374.5	380.7 382.5	382.2 380.5	371. 373.
					Jun	378.3	384.4	385.0	375.
1 month 2 months	2.57 2.57		onths Iontha	2.60 2.65	Aug	378.1	386,2	378.2	376.
3 months	2.57	15 17		2.00	Oct	379.9	388.1	388.0	386.
Silver fix	p/troy oz		US ets e	oguly	PLAT		roy oz. \$/tro		
Spot	318.55		468.60			Closs	Previous	High/Low	
3 months	323.10		472.25		Aug	385.5	369.3	0	0
é months	327.30		476.25		Oct	387.5 388.2	391.3 392.1	393.5 394.5	385. 386.
12 months	335.35		484.50		Apr	389.2	393.1	395.6	388.
					30	390.D	383.9		<u>•</u>
COLD CON	<u> </u>				SILY	SR 5,000 tr	oy o≥ cents	faray caz	
	S price		£ equiv	silent		Close	Previous	High/Low	
Krugerrand	374.50		254.00	266.00	Aug	455.0	467.0	0	-0
Moople lea! New Sovereig		387.70	60.00-8	7 AA	Sep Oct	455.8 457.2	487.8 489.2	470.5	44B.
	II 00.50-4	11.20	90100-6	2.00	Dec	480.5	472.5	475,5	453.
TRADED OF	TIONS				407	460.9	473.1	a .	0
					Mar May	465.4 468.8	477.6 481.2	479.5 479.0	458. 482.
Akuminium (9		Calls		Puts —————	أفتل	471.8	484.5	484.0	485.
Strike price S	tonne Se	p Dec	: Sep	Dec	Sep Dec	475.4 480.6	488.2 483.6	489.5 496.0	473. 473.
1175	22		11	23	_		OPPER 25,0		
1200 1225	10 3	30	24 42	34 47	-	Close			
		Cats			_		Previous	High/Low	
Copper lGrad				Puis	Sep	84.30 84.45	83,45 83,70	84.40 85.00	84.3 83.3
1900 1950	58 30		17 38	74 102	Oct	84.55	83.80	84.40	84.4
2000	13		70	135	Nov Dec	84.7Q	83.90 84.00	84.05 85.10	84.0 83.0
		-	. –		Jan Feb	84.9S	84,25	84,40	84.0
	Se	p Nov	Sep	Nov		85.20	84.45	85.20	84.6
Coffee			29	88	Mar Apr	85.45 85.60	84.70 84.90	86.00 85.20	84.6 86.2
			64	118	May	85.80	85.10	85.50	86.5
1150 1200	24	43		168	CRU	DE OIL (L/g	ht) 42,000 U	5 galls \$/ba	ntel
1150 1200	24		107		_				
1150 1200 1250	24	43 31		Dec		Letest	Previous	High/Low	
1150 1200 1250 Cocsa 725	24 9 2 Se	43 31 p Dec		Dec 21	Sec				17.7
7150 1200 1250 Cocoa 725 750	24 9 2 Se 22 8	43 31 Dec 58 43	Sep 6 16	21 31	Sep Oct	18.09 18.44	17.88 18.25	18.10 18.44	18.1
7150 1200 1250 Cocsa 725 750	24 9 2 Se	43 31 p Dec	Sep 6	21	Oct Nov	18.09 18.44 18.65	17.88 18.25 18.49	18.10 18.44 18,65	18.1 18.4
Coffee 1150 1200 1250 Cocne 725 750	24 9 2 Se 22 6 2	43 31 p Dec 58 43 32	5 16 35	21 31 45	Oct	18.09 18.44	17.88 16.25 18.49 18.65 18.81	18.10 18.44	18.1 18.4 18.5
1150 1200 1250 Cocoa 725 750 773	24 9 2 Se 22 8	43 31 p Dec 58 43 32 p Oct	5 6 16 35	21 31 45 Out	Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb	18.09 18.44 18.65 18.79 18.93 18.99	17.88 18.25 18.49 18.66 18.81 18.92	18.10 15.44 15.65 18.79 18.91 18.99	18.1 18.4 18.5 18.7 18.8
1150 1200 1250 Cocca 725 750 773 Brent Crude	24 2 2 Se 22 8 2	43 31 58 43 32 6 Oct	5 Sep 6 16 39 Sep	21 31 45 Oct	Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar	18.09 16.44 16.65 18.79 18.93 18.99 19.06	17.88 18.25 18.49 18.66 18.81 18.92 19.07	18.10 18.44 18.65 18.79 18.91 18.99 19.06	18.1 18.4 18.5 16.7 18.6 18.8
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•	56.30	56.22	56.35	55.85
r	55,70 54,85	55.62 54.62	55.70	55.30
r Dr	53.90	53.87	54.65 53.90	54.40 63.85
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_	Close	Previous	High/Lo	,
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Footsie edges into higher territory

by Terry Syland, UK Stock Market Editor

Section 1985

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A BUOYANT London stock market again resisted discomforting news from UK industry yesterday by holding on to its newly-established peak levels but only just. An early gain of 16.3 on the FT-SE Index largely disappeared as the UK government bond market, reinforcing its influence over the investment scene, fell sharply towards the end of the session

By the close, the FT-SE index was a mere 3 points up on the day at 3,009.1, albeit a new closing high; a new intraday peak of 3,022.4 was established early.

Once again, the equity sector was strongly influenced by stock index futures. The overseas investment institutions remained active but were highly selective in the UK stock market.

Anticipation of a cut in UK base rates remained high, encouraged by firmness in the German stock market on hopes of action by the Bundesbank. The Footsie 100 Index was

well-outpaced by the rise of 21.2 in the FT-SE Mid 250 Index to yet another new peak of 3,451.8. The Mid 250 Index, which covers the range of stocks just below Footsie 100 capitalisation levels, and is the favourite area for private client investment, has gained 4.2 per cent since the beginning of the

month, compared with 2.8 per cent on the FT-SE 100 Index. Customer business in equities jumped to £1.82bn on Wednesday as the Footsie Index soared through the 3,000 barrier. Seaq volume increased yesterday to 908.2m shares

from the 830.4m of the previous Firmness in UK stock prices contrasted with news of a sharp fall of 2.1 per cent in

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unemployment but a contrasting dip in average earnings. Wednesday brought news of dwindling confidence among British regional businessmen.

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Share prices opened lower and the mid-morning upturn reflected activity in stock index futures but also the initial gains in the UK gilts market. Falling yields on UK gov-

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

ties. "Equities crash the gilt party," commented the strategy team at NatWest Securities yesterday, adding that it is to the gilt market that we must turn to find an explanation for such an exhilarating equity performance. NatWest Securities expects gilts to outperform equities over the next year or so, with its FT-SE target of

British manufacturing output ernment bonds have become a 3,300 at end-1994 offering a real in June, another increase in strongly bullish factor for equi- return of around 10 per cent over the next fifteen months. Across the full range of the

market, hopes for recovery in the domestic economy dominated. Leadership was taken by the building materials and construction groups which have everything to gain both from lower interest rates and from increased economic activity. Financial and store issues, which have outperformed the market over the past six months, came in for some prof-

it-taking pressure.
An easier trend in sterling worked in favour of the leading export blue chips, which were also driven at first by demand from across the Atlantic. However. US interest slackened when Wall Street opened the new session more than 20 points down on the Dow Industrial Average.

The London stock market benefited from improvement in the pharmaceutical leaders whose poor performance has restrained the Footsie Index in recent months.

Accoun	rt Dealing	Dates
First Deslings: Aug 2	Aug 16	Sep 6
Option Declaration	Sep 2	Sep 18
aat Deafings: Aug 13	Sep 3	Sep 17
Account Day: Aug 23	Sep 13	Sep 27

Standard Chartered volatile

AN ABRUPT change of heart. by marketmakers in Standard Chartered, the UK banking group, saw the bank's shares stage a remarkable about turn, as initial disappointment with the bank's interim figures was transformed by the appearance of no more than a handful of buying orders.

These proved enough to uncover substantial short positions among marketers which immediately responded by marking the shares sharply

The extent of the rally in Standard shares was breathtaking. News of slightly disappointing headline profits figure of £169m, sharply higher bad debts and slight disappointment with the extent of the dividend increase, saw dealers chop their opening price for Standard from an overnight

898p to 875p. The downside pressure quickly evaporated, however, as analysts returned from the post-results meeting in buoyant mood, pointing to proposed Far Eastern listings for Standard shares and to prospects for a rise in share earnings this year and next. A flurry of buying drove the shares to an all-time high of 954p around midday. The shares closed a net 51 up at 949p.

Mr Peter Toeman at Hoare Govett said Standard shares "still look a good bet", while Mr Nick Dobby at Robert Fleming Securities said "with a prospective price earnings ratio for 1994 of 8.3 times in a rapidly growing part of the world

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1993

NEW MIGHS (SZS),
RRITISH FUNDS (40) OTHER FRED INTEREST
(3) AMERICANS (5) CANADIAMS (1) BANKS
(10) BLOG MATTS (16) BUSINESS SERVS
(3) Davis Service, Hogs Rossen, Serce,
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currently much in vogue and dividend cover of nearly five times, the shares still look cheap".

Based on the trading volume for a selection of Alpha se rounded down. † indicates on PT-SE 100 index bonedlu

Analysts said the chances of a rights issue, with the bank's tier one capital rising from 4.9 per cent to 5.4 per cent, "have all but disappeared. With earnings per share set to rise to around 91p this year and 115p next year, the bank has excellent dividend growth prospects." Talk of a possible takeover bid for the bank was said to have been overplayed. "With the share at around 950p and net asset value at 450p a predator would have to write off a lot of goodwill," said another

Thorn EMI weak

at Thorn RMI, following the company's decision to redeem a preference share issue early. sent the shares falling sharply. Leisure analysts said that the move could lead to a stock overhang since many preference holders were unlikely to want to hold on to their converted ordinary shares. At worst this would mean over 11m Thorn shares coming on to the market over the next few weeks. The stock tumbled

There was also other potentially bad news for Thorn yesterday. According to a US trade magazine, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) is to launch an inquiry into the pricing policies of the major record companies in the huge US second-hand CD market, with the suggestion that the probe could be extended into

the new CD market. The move follows complaints from retailers of unfair pressure from the record companies in an attempt to keep the second hand market prices more in line with those of new CDs. One US music analyst said last night that the FTC had been hinting at such an inquiry for some time and that an extension into the brand new market was "quite likely". Thorn earns around \$110m in

Building materials group Redland was the FT-SE 100's second best performer after Standard Chartered, the shares rising 23, or 4.3 per cent, to close at 553p, their highest point since May last year when the building sector was said to have been reflecting a false dawn on the economic recovery in the UK.

The rise in the Redland share price followed news of a sharp increase in housing starts in Germany and news that BZW had increased its profits forecasts for the group. The broker said it had lifted its current year earnings estimate from £246m to £255m and that for next year from £265m to £287m, to reflect the extent of economic recovery in the UK and the US. The shares also responded, according to dealers, to news that housing

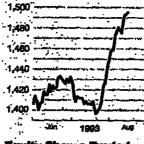
FT-A Ali-Share Index

Worries of a stock overhang 31 to 931p on the announce-

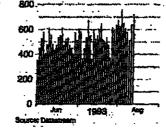
sales from the US.

Redland in demand

starts in Germany rose by 17%



Tiemover by volume (million) Excluding: Infra-market



per cent with housing starts in eastern Germany up a massive 90 per cent. Redland's near-6 per cent yield was another strong bull point it was said.

Profit-taking and marginal disappointment with the interim results left Royal Insurance one of the FT-SE 100's worst performers and finally 11 off at 883p, after \$27p.

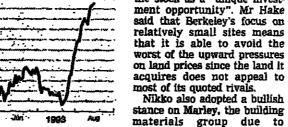
Water shares spearheaded a general advance by the utilities areas of the market, with the big institutions said to be hunting top quality, high yielding stocks following evidence that the recovery in the UK economy is faltering.
The biggest gains in the

water sector came in the less widely traded stocks, such as Welsh Water, 20 higher at 605p, South West, 17 better at 532p, and Southern, 14 to the good at 539p. Severn Trent was the pick of the FT-Se 100 constituents, rising 13 to 511p.

The Scottish generators continued to attract keen interest from income funds ahead of the stocks going ex-dividend on Monday, Hydro settled 81/4 up at 371p and Power 10 firmer at

Berkeley, the housebuilding group, was one of the outstanding performers in a generally strong building sector. The shares closed 7 up at 433p -their highest level since July 1987 - following a strong buy recommendation from Nikko

Securities whose building analyst Mr Mark Hake described the stock as a "unique invest-



materials group due to announce interims on August 18. The broker recently upgraded its 1993 and 1994 estimates for Marley and forecasts interim profits of £12m for the

RMC came in for good support, on the back of Redland, the shares adding 6 at 818p. News of the sale of a 20 per cent stake in Pilkington's Triplex Safety Glass subsidiary to Nippon Sheet Glass for £13.3m was viewed as good news by building sector specialists who said the move proved that Pilkington is seen as serious in get ting its debt burden down.

over of 3.2m with the warrants 3½ to the good at 50p. Crest Nicholson's success in letting over 80,000 square feet of office accommodation at its Farnborough and Maidenhead developments triggered a surge of demand for the shares which responded with an 81/2 advance to 71%p, their best

Pilkington shares settled 5

higher at 149p on good turn-

level since July 1991. A stock shortage drove Per-simmon 11 higher to 292p while the recent buy recommendation from one of the markets leading agency brokers boosted Wilson Bowden 5

more to 439p. Among food manufacturing stocks, investors sought out those stocks with attractive yields. Booker advanced 6 to 443p, Dalgety 7 to 495p - both stocks being recommended by Kleinwort Benson yesterday and Hillsdown 7 to 162p. Unilever rose 11 to 976p ahead of results today. The market range is between £546m and

In the publishing sector, Mirror Group Newspapers went up 9 to an all-time high of 168p before retreating to 167p with a net gain of 8 on a turnover of 2.8m shares. SG Warburg made a strong buy recommendation on the group's prospects of both revenue rise and cost fall and a healthy figure from an

FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

	AUJ 12	Aug 11	wad in	und s	~~ v	- ayu	100							
Ordinary share	2369.2	2379,1	2360.3	2374.5	2361.0	1722.2	2379.1	2124,7						
Ord_city, yloid	3.90	3.89	3.97	3.88	3.90	5.23	4.52	3.88						
Earning yid % full	4,70	4.68	4.71	4.87	4.70	7,62	6.38	4.67						
P/E radio net	27.20	27.29	27,12	27.38	27.21	16,58	27.38	19.40						
PAE ratto na	25.16	25.23	25.08	25.32	25.16	15,43	25,32	18.14						
Gold Mines	201.1	207.4	211,2	208.9	203.4	81,6	249.Z	60.D						
Gold Almes index at	Sold Millers 201.1 207.4 211.2 206.9 209.4 61.6 249.2 50.0 Ter 1983, Ordinary chare Index into completion: high 2379.1 11/8/60 - low 49.4 28/6/40 Gold Mines index eince completion high: 784.7 15/2/63- low 49.5 26/10/71 Basis Ordinary share 17/755; Gold Mines 15/8/55.													
Ordinary Stare box	dy change	x												
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37,793 1824.7 42,568 709.2 34,200 1186.1 38,250 507.9 37,682 15**68.0** 1481.3 36,089 587.1 42,918 643.7

Loodon report and latest Share lodes Tel. 0891 123001. Calls charged at 36p/minute cheap rate. 48p at all other times.

EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

GOOD two-way business was reported in the futures market yesterday as the September contract fought hard against profit-taking to end the session lower, writes Chris Price. After Wednesday's powerful surge, which saw the future reach a record high, the first hour's trading was direction-

However, buyers soon

decided to test the market range again and the slow rise in September started to gather momentum. It hit 3,030 in the late morning, which turned out to be the high of the day.

The unemployment statistics and manufacturing output figures had little impact and a weaker gilts market saw sellers move in and a gradual decline in the contract began.

A softer opening on Wall Street in the afternoon session also undermined support.

Add 12

September closed at 3,016, around three points premium to its fair value level of three. Volume was a healthy 13,000 contracts.

British Gas was again prominent in the traded options market, heading the list of stocks. It traded 2,727 con-

tracts and was followed by British Steel on 1,200, Barclays on 822 and Rolls-Royce

31,253

with 773. The total of 30,000 contracts compared well with the previous session's figure which was boosted by the last expiry

FT-SE volume was over 8,000, while the Euro-FTSE was half that amount.

Audit Bureau Circulation survey of national newspapers circulation, due next week.

Hoare Govett also believed the stock was undervalued and was recovering from the price war started in mid July among national tabloids which in turn caused the stock to underperform the market over the past weeks.

FT-SE-A 350

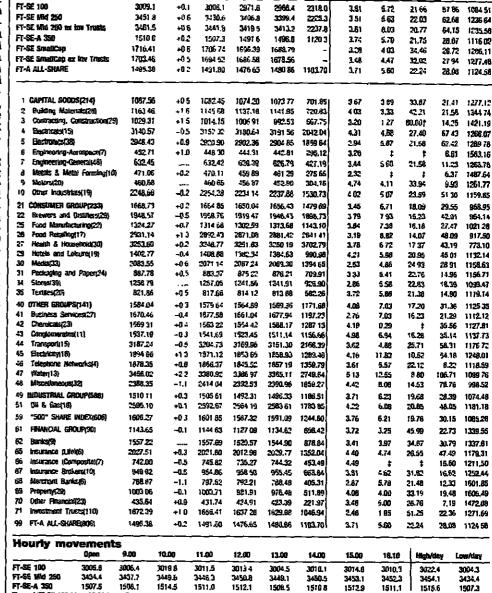
Reed International, the international publishing group which merged with Elsevier of Holland early this year, eased another 9 to 661p following the weakness of Elsevier listed in the Amsterdam Stock

MARKET REPORTERS: Steve Thompson. Christopher Price,

Zhang Tingting,

Exchange.

Other statistics, Page 16



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FT-SE 100

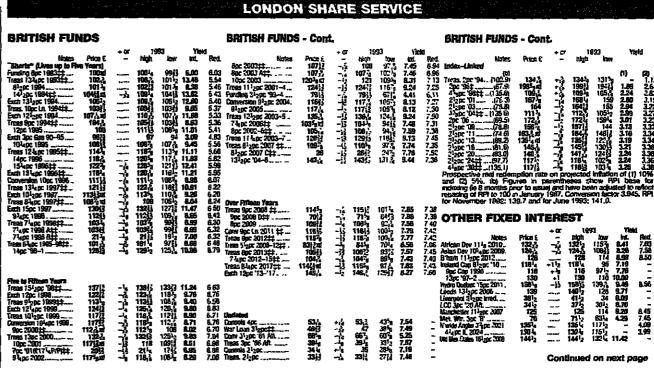
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FT-SE Actuaries 350 Industry Baskets										Previous		
Hourty	Open	9.00	10.00	11.00	12,00	13.00	14,00	15.00	16.10	Close	close	change
Constrea	1997.4	2004 4	2011.3	2009.7	2012.2	2012.6	2034.2	2027.6	2027 5	2027.1	1987.3	+39.8
Heefth & H	97 8 .1	978.2	979.9	978 ÷	978.2	975.6	977.3	978.4	979.8	978.7	976.7	+20
Water	1401.5	1403,9	1473.7	1408.3	7411,7	1411.5	1411.5	1414.0	142B.0	1426.9	1395.4	+31.5
Banks	1888.3	1896.8	1909.1	1898 7	1901 6	1892.3	1893.6	1896.6	1891.5	1892.8	1893.3	-0.5

Limited, Othe Southwith Bridge, London SET 841L. The FT-SE Actuaries Stage Indices Service, which covers a range of electronic and paper-based products relating to these Indices is a mastable from FIRSTAT of the zero statics.

The increase in the sec of the FT-Actuarys All-Stage Index International statics in the sec of the FT-Actuarys All-Stage Index International transition of the FT-Actuarys All-Stage Index International Sector IPE and color greater than 80 are not shown; I Values are negative.

The FT-SEC 100, the FT-SE Mid 250 and the FT-SE Actuaries 350 indices are compiled by the London Shock Exchange and the FT-Actuaries All-Stage Index Indices I



CROSSWORD

No.8,227 Set by HIGHLANDER

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points (5) points (5)

10 Essence of gold used by dentist perhaps (9)

11 Nigel originally takes call delaying departure (9)

12 In debt with nothing on the color (5)

13 In dept with nothing on the color (5)

14 Former working to Egyptian chronology (3-4)

5 Tense superior gets stoned (7)

6 Drink up, adjust boater and color (6)

side (5)
13 Tries to translate the French for "unproductive"

15 Plan to corner carriage (4) 18 In practice box strikes back 20 Make mass inside burn (7)

23 Feel sorry about knocking head off wader (5) 24 Beast well-protected from 17 lt's said to be left in grass Spanish ships, in the main (8) 26 Players appear in Horse

and Cart together, drunk (9) 27 Meeting a northerner is like going on bed (5)
28 Origins of treason - hard-bitting exclusive article (3) 29 Carefully examined broken

crust inside (11)

JOTTER PAD

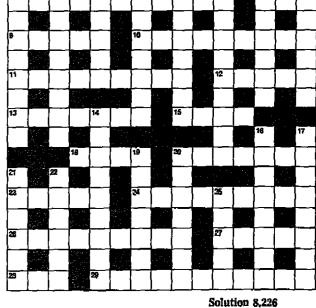
in ethical principles (8) (3) porter (5)
9 Runs vehicle reversing 3 Old English name for sticky

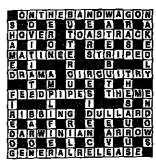
> give more detail (9) 7 Call for small space in front of rear section (6) 8 Look for provisions for a

long time (6) Start to identify main pest disorder with Busy Lizzie 16 Wizards engage in battles

19 Engineers go over performer's power source (7) 20 Agreement is brief and

neatly packaged (7) 21 Rent free (3,3) 22 In looking for a clear day, consult forecaster (6) 25 Looking tired, pulled out (5)





26 **LONDON SHARE SERVICE** HOTELS & LEISURE - Cont **AMERICANS** 医球球球位抗发性 计多叉线路接触器 医抗结节 化苯酚拉胺苯甲甲苯酚 1660年,1867年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年,1868年 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 15 705 245 245 246 33 114 645 249.7 249.7 2.84 19.8 0.83 349.5 1,608 | ではまりは | 200 mm | 100 mm | 13,000 187,000 83 8-147 273 8-146 1-146 法律 | 1447 | 144 | 14 | 14 | 1417 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 1448 | 4 44 [417 | 124 | 424 | 147 | 158 | 158 | 147 | 147 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | Date.

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CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FINANCIAL FUTURES AND OPTIONS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Reserves push down franc

THE French franc and Danish krone came under renewed pressure in the reformed exchange rate mechanism yes-terday as dealers took the view that the currencies could not be sustained much longer by high interest rates, writes James Blitz.

Both countries have kept liquidity tight in their money markets to preserve their cur-D-Mark. But the lack of foreign exchange reserves in their cen-tral banks highlighted the weakness in the high interest rate policy.

In its reserve figures for the week to August 5, the Bank of France revealed that it probably has a large deficit following intervention to support the French franc earlier this

Mr Robin Marshall of Chase Manhattan Bank has calculated that the French have a net debt of FFr350bn and that, even if it were to liquidate all its gold and ecu holdings, the Bank would still be FFr30bn "in the red."

Mr Marshall's assessment is among the more pessimistic. But the news on the reserves forced the French franc down to a low of FFr3.52 yesterday. It later closed at FFr3.514 to

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the D-Mark, about a third of a centime down on the day. The Danes may also have few reserves in their central bank because they announced a bond issue worth SFribn yes-terday, in addition to the

£1.2bn in sterling last week. But the krone also fell back yesterday, falling from about DKr3.406 to the D-Mark to a London close of DKr4.1135. It was striking yesterday that the Danish krone was 6.98 percentage points lower than the Dutch guilder in the ERM grid, compared to the 2.25 percentage points of fluctuation permitted before the ERM reform.

The ERM aside, the main focus in currency markets was on the Japanese yen, which again thrust upwards to another post-war high of Y103.00 against the dollar. It later closed in London at Y103.15, down from a previous

The Bank of Japan inter-

the currency, with some d ers suggesting that several lion dollars were bought attempts to push the current concerted G-7 intervention the dollar/yen exchange ra but there was no commen all on the issue from US

The dollar, however, somewhat stronger against D-Mark, closing at DM1.7 Dealers said that a modest percentage point rise in retail sales in July had li impact on the currency.

Sterling weakened by pfennigs against the D-M poorer than expected figure There are expectations that British government will interest rates, but this was reflected in money marke vened substantially to support The pound closed at DM2.51

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EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

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Aug 12 \$ SHOPE	£ 0.684 0.397 6.623 1.130 0.447 0.452 0.452	\$ 1.463 9.689 1.653 0.654 0.517 0.765	DM 2.518 1.721 16 68 2 846 1 125 0 888 1.082 1.316	Yes 181.0 183.0 103.2 1000. 170.7 67.47 53.66 78.93	F Fr. 8.848 6.048 3.514 58.60 10 3.954 3.732 4.625	CRC 5 Fr. 2-236 1-530 0-889 14-82 7 529 1 0-789 0-944 1-170	98 Jay 8 Fl. 2 635 1 938 1.126 18.77 3.204 1.267 1 1.196 1.482	PATE LP3 2371 1621 941.6 15702 2680 1059 836.3 1000. 1239	CS 1.913 1.308 0.760 12.67 2.162 0.855 0.855 0.807	8 Fr 53.90 36.84 21 41 357 0 60.92 24.06 19.01 22.73 28.18	Pla. 298 2 142.3 82.68 1379 235.3 93.03 73.41 108.8	1.31 0.89 9.52 8.68 1.48 0.58 0.46 0.55
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EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

	LIFFE LONG COLT FUTURES OFFICES \$50,000 GROW of 100%	LIFF
	Strike Calls-sattlements Puts-settlements Price Sep Dec Sep Dec 110 2-38 2-61 0-10 1-19	Str Pri 947 980
eal-	111 1-45 2-22 0-19 1-44 112 1-00 1-53 0-38 2-11	947 980 952
bil- in	113 0-34 1-25 1-08 2-47 114 0-16 1-04 1-54 3-26 115 0-07 0-51 2-45 4-09 116 0-03 0-38 3-41 4-80	953 957 957 957 957 957 957
ncy for) 117 O-01 O-27 4-39 5-49	965
QE	Estimated volume total, Calls 11241 Pats 8975 Previous day's open inf. Calls 73551 Pats 65592	Estin Previ
ate, t at	LIFTE EUROMARK OPTIONS Distrippinis of 199%	LIFE
offi-	Strike Calls-settlements Puts-settlements	Str Pri
was	Price Sep Dec Sep Dec 9300 0.53 1.12 0.01 0.02 9325 0.29 0.88 0.02 0.03	110
the 200	9350 0.11 0.85 0.09 0.05 9375 0.04 0.46 0.27 0.11	111
180.	9425 0.01 0.18 0.74 0.33 9450 0 0.10 0.98 0.50	172 172 173 173
O.1 US	9475 0 0.06 1.23 0.71 Estimated volume total, Calle 9532 Puts 2957 Previous day's open lot. Calle 143516 Puts 118037	Estin
ittle	LONDON (LIFFE)	CH
1%	9% NOTIONAL BRITISH GR.T	U.S.
ark	Close High Low Prev. Sep 112-13 113-16 111-25 112-29	\$10
of ures	Sep 112-13 113-16 111-25 112-29 Dec 111-21 112-11 111-06 112-05 Estimated volume 107208 (67977)	Sep Dec Mar
and UK	Previous day's open int. 94709 (93440)	Jun Sep
the	DYKESO,000 100kbs of 100%	Dec Mar
cut '	Close High Low Prov. Sep 97.42 97.63 97.26 97.42 Dec 97.56 97.76 97.44 97.58	Just Sep Doc
ets. 175. i	Estimated volume 92707 (83639) Previous day's open int. 203854 (205285)	U.S.
110.	E% BOTTOKAL MEUTUM TERM CREMAN GOVT. BOND (BOSL) DNCSO,000 180ths of 100%	_
	Close High Low Prev. Sep 100,61 100,70 100,47 100,52	Sep Dec Mar
	Dec 100.73 190.64 Estimated volume 2869 (\$390)	Jun
r‡	Previous day's open int. 17567 (22336) 9% NOTIONAL LONG TERM JAPANESE GOVT.	8EF
	Close High Low	Sep
	Dec 111.77 11183 11162	Dec
	Estimated volume 2839 (2846) Traded exclusively on APT	SVIII SFr
	12% NOTIONAL FIRLIAN SOVT. BOND (STP) * LIRA 200m 1006s of 100%	_
क्षात्रक स्थाप	Close High Low Prov. Sep 111.69 111.87 111.20 111.16 Dec 111.22 111.30 110.90 110.68	Sep Dec Mar
nd the er She	Estimated volume 27923 (28415) Previous day's open int. 63250 (60818)	
	10% NOTIONAL SPANISH GOVT, BUND (BONOS) Pls 20m 100ths of 100%	
<u>. </u>	Close High Low Prev Sep 102.00 102.00	PHID 931,
14	N A	S
261 144 -035	Estimated volume 0 (0) Previous day's open int. 11 (11)	1. 1. 1.
-3.60 -6.82	THREE MONTH STERLING * 2580,088 paints of 190%	1.
-0.93 -0.79 -5.66	Clase High Law Prev	1. Prev
-\$09 -329	Mar 94,77 94.82 94.74 94.80	Pres
0.23 -1.81 -1.84	Jun 94 65 94.72 34 61 94.70 Sep 94.44 94.50 94.38 94.48	PA
281 -0.54	Est. Vol. (Inc. figs. not shown) 59281 (46986) Previous day's open Int. 374409 (369657)	7 to
123 -178	THINEE MONTH EURODOLLAR \$1m points of 180%	Sept
Month	Close High Low Prev. Sep 96.70 96.69 96.63 96.67 Dec 96.33 96.33 96.30 96.28 Mor 96.25 96.26 96.22 98.18	Man Estir
	Dec 96.33 96.33 96.30 96.28 Mor 96.26 96.26 96.22 96.18 Jun 95.97 85.96 95.95 95.91	THE
R_	Est. Vol. tanc. tigs. not shown) 952 (803) Previous day's open int. 13918 (13685)	Sept Deco Man
261	THREE MONTH EUROMARK *	June Estin
263 3.76 -1.33	Close High Low Prev. Sec. 93.52 93.57 93.50 93.53	CAC
-3.08 -6.24	Mar 94.57 94.82 94.56 94.58	Aug Sepi
-8.92 -3.49 -7.80	Sep 94.83 94.86 94.81 94.84	Octo
-7.80 -7.58 -5.92	Estimated volume 82159 (73771) Previous dey's open int. 684737 (679804)	Estin
-235 -466 -441	(HREE MONTH ECO ECU in points of 188%	Sept
0 12 -4,87	Close High Low Prev. Sep 93.09 93.22 93.08 93.12	Esix
-1,47 4,40	Dec 94.04 94.16 94.03 94.07 Mar 94.44 94.48 94.42 94.45 Jun 94.46 94.50 94.44 94.47	GPT
		~

96.63 96.67 96.30 96.28 96.22 96.18 95.95 95.91 9618 (13685)	Estimated THREE-MC September Decomber March
	June Estimated
Low Prev. 93.50 93.53 94.06 94.09 94.56 94.58 94.77 94.79 94.81 94.84 73771) 94737 1679804)	CAC-40 FI August September October December Estimated
	ECU BONG
Low Prev. 93 05 93.12 94 03 94.07 94.42 94.45 94.44 94.47 372) 3108 (32550)	September Estimated of CPTION OF Strike 118 119
RANC	120 121
Low Prev. 95.42 95.47 95.77 95.78 95.96 95.97 95.94	122 Open int Estimated t † All Yield
113) 1035 (52992)	
BATE	
Low Prev. 91.32 91.39 91.96 91.99 92.39 92.38 92.53 92.50	Adam & C Allied Tru AIB Sank
211 436 (81818)	B&CMe
436 (81818)	8 & C Me Bank of B Banco Bill
Low Prev.	8 & C Me Sank of 8 Bank of C Bank of In
436 (81818)	8 & C Me Bank of B Banco Bill Bank of In Bank of In Bank of S Barctays 8
Low Prev. 3008.0 3019.0 3037.0 3039.0 3053.0	8 & C Me Bank of B Banco Bill Bank of C Bank of In Bank of In

11 96 21 82 82 86	* Contracts	traded on A	Pf. Clasto	prices :	AIGNAT.
62 53 85 32 30		- DOLL			
	Spot 1 4630	1-altı. 1 4595	3-mth.	6-min. 1 4470	12-es

sted volume 5985 (97 us dzy's open int. 82

Calls-Sec 0.54 0.31 0.13 0.06 0.02 0.01 **Money Market Bank Accounts** JAPANESE YEN (MAN Y12.5m \$ per Y100 L09 116-10 115-07 114-08 113-11 112-14 111-31 Prev. 96.57 96.28 96.20 95.92 95.62 95.18 95.08 94.87 ILADELPHIA SE 2/\$ 091108 1,250 (cests per £1) 93.53 94.78 95.23 95.26 8,610 UTURIES (MATIF) Stock index 2176.0 2187.0 2198.5 2219.0 2196.0 2207.0 2201.5 2226.0 5,304 -6.90 -7,00 -7.00 -7.00 (MATIF) N LONG-TERM FRENCH BOND (MATH)

BASE LENDING RATES Currus Pontéar Bank 6 Financial & Gen Bank ... 7

●Robert Herning & Co __6 bao Vizcaya.... 6

Habito Bernik AG Zunfoh ...6 Heritable & Gen Inv Bk. 6 C. Hoare & Co ... Hongkong & Shanghai... d Julian Hodge Bank 6 •Leopold Joseph & Sons 6 Roduighe Bank Ltd ... 8 Royal Bk of Scotland ... 6 8Smith & Wilman Secs . 6 Standard Chartered (

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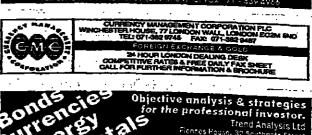
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Market Myths and Duff Forecasts for 1993



MONEY MARKETS

Speculation on UK

Expectations of a cut in UK base rates remained fairly strong yesterday after a small increase in unemployment in July and a slight drop in manufacturing output in June,

writes James Blitz.
Yesterday's unemployment
figures showed the first net monthly rise for six months. At the same time, a 2.1 per cent drop in manufacturing output in June more than offset the 1.5 per cent rise the month before.

UK clearing bank base lending rate from January 26, 1993

One sterling money market dealer said that the figures had triggered a new round of speculation that UK base rates would be cut, with a few market operators even wondering whether monetary policy might even be eased today. However, another dealer dismissed this idea: "You have to ask yourself whether there is any political rationale behind such a cut, and right now, there isn't." he said.

The September and December short sterling contracts remained strongly bullish for a cut, although they did not alter much during the day. The September contract was up 2 basis points at 94.29 at the close, while the tax payments December contract tell 2 basis start next week.

points on the day to close at

Sterling cash markets were more-or-less unchanged. Three month money dipped slightly cent on the bid side. There was a shortage of £1.1bn in the discount market, and only

£30m of late assistance. European markets were very quiet, although another poor set of reserves figures from the Bank of France led some dealers to think that interest rates would only come slowly there.

The September French franc contract was up 4 basis points on the day at 93.42, quite a modest performance in the wake of the previous day's

heavy buying. In the cash market, 3 month French frames closed about 20 basis points higher on the day at 7.95 per cent as the franc came under heavy pressure in the wake of the reserves figures. German call money cased yesterday after the Bundesbank had surprised the market on Wednesday by adding a net DM10.3bn to the

banking system. Call money hovered around 6.75 per cent after 6.80 per cent the previous day. Some dealers said the high levels of liquidity had left the market in a good position to meet a season of tax payments which should

ments 44 p ... ning-tente withdrawn for cash 14p.c.

	FT LO	ONDON INT	ERBA	NK F	TXING
(11.00 a.m.	Aug 125	3 months US dellars		6 monti	ns US Defars
hid 3	l'a	other 314	bid	31/8	otter 312

MONEY RATES										
NEW YORK		Treasury Bitts and Bonds								
Lunchtime		One month	Que manti 2.97 Thava year 4.43							
Primu rate		Tesu month 3.03 Five year 5.10 Nivo month 3.08 Sevien year 5.37 Six month 3.22 10-year 5.71 One year 344 30-year 6.39 Two year 403								
Aug 12	Overnight	One Month	Tero Months	Three Months	St. Munths	Lombard Intervention				
Frankfurt	6.70-6 80 9 ¹ 4-9 ¹ 9	6.70-6.80 8.60-9.00	6 65-6.75	6.45-6.55 7.35-7.75	6.35-6.45	7.75 6.75				
Zurich	44-5	454.4%		416.414	Ι.	0.75				
Amedor darn	6.60-6.75	6.43-6.56		6.12-6.25		l -				
Tokyo	335-35	3/2-3/2		4. 44						
Brussuls	11-1114	10.11	l : I	919 912 812 912		1 :				
Dublin	6-618	7-718	6%-7	64-6%	612-658	-				
					<u> </u>					
LONDON MONEY RATES										
Áug 12	Overnição	7 days notice	One Month	Three Months	Site Months	One Year				
Interbank Offer	64	6	В	512	514	54,				
imiorbank Bid	4-4	5%	53	1 51	5.2	515				
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Local Authority Deps Local Authority Bonds	— 6 ¹ s	6	6	5%	54	5/3				
Observati Miki Decs		(512	1 :	1 :	1 :	{ :				
Company Deposits	_ -	1	1 -	1 -	1 -	Ι,				
Financo House Deposits	··] <u>-</u>	1 -	976	512	512	5,2				
Freatury BHIs (Buy)		1 :	57s 513 513	518	513	:				
Fine Trade Bits (Bust)	_ 1 -	1 :	{	(3.0	255	1 :				
Destar CDs	!	1 -	3140	3 05	122	343				
SDR Linked Dep. Other .	-	1 -	1 49	1 44	والها	45				
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BCU Linked Dep End		-	8,4	提	6,7	61 ₂				
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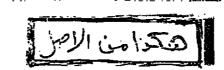
What is the FT getting up to this Weekend?

Much the same as you, no doubt.

The Vecht is a coal barge on the Rhine River. It is a family business run by Jan Veldman and his wife. " I am the director of a company," Jan told Nicholas Woodsworth. "It is only a little company, this boat, but I am its director. I make my own choices and work in my own way. I like the variety of my job. I am a mechanic, a navigator, a maintenance man, a businessman." As the Vecht makes its way upriver, past castles, vineyards and the great industries of Europe's industrial heartland, Woodsworth learns about life on the world's busiest inland waterway.

Also this Weekend: Finance & the Family; fashion and How To Spend It; travel, property and sport; food and drink; arts and books; Private View and the peculiar world of Hawks & Handsaws.

> Weekend FT Saturday August 14



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	August 12 Sets + or - August Africas 1,590 -5	FRANCE AGENT 12 PM + ST -	SERBEARY (positioned)	METHERILANDS (conscious)	SUREDEN (continued)	marke 13
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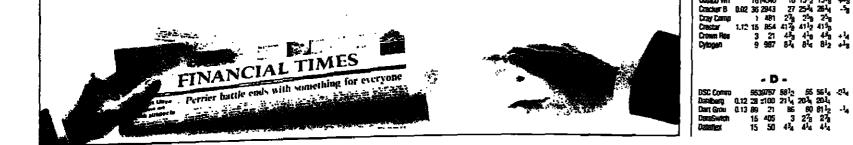
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Dow subsides in spite of good inflation data

Wall Street

AN UPSURGE in bonds failed to lift US stock markets yesterday morning, with share prices falling sharply on futuresrelated selling and profit-taking, writes Patrick Harverson

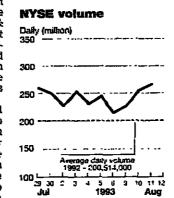
At 1pm, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 26.55 at 3,556.80. The more broadly based Standard & Poor's 500 was 2.43 lower at 448.03. while the Amex composite was down 1.44 at 437.43, and the Nasdaq composite down 3.52 at 715.25. Trading volume on the NYSE was 177m shares

Although prices opened higher, stocks were unable to sustain the upward momentum in spite of a bond market rally which pushed the yield on the benchmark 30-year issue down to a record 6.389 per cent. The bond market was reacting to surprisingly good inflation data in the form of the July producer prices index, which fell 0.2 per cent. The decline was unexpected, and indicated that inflationary pressures in the economy are even weaker than analysts had thought.

The failure of stocks to follow bonds higher unsettled dealers and investors. This triggered some profit-taking, and in turn, heavy selling in the futures markets. The

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Mexican share prices fell on enewed concern about the viability of the North American Free Trade Agreement, following Canadian objections to the deal. By late morning, the 37-share IPC index had dropped by 22.69, or 1.25 per cent, to 1.787.41.



decline in futures subsequently set off computerised sell programs in the underlying cash markets, depressing stocks

Equities may have been troubled, too, by the day's other main economic data - the 0.1 per cent rise in July retail sales. The increase was smaller that consumers remain reluc-

economy stumbles and the market remains labour

Among individual stocks, healthcare companies rebounded from Wednesday's big losses after the White House said that a document circulating around Wall Street, which was reportedly a draft of the Clinton administration's healthcare reform initiative, was a fake. The pronounce ment lifted HMO America \$1% to \$34/2, United Healthcare \$21/2 to \$55%, and US Healthcare, which is quoted on the Nasdag

Johnson & Johnson rose \$1/2 to \$361/2 as the stock rallied from losses incurred earlier in week when the company said it was eliminating 3,000 jobs as part of a cost-cutting programme. The share prices had started the day at a 52week low. Other drug stocks, however, succumbed to selling. T2 Medical plunged \$4% to

\$8% in volume of 1.6m shares after the company said that it would restate earnings for the first and second quarters after irregularities were discovered in the company's accounts.

TORONTO gave up a small early advance and by noon, the

UBS delights Swiss bank supporters

included reaction to the UBS results in Switzerland and the consolidation of overnight gains in Germany, writes Our Markets Staff.

ZURICH powered ahead after UBS unveiled a net profit rise of 89 per cent, confounding even the most optimistic estimates of around 50 per cent. The SMI index rose 39.3 or 1.6 per cent at to an all-time high of 2,450.0, amid broadly based buying by domestic and for-

UBS added SFr22 to SFr1,221 after a record intra-day high of SFr1 235 and the unheat mood spilled over to the other banks which are also due to report soon. SBC rose SFr14 to SFr478 and CS Holding was SF80

Among industrials, Sandoz registered shares added SFr115 to SFr3,165 as the group confirmed that it was expecting stronger second half

FRANKFURT incorporated Wednesday's post-bourse climb to 1.894.63 as the DAX index broke 1,900 to close 39,15, or 2.1 per cent higher at 1,904.95. It appeared to be going for a repeat performance yesterday afternoon as the the lbis-Indicated DAX approached 1,920, although it subsided ater to 1,908.76.

Turnover jumped from DM8.4bn to DM12.2bn. Mr James Cornish at NatWest Securities said that any time the market has faltered recently, American buyers have come in - compensating for potential currency losses the rising dollar by buying dollar-sensitive. German

One of Germany's super-sensitive stocks. Volkswagen, showed the American effect yesterday, rising DM15 to DM384.50 over the official session, and as high as DM399, 8 per cent up on the day in the post-bourse before easing to DM393. Other cyclical exporters like Daimler, engineers and steels showed up well, Thyssen in particular climbing DM12.50 DM218.

Mr Nigel Longley, at Com-merzbank, said that UK and, later, US buying yesterday left domestic traders effectively short. "They didn't have the shares to cope with US after-noon demand," he said.

index finished just 2.18 better, at a high for the year of 590.96. Ferruzzi and Montedison resumed trading after their

MILAN held up firmly for much of the session but some late profit-taking left shares off their best levels and the Comit

two-day suspension. Analysts believed that short covering

Actuaries Share Indices FT-SE THE BEFOREM SERVES Open 10.30 11.00 12.50 13.00 14.90 15.00 25000 Hourly changes 1280.44 1280.22 1280.44 1279.42 1278.91 1281.51 1282.50 1288.84 FT-SE Eurotrack 100 1353.13 1360.64 1359.91 1359.41 1357.28 1355.62 1361.42 1356.68 Aug 11 Aug 10 Aug 8 Aug 6 Aug 5 1261.80 1348.51 FT-SE Eurotrack 100 FT-SE Eurotrack 200 1354.98

Bate rakê 1920 (2670/10) Highway 128 - 1283.45, 200 - 1263 is London: 100 - 1270 60 200 - 126661 helped Ferruzzi to recoup a large part of its early losses to finish L120 or 28.5 per cent lower at L299. The shares were marked 75 per cent down at

L101 in early trading. Montedison feil 20 per cent at the opening, but finished L59.5, or 7.7 per cent lower at L710, its announcement of an increase in first-half operating profit giving support.

Olivetti, L56 higher at L2.115 and its parent, Cir. L70 higher at L1,700, were unable to maintain their best levels of the day. Both had gained strongly in recent days on renewe rumours that DEC of the US might want an increased Oli-

AMSTERDAM continued its record breaking run, but closed below its best in busy, volatile trading. The CBS Tendency index rose 1.3 to 128.40.

KLM set an intra day high

for the year of F138.90 after

lier peak of 2,179.04. Turnover stayed high at FFr5.6bit. Michelin, one of the week's strong performers, lost FFG 70 at FFr195.50. Gains remained in laggards like Club Mediter-

PARIS ended weaker after

setting a record intra-day high.

dealers blaming profit-taking as the CAC-40 index closed 5.52

lower at 2,161.87 after an ear-

rance and Eurodisney. un

Pisacoo for a two-day gain of 129 per cent; this time it was ollowed by Argentaria, Pta200 higher at Pta5,950. STOCKHOLM rallied after reporting a small rise in first quarter net profit. But profittaking trimmed the gain to Fl 1.00 at Fl 37.60. Fokker the central bank lowered its key interest rate by 25 basis closed FI 1.70 firmer at FI 23.00 points to 8.0 per cent. The on news of a US order. Hoogov-Affärsvärlden index rose 268, ens, the steel and aluminium

or 2.1 per cent to a year's high group, closed F11.20 lower at of 1.287.1 COPENHAGEN climbed in F150.10 after a wave of profitlively trading with exporters taking which pushed it to a benefiting from the lower low of F147.10. Continuing demand for cyclikrone and the KFX index rose 1.49 to 98.18. Novo Nordisk cals pushed Akzo, the che group, up Fi 3.40 to Fi 173.90 and KNP BT, the paper maker. eign investors took profits. FI 1.30 higher to FI 38.90.

slipped DKr2 to DKr545 as for-OSLO scared 3 per cent in record volume as hopes built up for lower interest rates. The all-share index jumped 1836 to 590.59 turnover of NKrl 14bn.

REUSSELS turned his sites tion to industrial stocks, and the market closed sharply higher but off morning record levels ofter some profits were taken. The Bel-20 index rose 15.83 or 1.2 per cent to 1,366.16

Foreign demand helps fuel Nikkei advance

Finland's hopes stay high after phenomenal gains

Christopher Brown-Humes on Helsinki's prospects

sk Finnish analysts whether the Helsinki stock market can continue its phenomenal performance and they will probably answer in the affirmative. Far from being overbought, they will say, many shares still look cheap on international comparisons and the fundamentals are still strong enough to ensure that any setbacks are only tem-

The Hex index closed another 40.2 higher yesterday at a new high of 1.426.0. 72 per cent up this year and comfortably more than double its 541 Its upward momentum is being fuelled by falling interest rates - the Bank of Finland yester day announced a half percentage point cut in base rates to 6.0 per cent - and the rapidly improving position of the coun-

try's leading exporters follow-

ing the sharp depreciation of

the markka in the last two

In addition, there has been heavy foreign buying following the relaxation of restrictions on foreign share ownership at the start of the year. The belief that the market has further to go stems from expectations of yet lower interest rates, hopes for a gradual recovery in the Finnish economy, and a belief that the earnings of leading Finnish exporters will improve

strongly in 1994 and 1995. Mr Kim Lindstrom, manag-ing director of UBF Fund Man-agement Ltd, believes that the Hex index will exceed its all-time high of 2,009, which it struck in April 1989, either next year or in 1995.

Mr Esko Haavisto, head of

Denmark (Finland (23 France (97)

Germany (55 Hong Kong (55 Ind (15)....

Maiaysia (6) Mexico (19).

lis-Osake-Pankki. though slightly more cautious, still expects the upward trend to hold firm. He believes that domestic investors were wrong-footed by a more than usually active summer trading session (shares rose by 10.7 per cent in July alones and that they have returned from their

holidays in a buying mood. The continued rise in the

index is the more extraordinary because of bleak conditions in the domestic economy. A recent forecast suggests that the Finnish economy will shrink 2 per cent this year, the third consecutive year of decline, and grow only slightly in 1994. But this only underlines the ambivalent nature of the Helsinki stock exchange. which is dominated by large exporting groups and has comparatively few companies, such as construction groups, which are exposed to the domestic sit-

Undoubtedly, some of the buying has had a speculative

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

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The World Index (2171)...... 165.99 +0.8 167.07 108.81 148.27 145.63 +0.7 2.20 164.63 164.98 108.86 146.20 144.67 165.99 137.32 133.51

than in the banking sector, which has risen by around 150 per cent this year in the face of the country's continued financial sector crisis. The downside risks are all too obvious, given that many of the country's main banks may not be back in profit until 1996.

More generally, the market remains subject to nervousness about developments in its eastern neighbour, Russia. And there are fears about squabbles on the political front at home either because the government is unable to agree its budget in the current environment of because ti autumn's wage round proves difficult. There are fears that workers will demand big pay rises because of the improving performance of the export companies, but the ability of domestically-orientated groups to increase wages is almost non-existent

A final factor which could unsettle the market is evidence that corporate profits are not ted, given that analysts are already valuing companies on their prospects in 1994 and

Investment Research, for example. is expecting net profits of Finnish companies (excluding banks) to rebound to a FM911m surplus this year from a FM6.65bn loss last year, before moving ahead to a FM5.83bn profit next year. This could prove a tall order in the current international recession, at a time of more volatile currency movements, notwithstanding a 23 per cent rise in

 2.78
 183.87
 184.25
 121.56
 163.26
 183.87
 188.27

 3.07
 148.75
 149.06
 98.35
 132.09
 144.44
 150.80

 1.37
 172.03
 172.39
 113.75
 152.76
 180.07
 174.96

 1.04
 161.42
 161.76
 106.73
 143.34
 111.24
 164.93

 1.83
 156.10
 156.43
 103.21
 138.61
 124.93
 158.09

 2.78
 180.36
 180.74
 119.27
 160.18
 179.47
 182.38

 2.55
 129.48
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 85.63
 115.00
 123.80
 131.01

 3.06
 196.75
 197.16
 130.11
 174.73
 180.97
 196.92

 1.86
 156.50
 156.82
 103.48
 138.97
 126.99
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 2.03
 163.18
 163.52
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 141.15
 164.55

 2.87
 170.59
 170.64
 126.09
 151.23
 167.10
 171.18

 2.87
 170.29
 170.64
 112.60
 151.23
 167.10
 171.18

Exporters were hurt, and energy-related issues lifted by the higher yen. Matsushita ACTIVE buying by foreign investors boosted volume, and Electric Industrial fell Y30 to Y1,370. Sony by Y60 to Y4,370 share prices gained marginal and Toyota Motor by Y40 to ground on purchases of large-Y1,610; but Tokyo Electric capital and telecommunica-Power rose Y70 to Y3,820 and tions-related issues, writes Cosmo Oil by Y27 to Y927.

Estate Y10 to Y1,100.

ume of 76.5m shares. Traders

said that volume rose as inves-

tors realised profits ahead

of the September book

Emiko Terazono in Tokyo. The Nikkei average gained 32.71 to 20.765.28, rising for the fourth consecutive day. It saw a day's high of 20,939.39 in early trading, but profit-taking brought it to a low of 20,708.47 in the afternoon.

Volume jumped from 379m to 500m shares, its highest since June 11. Traders noted heavy buying by US mutual funds, shifting capital from US treasury bonds. Winners led losers by 665 to 314 with 183 unchanged, the Topix index of all first section stocks rose 5.95 to 1.686.18 and, in London, the ISE Nikkei 50 index rose 1.44 to 1,283.74.

kets supported sentiment; conversely, the continued strength of the yen prompted some for-The dollar closed down Y0.40 at Y103.37, falling to a record low of Y103.20 in the afternoon.

Some market participants were encouraged by the large number of bids accepted for the state owned East Japan Railway share auction. The JNR Settlement received a total of 18,670 bids, 14,508 from individuals and 4,162 from corporations. Successful bidders will be selected on August 26. with the public offering priced fixed on August 30.

Nippon Steel, the most active issue, rose Y13 to Y383 on buying by overseas investors.

SOUTH AFRICA

GOLD shares failed to respond to a bullion price which firmed during the day, leaving the 1,763, its lowest level since late June. Industrials added 3 to 4,571 and the overall index dipped 11 to 4,031.

Roundup

PACIFIC Rim markets turned in mostly positive performances, Bangkok was closed for a public holiday. AUSTRALIA soared to a

fresh post-1987 crash high after Continued hopes of a hous-Channel Seven's debut boosted sentiment. The All Ordinaries ing tax cut buoyed related stocks. Misawa Homes gained index closed up 12.3 at 1,873.3. Y40 to Y1,240, Daiwa House Channel Seven closed at Y20 to Y1,680 and Mitsubishi AS2.73 after listing at a 65 cent premium to the A\$2.00 issue In Osaka, the OSE average rose 136.66 to 22,762.22 in volprice in volume of 16.9m.

BOMBAY was sharply higher, in spite of stepping back from the day's best levels after mid-session profit-taking. The BSE index added 109.83 at

TAIWAN moved ahead after wave of late buying, with the mood remaining positive sheed of the ruling Matienalist Party's congress next week.
The weighted index wavered

narrowly all session before ending 25.71 points up at 4,140.75. Turnover was a moderate T\$17bn after Wednes NEW ZEALAND closed

firmer, following strength on overseas bourses and to a par-tial bounce in Telecom. The NZSE-40 capital index ended 5.41 higher at 1.888.82, but off its intraday high of Telecom firmed 6 cents to

ecal investors turned their issue after taking profits on the numbrished J.G. Summit The market index rose 4.01 to

PLDT and Philippine cional Bank each rose 10 pasos to 1,106 pesos and 337.50 perce while J.C. Summit fin-ished at 7 perces, up from **Wednesday's** 6.80 pesos.

HONG KONG had a fistless day with second line China-re lated stocks continuing to dom inate dealings amid a luit among blue chins. The Hang Seng index was 18.06 lower at 7,889.55 after opening up 54 points on London and New York's record highs overnight

All the securities have been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only. New Issue, August 1993



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